# Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIV. PITTSBURGH, THURSDAY, JANUARY 28, 1869. NUMBER 27.


## FIRST EDITION.

TWELVE O'CLOCK M.

## HARRISBURG.

**Proceedings of the Legislature—Bill to Prohibit Supreme Court or Prothonotaries from Exercising Jurisdiction in Naturalization Cases—Tax on Anthracite Coal—Protection of Insane Persons—Protest Against Congress Incorporating Railroads—Militia Organization — Retrenchment in State Departments—Constitutionality of Repeal of Tax on Real Estate—Tax Due by Counties—Eleventh District Contested Election Case—Bradford County Divorce Case—Bills Passed Finally.**

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HARRISBURG, January 27, 1869.

SENATE.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

By Mr. ERRETT: Supplement for Jones' Ferry Company, authorising them to make another landing; prohibiting the Supreme Court or Prothonotaries to exercise jurisdiction in naturalization cases.

By Mr. DAVIS: For additional Law Judge in the Twenty-third Judicial District.

By Mr. HENSZEY: Relative to elections in Philadelphia.

By Mr. RANDALL: Supplement to the ninth section of the act of 1868, relative to taxes on corporations, increasing the tax on anthracite coal imposed in said section.

By Mr. WHITE: For the better protection of persons charged with being insane.

By Mr. WALLACE: Joint resolution protesting against Congress incorporating any railways within this Commonwealth.

By Mr. BURNETT: Providing for the enrollment of the militia, organization and discipline of the National Guard of Pennsylvania, and for the public defence.

Mr. WHITE introduced a resolution instructing the Committee on Retrenchment and Reform to examine into the manner of conducting the business of the several departments of the State government, with a view to ascertain if the administration cannot be reduced, to report by bill or otherwise. Adopted.

By Mr. ERRETT: Resolution requesting the Attorney General to communicate his opinion whether the act of February 23d, 1866, repealing all tax on real estate for State purposes is constitutional, so far as the same may be construed to repeal the tax of one-half mill imposed by act of 1861, the proceeds of which were pledged to the extinguishment of the loan for arming the State, authorized by act of 1861; and, if unconstitutional, what legal steps are necessary to continue in force said act of 1861. Adopted.

RETRENCHMENT IN DEPARTMENTS.

Senator WHITE, in introducing his resolution instructing the Committee on Retrenchment and Reform to investigate with a view to cutting down departmental expenses, without being invidious, thinks among other things too much money is spent in the Adjutant General's Department, and that it ought to be put on a peace footing as to salaries and clerkships.

PASTING AND FOLDING.

The Senate Retrenchment Committee, after examination, say that the Senate expenses for pasting and folding this year will not amount to more than Rauch & Cochran offered to contract for.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

TAX DUE BY COUNTIES.

The SPEAKER presented a tabular statement from the Auditor General of the amount of taxes due by each county to the Commonwealth.

CONTESTED ELECTION CASE.

Mr. STRANG presented the report of the Contested Election Committee in the case of William M. Bunn, Republican, against Daniel Witham, Democratic member from the Eleventh (Philadelphia) District, in favor of Bunn, who was sworn in.

Mr. DAVIS, Philadelphia, introduced a bill paying Mr. Witham for the whole session. Passed finally.

DIVORCE CASE.

Nearly the whole session was occupied in discussing the bill divorcing Elliott Hurlburt and Olivia, his wife, of Bradford. Passed finally.

PASSED FINALLY.

The supplement, from the Senate, for the Erie Marine Hospital, passed finally; also, a bill for the protection of livery stable keepers in Lawrence county.

## THE CAPITAL.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, January 27, 1869.

VIRGINIA RECONSTRUCTION.

C. H. Whittlesey, editor of the Richmond *Journal*, testified before the Reconstruction Committee to-day that he opposed the plan of the Virginia Committee of Nine for the restoration of that State into the Union, and considered it inexpedient at present to relieve the judicial officers in Virginia from political disabilities.

THE PEABODY MEDAL.

The President sent to Congress to-day the correspondence between Secretary Seward and George Peabody, relative to the gold medal presented to him by order of Congress. Mr. Peabody therein says: "Cherishing, as I do, the sincerest affection for my country, it is not possible for me to feel more grateful than I do for this precious memorial of its regard."

OHIO RIVER BRIDGES.

The Committee on Roads and Canals heard witnesses to-day as to whether the bridges over the Ohio river are an obstruction to commerce.

## NEWS BY CABLE.

**The Maori Rebels in New Zealand Defeated in Battle—The Eastern Difficulty Still Unsettled—American Minister Dix Asserts American Sympathy for Greece—Religious Excitement in Spain—The Disaster to the French Steamer Periere.**

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, January 27—Mr. Earnest Jones, the well known radical politician, died yesterday. He had just been informally chosen by ballot over Milner Gibson, a liberal candidate, to succeed Mr. Berley, one of the present members of Parliament from Manchester, in case the latter should be unseated on a charge of bribery.

The directors of the Bank of Overend, Gurney & Co., have been held for trial in bonds of twenty thousand pounds each.

Official despatches have been received at the War Office from New Zealand They announce that a battle had taken place between the British troops and the Maori rebels at Poverty Bay, and that the latter were defeated with great loss in killed, wounded and prisoners. The victory has restored tranquility in that quarter of the colony.

DUBLIN, January 27.—A meeting of influential citizens was held here last night, at which resolutions were adopted urging the government to pardon the Fenian convicts.

MARINE NEWS.

HAVRE, January 27—Noon—The ship Alaska, with a cargo of cotton, from New Orleans, is on fire here, and will probable be totally destroyed. She is owned in Boston.

LONDON, January 27.—None of the first-class passengers on the Pereire were seriously injured by the recent accident. Three of the crew were killed, and the following second-class passengers: Mr. Callaghan, a Catholic priest; Mr. Fouhr, a Frenchman, and Mr. Falkenburg, a German. The Pereire encountered a fearful tempest a few days out from Brest, in the course of which a heavy sea broke over her, carrying away entirely her forward deck cabin, and inflicting other damage. She also sustained such injuries to her machinery as compelled her to put back to Havre under sail.

LONDON, January 27, 6:30 P. M.—All the additional information which up to this hour has been obtained of the disaster to the French steamer Pereire, is an assurance that none of the American passengers on board were killed or injured.

SPAIN.

MADRID, January 27.—The government has laid claim to all libraries, archives and works of art possessed by churches, as property of the State. It was while carrying out the orders of the Government that the Governor of Burgos was assassinated. This event caused intense excitement.

Violent demonstrations have been made by the people in this city against the Papal Nuncio, and the government has withdrawn its official recognition of his diplomatic power.

The Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral of Burgos have been arrested and imprisoned.

GREECE AND TURKEY.

LONDON, January 27.—The *Levant Times* publishes a rumor that Senator Nye, of Nevada, will succeed Mr. Morris as American Minister at Constantinople in March next.

The Greek Government will probably give in its adhesion to the conclusion of the Conference at Paris, but it is feared its signature will be accompanied by a reservation which can only tend to protract the difficulty with Turkey.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Jan. 27.—Gen. Dix, Minister of the United States, at a public banquet this evening, made a speech, in which he declared the cause of the Greeks was identical with the cause of liberty throughout the world, and he assured the people of Greece they had the sympathy of America.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, January 27.—*Evening*—Consols, 93¼. Five-Twenty bonds, 75⅝. Erie, 26½. Illinois, 92¾.

FRANKFORT, January 27.—*Evening.*—Bonds, 79¼@79¾.

PARIS, January 27.—*Evening.*—Bourse firm. Rentes, 70 francs, 25 centimes.

LIVERPOOL, January 27.—*Evening.*—Cotton firm; Middling Uplands, 4¾@4½; Orleans, 11⅝@11¾. Sales were made of 12,000 bush California white Wheat at 11s 7d; red western No. 2, 9s. 10d@10s. Western Flour, 26s.@26s. 6d. Corn: No. 2 mixed, 34s. 6d@35s; old, 34s.@34⅜s. New Oats, 3s. 6d. Barley, 58s. Peas, 44s. 6d. Pork, 92s. 6d. Beef, 105s. Lard, 76s. Cheese, 74s. Bacon, 58s. Common Rosin, 5s. 7d; fine, 16s. Spirits Petroleum buoyant at 9s; refined firm at 1s. 10d. Tallow, 47s. Turpentine is firmer but not higher.

LONDON, January 27.—*Evening.*—Tallow, 47s. 6d. Refined Petroleum is firm at 1s. 4d. Sugar buoyant and sells at 29s. 3d. Calcutta Linseed, 58s.

HAVRE, January 29.—*Evening.*—Cotton unchanged.

ANTWERP, January 27.—*Evening.*—Petroleum, 58½@59½ francs.

**Connecticut Democracy.**

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HARTFORD, January 27.—The Democratic State Convention was well attended. T. M. Waller, of New London, presided temporarily, and made a strong speech in favor of paying bonds in gold. Hon. J. C. Loomis, of Bridgeport, was elected permanent chairman. Resolutions were adopted ignoring the Tammany platform. Resolutions were also adopted in respect to the memory of T. H. Seymour. A speech was made by J. F. Babcock in support of the latter resolutions. The old ticket was renominated.

**West Virginia United States Senator.**

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WHEELING, W. Va., January 27.—At the Republican caucus to-day Gov. Boreman was unanimously nominated for United States Senator. No other nominations were presented.

## SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK A. M.

## FORTIETH CONGRESS.

[THIRD SESSION.]

**SENATE: Memorial for Phrenological Examination of Applicants for Revenue Appointments—Public Debt and Currency Bill Discussed—Speech by Mr. Sherman—Central Branch Pacific Railroad Bill Rejected. HOUSE: Suffrage Amendment and Bill Further Discussed — Substitutes Offered.**

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, January 27, 1869.

SENATE.

Mr. HOWE, to the great amusement of Senators, presented a memorial praying for the appointment of an able phrenologist to examine all candidates for Internal Revenue appointments, to see whether benevolence, conscientiousness, casualty and comparison be their most prominent protuberances, to the end that the Government may no longer suffer from the frauds now so common in that department. Referred to the Committee on Retrenchment and Reform.

Mr. CHANDLER introduced a bill to prevent the collection of illegal imports under color of State authority. Referred to Committee on Commerce.

Mr. HENDERSON introduced a bill to enable the Cherokee, Choctaw and Chickasaw Indians to become citizens of the United States. Referred to Committee on Judiciary.

Mr. MORGAN introduced a bill, which was referred to Committee on Judiciary, to designate a place of confinement for persons convicted of offenses against the laws of the United States.

Mr. TRUMBULL, from Committee on Judiciary, reported adversely on the joint resolution introduced by Mr. McCreery, proposing an amendment to the Constitution; also on Mr. Sumner's bill to enforce the provisions of the fourteenth amendment, and on Mr. Harris' bill, requiring the President, on application of the Governor or Legislature of North Carolina, South Carolina, Florida, Georgia, Alabama, Louisiana or Arkansas, to call out the militia, or to employ the forces of the United States to suppress insurrections.

Mr. TRUMBULL also reported a substitute for Mr. Stewart's bill to punish the crime of holding office in violation of the fourteenth amendment. It provides that any person who shall hereafter knowingly accept, or hold an office to which he is ineligible under third section of the said amendment, shall be deemed guilty of felony, and on conviction be imprisoned not more than five years and fined from one thousand to ten thousand dollars.

Mr. MORRILL, of Maine, from Committee on Appropriations, reported the Naval appropriation bill, with a slight amendment.

The expiration of the morning hour brought up the bill relating to the Central Pacific branch of the Union Pacific Railroad.

Mr. SHERMAN moved to postpone it to take up the bill in relation to public debt and currency, reported by him from Committee on Finance.

Messrs. MORTON and POMEROY supported the bill and Messrs. HOWARD, CORBETT and SUMNER opposed it. The latter called for the yeas and nays which were ordered and the motion carried by a vote of 32 to 26.

The public debt and currency bill being now before the Senate, Mr. DAVIS moved to re-commit and instruct the Committee to report in its stead another bill.

Mr. SHERMAN then addressed the Senate upon the bill reported by Committee on Finance, in which he discussed humorously the speech of Senator Morton on the finances, the President's recommendation on that subject, and the reports of the Secretary of the Treasury and Treasurer of the United States.

Mr. Sherman commenced by stating he appealed to no party to support this measure, yet all must recognize the difficulty of harmonizing the great diversities of opinions that exist on financial measures, except by a partial surrender of individual opinion and something like hearty support of any measure that may be agreed upon. He then proceeded to state the amount and character of our paper currency, which sums up seven hundred and forty-six millions of dollars, all of which is by law at par, yet one dollar of it has only the purchase power of seventy-four cents in gold. It seemed to him that we must, to begin with, abandon the attempt to reason from a false standard, and recognize the immutable law of currency, that there is but one par, and that is gold. He elaborated this idea at some length, citing in support thereof the acts of the Bank of England and of the British Parliament relative thereto, and events in the history of our own country during the revolution and war of 1812.

A distinction between the standard of value and the actual agent of exchange must always be kept in view. One must be gold and the other ought to be paper money, convertible into gold. Such paper currency, with proper measures to meet panics or extreme drains of specie, is proven by all experience to be the best possible currency that has yet been devised by man. An unmixed coin currency cannot exist in an economical country, for necessity will compel merchants to devise, and the people will use, some representative of money, whether it be bankers' bills of exchange, certificates of deposit, or bank or Government paper money, and one unbending, unrelaxing rule, that compels payment in coin at all times, during panics, distress or war, as well as in peace, will periodically produce disaster and bankruptcy.

The requisites of a good currency are: First, that it be a paper currency; second, that it be amply secured, either by the credit of a nation or by unquestioned collaterals; third, that except in cases of panic it be convertible into coin; fourth, that provision be made for a suspension of the right to demand coin during such panics.

The only legislative questions that can arise on these points are: whether the paper money should be issued by the nation or by corporators, and what relief shall be provided in case of a necessary suspension of specie payments. As to the first question, both England and the United States have settled upon a bank currency, secured by the public credit. As to the second, they have tried various devices, as the raising of the rate of interest, a temporary suspension of payments, making the paper a legal tender; but all these expedients are merely temporary, to bridge over a war or panic, period of starvation, or an unnatural adverse balance of trade. They are remedies in sickness, to be discarded the moment the health comes again. Whatever theorists may suggest, however sugar-coated the remedy be, there is but one test of a healthy paper currency, and that is its convertibility into gold coin. If, then, gold only is the true standard of money, shall we not commence our financial measures by restoring it to its place as a legal standard of money? Why not allow our citizens to base their future contracts on gold? Why not enforce these contracts in the court as legal and valid? There are difficulties in applying a new standard to existing contracts, made upon a different standard, but these difficulties does not apply to future contracts. We wish to restore specie payments, and yet we forbid all men from dealing in specie. Such contracts are put upon the same footing as gaming contracts. It would seem that, if we are at all sincere in wishing specie payments, we should not only promote specie contracts, but should encourage them. Contracts to a vast amount are now, from necessity, made upon a gold basis. All our foreign commerce, exports and imports, amounting annually to over $800,000,000, are based upon gold; the price of all public securities is fixed by the gold standard at London and Frankfort; the sale of all imported goods by the importer to the jobber is by the gold standard; the daily transactions in gold in New York often amount to one hundred millions; on the Pacific slope gold is the only standard of value. We cannot alter this if we would. Why not recognize the fact, legalize these contracts and conform our measures to the gradual adjustment of existing contracts, including paper money, to the standard of gold? And, sir, let me also recognize the general principle, that it is no wiser, or more in accordance with the spirit of our government, to leave this adjustment to voluntary contracts of the people, rather than undertake it by the arbitrary rules of law. If our people are left free, they can do this without injury to debtor or creditor, without confiscation of property, and without any change in the intrinsic value of property.

For these reasons, the Committee of Finance regard the first section of this bill, which legalizes gold contracts, as an indispensible preliminary to any plan for appreciating our currency to gold. All the provisions of the municipal law which protect contracts from fraud, usury or coercion, apply to them as well as to contracts in currency. It is only by restoring gold contracts you can safely avail yourself of all the multiplied uses of paper money. Then, and not until then, you can issue paper money based upon gold. The gold now lying idle in the Treasury may then be utilized, made to produce an interest by the issue of coin notes based upon it, and thus enter into actual circulation and gradually be made to perform all the uses of money now performed by depreciated currency.

This is the basis of the fourth section of the bill, which utilizes the gold by the issue of gold notes based upon it, and their application to the purchase of bonds and the reduction of interest. And the right to make contracts in gold may now safely and properly be extended to banks organized under the national banking system, upon a deposit of bonds. Existing banks, or new banks, may be authorized to issue gold notes equal to sixty-five per cent. of the value of the United States bonds deposited to secure their circulation. Their payment will be in coin, but in all other respects they may be subject to the general provisions and limitations of the banking act. Many of the banks, especially in commercial cities, will gladly avail themselves of such a provision to withdraw their present circulation and substitute gold notes, convertible on demand into coin. With such a provision, and on such a basis, the system may be free, and thus all the embarrassing question about inequality of distribution of the bank circulation avoided. A right conferred upon all, without limit as to amount, and upon regulations applicable to all, would at once secure to the South and West new banking facilities, and would rapidly tend to substitute coin or its equivalent for legal tender notes, and without the severe process of contraction. The objection made, that this would create two currencies of unequal value, applies as well to the present state of the currency, for we have now two currencies of unequal value, gold and legal tenders. If we are sincere in wishing specie payments, we must not only multiply the demand for coin. We must encourage coin contracts, issue coin notes, both by the United States and by the banks, and thus, without contraction, dispense with the use of inferior and depreciated currrency. The superior value of coin notes, their use in commercial cities, their convenience in gold producing States, will soon give higher credit and secure them in every part of the country. I am confident, under such a system, the national banks will, if allowed, and before specie payments are resumed, substitute coin notes for present circulation, and that, too, without diminishing the aggregate of circulation. Many of them have now reserves and profits enough to make the requisite deposit of additional bonds, and the gold certificates now issued from the Treasury might be used for their coin reserves without creating now demands for coin.

Mr. Sherman also argued, as a consideration in favor of the sections of this bill relating to gold contracts and gold notes, the doubt that rests upon the validity of the legal tender act. We must not forget that currency contracts depend, not upon the agreement of parties, but entirely upon the validity of that act. This has always been doubted, and is now contested before the Supreme Court. The legal tender act is only material as it affects existing contracts. Is it wise to continue a measure only justified by a grave public necessity, now when the necessity has passed? It may be that the Supreme Court will deny the validity of the legal tender act, or limit its operation to existing contracts, made since its passage. It may subject currency contracts to enforcement in coin. Is it not wiser to bridge over this uncertainty, by authorizing the adjustment of this matter between creditor and debtor, by funding a portion of United States notes, by requiring the banks to maintain their full reserves in legal tenders, by withdrawing the three per cent. certificates, and by the use of the gold in the Treasury? We could resume at once this process, might increase the bonded indebtedness of the United States $100,000,000, and the interest $5,000,000. but our revenues are ample in gold to pay the increased interest, and the actual saving in the current expenses of the government, by a reduction of prices to a gold standard, would be double, and perhaps quadruple, the increased interest. The body of our expenditure, being the interest of the public debt, is now payable in gold, and its burden is not increased by specie payments, while the saving in expenditures and the palpable saving by the funding of the debt at a lower interest, would largely exceed any interest we would have to pay on notes withdrawn from circulation. And if the burden of resumption fell alone upon the national banks, the task would be an easy one. Their securities, deposited with the Treasurer of the United States, are now nearly equal in gold to the amount of their circulation. A call under the banking act of ten per centum additional security could be easily met by the great body of them, and thus enable them to resume whenever the United States is prepared to resume. Their profits in the past have been large. These not now strong enough to perform the great object of their organization, namely, to furnish a uniform currency, convertible into gold, may well give way to other banks ready to take their places. But redemption by the banks means redemption by all their debtors, by the merchants, manufacturers and traders of the country. But it is not possible to take this voyage without sore distress to every person, except a capitalist out of debt, or to salaried officers or annuitants. It is a period of loss, danger, lassitude of trade, fall of wages, suspension of enterprise, bankruptcy or disaster to every railroad. It is an addition of at least one-third to the burden of the debt. More than that. Deduction from the value of stock. To every bank it means the necessity of paying one hundred and fifty dollars for every one hundred of its notes and deposits, except so far as the bank may transfer this to its debtors. It means the ruin of all dealers whose debts are twice their capital, though one-third less than their property. It means the fall of all agricultural productions, without any very great reduction of taxes. To attempt this task suddenly, by a surprise upon our people, by at once paralyzing their industry, by arresting them in the midst of lawful business, and applying a new standard of value to their property, without any reduction of their debt, or giving them an opportunity to compound with their creditors, or distribute their loss, would be an act of folly, without example in evil in modern times. Our power over the creditor is unlimited. We may levy taxes upon him to any amount, but we have no power to vary a contract or to add to the burden of an existing debt.

The question then remains, what amount of appreciation of value of greenbacks will operate the least injuriously to all sound business interests of our constituents. And upon this point your Committee, after the most careful consideration, came to the conclusion that the only and best plan was to allow them to be funded, at the pleasure of the holders, into interest-bearing bonds of the United States. In designating the bond we have selected that now familiar to the people, the 10-40 bond. The market value of this bond is now but slightly above that of legal tenders, so that the process of appreciation of the notes will be slow, and will only advance with the improving credit of the country. It is a bond bearing as low a rate of interest as we are likely to negotiate, and yet of such intrinsic value that we may hope to see it par with gold within a short period. It enables us, after ten years, to take advantage of the money market to still further reduce the interest. Its credit is supported by a permanent appropriation, from an ample fund, sufficient without further act of Congress to pay off every dollar of the debt in twenty-five years.

The proposition in the bill to substitute coin notes for legal tender notes, as the latter are retired, by voluntary conversion into bonds, is an attempt of the Committee on Finance, in deference to a vote of the Senate at the last session, to effect the same object, namely, to guard against a too rapid contraction of the currency. I must, however, insist upon my conviction that the time to guard against both undue expansion and contraction, while specie payments are suspended, is to allow the public creditor, whether note holder or bondholder, to freely exchange one for the other without any limitation, except that the aggregate of circulation should not exceed the United States notes now outstanding, and this aggregate may be gradually reduced as specie payments are resumed. If the Senate shall agree with this opinion, by adopting the amendment of the Senator from New Jersey, (Mr. Cattell,) then some changes will have to be made in the fourth section. If, however, the Senate still opposes this mutuality of conversion, then the substitution of coin notes should precede. The cancellation of greenbacks, or a reservation of legal tenders should be maintained by the Secretary of the Treasury, to be issued at his direction.

Mr. Sherman concluded by stating briefly the reasons why other propositions submitted to the Committee had not been approved.

On motion of Mr. MORTON, the bill was then postponed, and that relating to the Central Branch of the Union Pacific Railroad taken up, the pending amendment being that offered by Mr. Conkling yesterday.

Mr. CONKLING modified the amendment by striking out the clause fixing the point at which the Central Branch road shall unite with the Smoky Hill road.

The amendment was voted upon and lost.

Mr. PATTERSON, N. H., offered an amendment declaring the subsidy should not exceed $200,000. Lost—yeas 25 nays 27.

Mr. MORRILL, of Vermont, offered an amendment providing that the interest on the bonds authorized by this bill to be issued should not exceed five per cent. in currency. Lost.

The bill was then read a third time and rejected by the following vote:

*Yeas*—Messrs. Abbott, Cragin, Doolittle, Drake, Ferry, Fessenden, Fowler, Harlan, Hendricks, Howard, McDonald, Morrell, (Me.) Morton, Norton, Nye, Pomeroy, Ramsay, Rice, Ross, Sawyer, Sumner, Thayer, Van Winkle, Welch, Wilson.

*Nays*—Messrs. Anthony, Buckalew, Conkling, Conness, Davis, Dixon, Edmunds, Frelinghuysen, Harris, Henderson, Howe, McCreery, Morgan, Morrill, (Vt.) Patterson, (N. H.) Patterson, (Tenn.) Poole, Robertson, Sherman, Stewart, Trumbull, Vickers, Wade, Warner, Whyte, Willey and Williams.

Mr. MORTON moved to again take up the currency bill.

Mr. CONKLING moved to hold an executive session, and Mr. CAMERON to adjourn, which latter motion prevailed.

Adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The House resumed the consideration of Mr. Lynch's bill to provide for the resumption of specie payment.

Mr. SCHOFIELD addressed the House.

On motion of Mr. SCHENCK, it was agreed to hold evening sessions in Committee of the Whole for general debate.

Mr. WASHBURNE urged the House to come to some understanding relative to the public business, saying the indications yesterday were that it was not disposed to touch appropriations at all.

The SPEAKER recapitulated the business that was pressing on the attention of the House.

After some discussion a motion to reconsider the vote referring the resumption of specie payment bill to the Committee on Banking was tabled, and the bill remains committed.

The Constitutional Amendment and bill relating to suffrage were postponed until after the morning hour, with substitutes offered therefor by Messrs. Bingham, Shellabarger and Ward.

Mr. Bingham's substitute is as follows: "No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge or deny to any citizen of the United States, of sound mind and over twenty-one years of age, the equal exercise of the elective franchise at all elections in the State wherein he shall have actually resided for a period of one year next preceding such election, except such of said citizens as shall hereafter engage in rebellion or insurrection, or who may have been or shall be duly convicted of treason or other crime of the grade of felony at common law."

The substitute of Mr. Shellabarger is in nearly similar terms as that of Mr. Bingham, except that Mr. Shellabarger permits the disfranchisement of those who have engaged in rebellion, while Mr. Bingham only permits the disfranchisement of those who may hereafter engage in rebellion.

The substitute of Mr. Ward, like that of Mr. Shellabarger, applies to those who have been engaged in rebellion, and restricts the States from fixing the terms of residence required of voters at longer than one year.

The House then took up, as the business of the morning hour, the bill reported yesterday relating to the operations of the pension laws.

The second section of the bill, which directs the withdrawal of pensions from female pensioners who are living a life of prostitution or concubinage met with much opposition.

Mr. INGERSOLL moved to strike it out, and Mr. SCHENCK characterised it as one of the most monstrous and disgraceful propositions he ever seen in any bill, inasmuch as it professes to make the Court of Pensions the judge of the morals and virtue of the widows of the soldiers of the Republic, and required them to prove a negative.

Mr. INGERSOLL took a like view of the section, which he declared would be a disgrace to the statute-book and an outrage to widows of soldiers.

After further disussion, Mr. ARNELL moved to lay the bill and amendments on the table. Rejected—47 to 67.

Mr. PERHAM moved the previous question, which the House refused to second.

The morning hour having expired, the bill went over till the next morning hour.

The House then took up the Constitutional amendment and the bill in relation to Suffrage, reported by Mr. Boutwell, from the Committee on Judiciary, and was addressed by Mr. ELDRIDGE in opposition to them. He argued that the right to control elections and suffrage was in the respective States, not in Congress. The powers, and rights, and liberties of the States, and of the people, did not come down from Congress or from the Federal Government. There were some powers with which Congress had not been invested. Congress could not determine just how much liberty the people should enjoy. All the powers of the Federal Government came from the States and from the people. Congress never had, and never could have rightful authority to exercise any power not given to it by the Constitution. The exercise of any other powers was rank usurpation. He criticised Mr. Boutwell's appeal to partisanship, and asked, where had the Republican party derived the power to reorganize the States that did not rebel? In his judgment the Republican members of the House could not force this measure upon the country without covering the party with another dishonor, or without a shameful violation of party pledges and party faith. How many States would the Republican party have carried at the last election with such a measure inscribed upon the platform? Where would have been Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana? Such a measure would alone have defeated the Republican candidates for President and Vice President, with all their great personal popularity. He was sorry that his distinguished colleague of the Committee (Mr. Boutwell) had not been able to base his proposition on the Constitution and law, instead of appealing to the bare interests of party.

The subject was then passed over for the day.

On motion of Mr. STOVER, an allowance of one year's pay as Representative was made to Mr. Switzeler, who contested the seat of Mr. Anderson, of Missouri.

The House went into Committee of the Whole, Mr. Schenck in the chair, and resumed the consideration of the Legislative Appropriation Bill.

A discussion in reference to the pay of the clerk of the Committee on Public Lands brought out Mr. WASHBURNE, of Illinois, who declared that if the constituents of members could know of their extravagance, he believed they would come down and run them into the Potomac. [Laughter.] What were the figures of the expenses of the House? He would tell them: Capital police, $65,000; clerks, $80,000; Sergeant-at-Arms, $6,000; Postoffice, $20,000; laborers, $16,000; folding room, $60,000; doorkeepers, $44,000; clerks to committees,

(Continued on Eighth Page.)

# The Pittsburgh Gazette.

[From "Froth and Dregs."]

## WORK FOR THE WEALTHY.

BY WILD EDGERTON.

Is thy Bark gilded and gracefully moulded,
Anchors it safe in the bay?
Sit ye no dreaming with idle hands folded,
*Others* are drifting away!

Is it good fortune's tide gives thy bark motion,
Slumber the waves around thee?
Help, then, the ships on a storm-driven ocean,
Rescue the sinking at sea!

Living in selfishness, living in pleasure,
Courting the fair and the bright;
Miserly clutching superfluous treasure—
This is not living aright.

Lift thou the fallen, and charity give,
Toil for *Humanity's* gain—
This it is nobly and truly to live,
And not to live in vain.

WADDEING, January, 1862.

## EPHEMERIS.

—Ezra Cornell is 62 years old.

—Mt. Sinai is being scientifically surveyed.

—Booth's new theatre is not yet completed.

—New York is to have a new $150,000 hospital.

—There are boy choirs in twelve New York churches.

—Ten for a cent is the price of oysters at Pensacola, Fla.

—Jeff. Davis and Slidell dined together on New Year's day.

—Mrs. Cady Stanton is now down upon Newman Hall.

—In London, sensation writers advertise themselves to let.

—John Allen has re-appeared, this time as a Son of Temperance.

—Alpine hats are no longer considered swell in New York.

—Four and a half street in Washington has become Lincoln Avenue.

—The United States uses daily, about one million of postage stamps.

—Chicago wants to borrow four millions of dollars for improvements.

—A statue to the memory of Henry Gratton is to be erected in Dublin.

—The twentieth anniversary of a wedding is now called the China wedding.

—A big baloon in New York is to cross the ocean with a French aronaut.

—Lotta is away down in New Orleans pleasing the people with her piquant playing.

—The music in Rev. Edward Everett Hale's church in Boston costs $5,000 a year.

—New York has a boarding house into which neither children nor pianos are admitted.

—The Mobile Councils talk of supplying each of their fire companies with a velocipede.

—It takes four days for a letter from New York to go to Brooklyn through the postoffice.

—Bishop Grace, a Roman Catholic prelate, has enjoined his people from using Planchette.

—New York will have to pay $30,000,000 for the proposed bridge across the East river.

—The new Senator from Indiana is a man of weight. A man of about four hundred weight.

—The Grecian army is composed of eleven thousand regulars and thirty-five thousand reserves.

—Walter Brown has a new boat thirty feet seven inches long which weighs but twenty-four ponds.

—The Duke of Alba has become bankrupt. He is brother-in-law of the Empress of the French.

—An American Club has been started in Rome and is successful. Members pay ten dollars a month.

—The Count of Flanders is now heir apparent to the throne of Belgium which his brother occupies.

—Up at Lake Memphremagog the mercury has stood at twenty-six degrees below zero this winter.

—The Holman opera troupe has turned up again, this time in Chicago, doing French Opera Bouffe in English.

—A one-legged soldier and a one-armed sailor have gone into partnership in the hand organ business in New York.

—All the world would do well to go to the Cornell University, as it costs but eighty-three cents a day to live there.

—The Mormons object to religious interference, and recently arrested an Episcopal Missionary while holding service.

—A scientific man of ingenuity wants to contract to keep the Hudson river from freezing, by sinking artesian wells along the channel.

—The Illinois Insane Asylum has six hundred and twenty-three patients, only one dozen of whom have gone mad from disappointed love.

—The candid *Pall Mall Gazette* says: "Every prediction that we have ever yet seen on the course of American affairs has turned out to be wrong."

—On the 7th inst., London had a fog so dense that navigation on the Thames had to be stopped and business in the City was not interfered with.

—From the year 1778 to June 30th, 1869, it is estimated that our Government will have spent $107,137,686 in the care and protection of the Indians.

—English Parliament will reassemble on February 16th, when it is supposed that Queen Victoria will in person deliver the speech from the throne.

—A white person died a natural death recently in the Yo Semite Valley. This being the first instance of the kind on record the sensation was marked.

—The very dramatic and thrilling story about Miss Reno's vendetta oath over her brother's corpse is said to have been the invention of a cheerful reporter.

—At Lubec, Me., last Monday evening, Mr. Edwin Young was tripped up by a boy coasting, and falling on the back of his head was so badly hurt that he died in about two hours.

—A meerschaum pipe, two hundred and eighty years old, is owned in Worcester, Massachusetts. It can not have been smoked much or it would have been smoked out long ago.

—Booth opens his new theatre next Monday. In olden times one looked for buffoonery and tinsel in booths, but now all lovers of the drama hope to find the height of excellence in Booth's.

—In a paper recently read before the New York Medical Society, the author asserts that cheerful society at meals greatly aids digestion, there being a sympathetic influence between the stomach and brain.

—Years ago Brigham Young was fined ten dollars in Cincinnati for threatening a man with the vengeance of Heaven. Brigham's defence was that the man had insulted him by asserting that he favored polygamy.

—Belle Boyd nearly murdered a stage manager the other day, she drew a knife on him, but he having become confident that it was a dagger that he saw before him, suddenly decided to leave it behind him and did so.

—Secretary Seward wants to travel and talks of going across the Continent. If he would visit his various actual and proposed purchases of property he would have a fine jaunt, quite traveling enough for his aging bones.

—A lively vendetta is in progress in Lafayette county, Miss. The trouble arose about the renewal of a note for $2,500, and now half the whole neighborhood is hunting the other half, and three or four men have been killed.

—A gentleman connected with one of the largest business firms in St, Louis recently called at a newspaper office and left a $600 advertisement. He said that he had dreamed the night before that he had done so, and he felt that he ought to follow out the suggestion of his dream.

—It looks as if Congress was going to award a pension of $5,000 to the widow of the great President. As his widow, she is entitled to every consideration and respect that a grateful and sorrowing country is capable of. As Mrs. Lincoln, she deserves not even a passing notice.

—By the death of the Hon. and Rev. John Fortescue, Canon of Worcester Cathedral, four days ago, half a dozen leading aristocratic families are placed in mourning, and a valuable piece of church patronage falls to Mr. Gladstone's disposal—the first since his succession to the Premiership.

—A sensible English judge lately instructed a jury to give moderate damages in a breach of promise case, because it was a most mischievous thing to "frighten a man into marrying a woman he did not like by heavy damages. It is much better for the girl that he should find out his dislike before than after marriage."

—An exchange asks us to believe this yarn: A child of Mr. Theodore Hendrix, of Westfield, Connecticut, got a kernel of corn in his nose some weeks since, and its parents failed to get it out. A few days since the child was taken to a physician, who administered choloroform and extracted the corn, which had sprouted and grown three-quarters of an inch.

—The Philadelphia *Ledger* says: The following vessels cleared from this port last week with petroleum: Bark Idolique, for London, with 116,912 gallons; bark Harmony, for Antwerp, with 44,852 do; brig Given, for Halifax, with 14000 do, making a total of 162,764 gallons since the first of January. Five barks and two brigs are now loading for foreign parts.

—A writer in the New York *Commercial Advertiser* says of Horace Greely: "He may go on humbugging the unsophisticated that he is an honest man and a political saint, but he will never be able to make the writer of this article believe he is anything else than a first-class fraud and hypocrite." This must make Horace feel dreadfully, but he has such command of his feelings that probably no one will ever find it out.

—A popular edition of the poetical translation of Dante by King John of Saxony has been called for and is to be published. The English papers say, with what must be regarded as a squint at their Queen: "Contrary to the rule in the case of royal authors, His Majesty has produced a work which is considered excellent and deserves the esteem in which it is held in Germany.

—So many pretty things have been said about mercy that almost every President or Governor tries his hand in a little of the divine quality. It is a nice thing to pardon, the Governor who does it and the culprit who receives it as well as some of his friends all enjoy it, but pardoning has gotten to be so universal that three or four years in a gaol is the most that the severest sentence amounts to with a criminal who has any influence or friends. Whisky operators, murderers, coiners, forgers, all are treated alike with equal mercy, but if the various executives would reflect, they would find the mercy itself to be but a feigned one, for while enjoyed by the recipient it turns loose into society a lot of whisky poisoners and other trash for which society is rarely grateful.

A GENTLEMAN was speaking at a dinner party at which were assembled several brilliant conversationalists. He said that, though not professing to be a man of "infinite jest" at table, he was, nevertheless, "a good, square feeder." To which a thin bystander, "whose name was Van, replied, "I suppose, too, then, if not a man of infinite *jest*, you may fairly consider yourself a man of infinite *digest!*"

### Christmas Festivities in Hungary.

A correspondent of the London *Times* gives a lively account of the Christmas festivals of the Hungarian people. He says the principal thing is to pass the time merrily, and that Christmas, New Year and Twelfth Night are thrown, as it were, into one pot, and form one long holiday for the pleasant meetings, games and mummeries.

"One of the great features of these festivals are the representations of the Nativity and of the Adoration of the Magi. Not long ago, even in the capital, you could meet in the evening, at this time of year, bands of mummers going about from house to house and exhibiting their art. But it was not in the capital that you must look anywhere to study such old popular customs, but in the country, and in the country towns, where the trade of these itenerant bands flourishes now as briskly as ever. But these exhibitions have not the faintest resemblance to those ponderous, well-prepared mysteries which still exist in some German places. It is more a humorous travestie coupled with improvisations on local affairs. From beginning to end good humor pervades them, so that were it not for a certain *bonhommie*, you might call it a satire. The object is simply to amuse by drolleries and extempore songs. The mixture of the serious and comic is incredibly ludicrous.

"Just fancy, for instance, a hussar, or liveried Hungarian servant, entering gravely, bowing and asking for permission to introduce to the company the Archangel Gabriel and the shepherds. Then, when the permission is given, the *dramatis personæ* are duly presented once more, and begin their play. The shepherds begin their conversation, which almost alw ays consists in joking and quizzing each other, perverting the Latin texts in their own way, and immediately after singing a pious, simple song, calling on each others to go and worship the Babe; or else you may see the shepherds asleep, and the Archangel coming in and belaboring them to rouse them from their sleep, and frightening the lazy by telling them the fib that their sheep have strayed.

"Even more amusing are, perhaps, the representatives of the Magi, who like the Athenian boors in Shakespeare's "Midsummer Night's Dream," carry their lantern to represent the star which leads them to the mangaer. According to time-honored custom, one of the three is black, and he is the butt of the company, whose questions and answers are an unceasing play on words and meanings."

### Velocipedestrianism.

Two schools, or academies, (we are getting above the use of so common a word as school,) for instruction in the use of the velocipede, are now open in New York. Each school has three classes—one for beginners, one for those who can ride without tumbling every few minutes, and one for those who are nearly ready to make their debut in the street. These schools are well patronized, and the managers are making money. When the roads harden after the spring thaws, the velocidestrians will infest every highway and byway. Already we hear of some clerks and merchants making their way down town in the morning on velocipedes, and by next May we shall meet them coming in from the country in the same fashion. At least 10,000 men who do business in New York live in the suburbs, and it costs them from fifty to two hundred dollars a year to come in and go out during the summer. They can save money by buying velocipedes, which cost from $65 to $150 each and will soon be cheaper, learning to ride them, and then travelling on their own steeds. The number of velocipedes now in use in New York is about two hundred and fifty, and in a few months it will be increased to two thousand. The demand for them is so great that the manufacturers have more orders on hand than they can fill in two months. One manufacturer is now at work on an improvement that will enable the rider to drive his vehicle with less than half the fatigue attending the present mode. The three-wheeled velocipede for ladies has not yet been brought out, but it will be forthcoming in time for the summer hegira. Ladies would not care to be seen on velocipedes in the city at present, but when they go in the country they will mount them without fear, and by the time they come back perhaps they won't be so bashful.

GIRLS, says *Every Saturday*, are awfully jealous of each other. Wo should call this the girl's distinctive fault. See them when they are introduced, or when they first meet at a ball or croquet party; see how coldly critical they look at each other, how insolently their eyes rove every portion of their rival's dress; read in their faces the outspoken scorn as the result of their scrutiny: "You think you have done it very well, but you have made a fright of yourself, and I am much better than you." Watch their disdain of the mode admired among them, and how excessively naughty for attracting so much attention they think the Ada or Amy about whom the young men cluster. How bold she is!—how overdressed she is!—how affected she is!—and, oh! how ugly she is! Sometimes, if they are deep, they will overpraise her enthusiastically; but the ruse is generally too transparent to deceive any one, and simply counts for what it is—a clever feint that doesn't answer. It is quite a study to watch the way in which girls shake hands together, or take hands in dances. The limp, cool, impertinent way in which they just touch palms, then let their arms fall as if paralyzed, tells a volume to those able to read the lettering.

SEWING SILK it is asserted, is not only adulterated in quality, but the purchasers are also defrauded in respect to the weight and length. The adulteration of silk, put up by weight it is reported, is practiced in the dye house. Twelve ounces of the boiled material are sent to the dyer, who adds a quarter of a pound of a gummy resin called "cutch" and sometimes sugar of lead. This latter is largely used in black skein silks sold by the ounce. By these means the dyers manage to return the silk to the manufacturer as heavy as sixteen ounces for twelve received, and often as high as eighteen ounces on machine silk, and over twenty ounces to the pound on black skein. Out of twenty spools of sewing silk recently purchased in New York to be tested, eight being deficient in length, one of them being thirty-eight yards short of one hundred.

THE nephew of Thaddeus Stevens, who was to have $100,000 of the Great Commoner's wealth, if he abstained ten years from liquor and tobacco, or would be obliged to surrender it to the orphans of soldiers if he indulged, says he will not rob the poor orphans.—*Village Record.*


DENTISTRY

TEETH EXTRACTED

WITHOUT PAIN!

NO CHARGE MADE WHEN ARTIFICIAL TEETH ARE ORDERED, A FULL SET FOR $8,

AT DR. SCOTT'S.

675 PENN STREET, 3D DOOR ABOVE HAND.

ALL WORK WARRANTED. CALL AND EXAMINE SPECIMENS OF GENUINE VULCANITE. mv9:d&T

GAS FIXTURES

WELDON & KELLY,

Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

Lamps, Lanterns, Chandeliers,

AND LAMP GOODS.

Also, CARBON AND LUBRICATING OILS,

BENZINE, &c.

No. 147 Wood Street.

se9:n22 Between 5th and 6th Avenues.

FRUIT CAN TOPS.

We are now prepared to supply TINNERS and the Trade with our Patent

SELF-LABELING

FRUIT CAN TOP.

It is PERFECT, SIMPLE and CHEAP. Having the names of the various fruits *Stamped* upon the *Cover*, radiating from the center, and an *Index* or pointer stamped upon the Top of the can. It is clearly, distinctly and PERMANENTLY LABELED by merely placing the name of the fruit the can contains opposite the pointer and sealing in the customary manner.

No preserver of fruit or good HOUSEKEEPER will use any other after once seeing it.

Send 25 cents for sample.

COLLINS & WRIGHT,

139 Second avenue, Pittsburgh.

PIANOS, ORGANS, &C.

BUY THE BEST AND CHEAPEST PIANO AND ORGAN.

Schomacker's Gold Medal Piano,

AND ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN.

The SCHOMACKER PIANO combines all the latest valuable improvements known in the construction of a first class instrument, and has always been awarded the highest premium exhibited. Its tone is full, sonorous and sweet. The workmanship, for durability and beauty, surpass all others. Prices from $50 to $150, (according to style and finish,) cheaper than all other so-called first class Piano.

ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN

Stands at the head of all reed instruments, in producing the most perfect pipe quality of tone of any similar instrument in the United States. It is simple and compact in construction, and not liable to get out of order.

CARPENTER'S PATENT "VOX HUMANA TREMOLO" is only to be found in this Organ. Price from $100 to $550. All guaranteed for five years.

BARR, KNAKE & BUETTLER,

No. 14 ST. CLAIR STREET.

PIANOS AND ORGANS—An entire new stock of

KNABE'S UNRIVALLED PIANOS;
HAINES BROS., PIANOS;
PRINCE & CO'S ORGANS AND MELODEONS and TREAT, LINSLEY & CO'S ORGANS AND MELODEONS.

CHARLOTTE BLUME,

de8 43 Fifth avenue, Sole Agent.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

B. TIEGEL,

(Late Cutter with W. Hespenheide,)

MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 53 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.

se26:r21

NEW FALL GOODS.

A splendid new stock of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &C.,

Just received by HENRY MEYER.

se14: Merchant Tailor, 73 Smithfield street.

DYER AND SCOURER,

H. J. LANCE,

DYER AND SCOURER.

No. 3 ST. CLAIR STREET

And Nos. 135 and 137 Third Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

WALL PAPERS,

NEW

WALL PAPERS,

For Halls, Parlors & Chambers,

NOW OPENING, AT

107 Market St., near Fifth Ave.,

JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

se18:

ARCHITECTS.

BARR & MOSER,

ARCHITECTS,

FRUIT HOUSE ASSOCIATION BUILDINGS, Nos. 3 and 4 St. Clair Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Special attention given to the designing and building of COURT HOUSES and PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

CONFECTIONERIES.

GEORGE BEAVEN,

MANUFACTURER OF

CREAM CANDIES AND TAFFIES,

And dealer in all kinds of FRUITS, NUTS, PICKLES, SAUCES, JELLIES, &c., &c.

se4 132 FEDERAL ST., Allegheny.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES

H. B. LYON,

Sealer of Weights and Measures,

No. 5 FOURTH STREET,

(Between Liberty and Ferry streets.

Orders promptly attended to. my13:

HAIR AND PERFUMERY.

JOHN PECK, ORNAMENTAL HAIR WORKER AND PERFUMER, No. 132 Third street, near Smithfield, Pittsburgh.

Always on hand, a general assortment of Ladies', WIGS, BANDS, CURLS; Gentlemen's WIGS, TOPEES, SCALPS, GUARD CHAINS, BRACELETS, &c. ☞ A good Price in cash will be given for RAW HAIR.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hair Cutting done in the neatest manner. mh2:n8

TRIMMINGS, NOTIONS, &C.

FALL ASSORTMENTS

OF

DESIRABLE GOODS

AT

JOSEPH HORNE & CO'S.

*TRIMMING SATINS,*

IN BLACK, ORANGE AND ALL COLORS.
PLAID AND STRIPED SATINS,
BLACK AND COLORED BONET VELVETS,
BONNET AND NECK RIBBONS,
HANDSOME SASH RIBBONS,
SILK SCARFS,
LACES AND LACE GOODS,
EMBROIDERIES. New design. Another lot.

BOULEVARDE SKIRTS,

IN STRIPED AND BRAIDED. Just received.
WOOL AND MERINO UNDERWEAR, all sizes and quantities.
MORRISON'S STAR SHIRTS.
MEN'S MERINO AND WOOL ½ HOSE.
LADIES' PLAIN AND FANCY WOOL and MERINO HOSIERY.
FLEECED COTTON HOSE.
WOOL GLOVES AND MITS.
ALEXANDRE'S KID GLOVES,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
WOOLEN GOODS,
HOOP SKIRTS AND CORSETS,

AT THE VERY LOWEST PRICES.

77 and 79 Market Street.

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MACRUM & CARLISLE,

NO. 19 FIFTH AVENUE,

THE NEW SKIRT,

"LE PANIER PERFECTION."
"THE FAVORITE." "THE POPULAR,"
"THE RECEPTION,"
THOMPSON'S TWIN SPRING,
"WINGED ZEPHYR,"
"GLOVE FITTING," CORSETS AND PATENT "PANIERS."

THE NEW GORED OVERSKIRT, "BELLE HELENE," richly embroidered; an elegant street or Skating Skirt.

RICH RIBBONS FOR BOWS, SCARFS AND SASHES.

ROMAN STRIPES AND PLAIDS.
SATINS, all shades and widths.
FLOWERS, PLUMES, HATS AND BONNETS.
LADIES AND CHILDREN'S MERINO UNDERWEAR.

The richest and latest novelties in GIMPS, FRINGES AND BUTTONS.

We especially direct attention to the great excellence of the HARRIS SEAMLESS (Rouillon) KID GLOVES" over all others, and for which we are the Sole Agents.

A complete line of GENTLEMEN'S "STAR" SHIRTS, SUSPENDERS, GLOVES, HALF HOSE, UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS.

SELLING AGENTS FOR LOCKWOOD'S PAPER GOODS, and all other popular makes.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

NO. 19 FIFTH AVENUE.

no25

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.

Woolen Goods at a Great Sacrifice.

LARGE STOCK OF YARNS,

*In all Colors and Qualities.*

LADIES' AND MISSES' WOOL HOSIERY.

GENTS' AND YOUTHS' ONE-HALF HOSE.

GLOVES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

Ladies' & Gents' Wool & Merino Underwear.

HOOP SKIRTS.

FINE VARIETY OF EMBROIDERED & LACE Handkerchiefs and Collars.

PAPER COLLARS AND CUFFS

OF EVERY VARIETY, for Ladies and Gentlemen.

Jobbers will especially do well to call on us now, as we wish to sell most of our goods before commencing to take stock.

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,

78 and 80 Market Street.

ja21

A MERRY CHRISTMAS!

NEW GOODS FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

DENNISON & HECKERT,

NO. 27 FIFTH AVENUE,

Have just received a large and judiciously assorted stock of

EMBROIDERIES, LACE GOODS,
TRIMMINGS, HOSIERY,

Kid Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Slipper Patterns, Zephyr Goods, Scarfs and Gents Furnishing Goods,

and Notions generally.

A splendid selection is afforded in special novelties suitable for

HOLIDAY PRESENTS,

to which the attention of lady readers is specially called.

DENNISON & HECKERT,

de8 NO. 27 FIFTH AVENUE.

PRICES MARKED DOWN.

BARGAINS IN ALMOST EVERYTHING.

REAL HEM STITCH, all Linen, HANDKERCHIEFS, 17c, 19c, 22c and upwards.
TAPE BORDERED LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS 6¼c, 8c to 50c.
All our HATS at one-half regular prices.
All the new BALMORAL SKIRTS and Bradley's latest styles of HOOP SKIRTS, at the Lowest Prices in the City.
GENTS' MERINO VEST and DRAWERS, 40c to $5.00.

AT EATON'S,

No. 17 Fifth Avenue.

de6

DRY GOODS.

54. — 54.

KITTANNING

EXTRA HEAVY

BARRED FLANNEL,

A VERY LARGE STOCK,

NOW OFFERED,

*IN GOOD STYLES.*

M'ELROY,

DICKSON

& CO.,

WHOLESALE

DRY GOODS,

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WOOD STREET.

Arbuthnot, Shannon & Co.,

WHOLESALE

DRY GOODS

AT EASTERN PRICES,

NO. 115 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

FULLERTON'S FREEPORT BARRED FLANNELS,

GLENVILLE FLANNELS AND BLANKETS.

DRY GOODS

AT COST,

FOR THIRTY DAYS ONLY,

TO CLOSE STOCK.

THEODORE F. PHILLIPS,

*87 MARKET STREET.*

de23

CLOSING OUT SALE OF

DRY GOODS

AT

J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO'S.

No. 52 St. Clair Street.

All Wool Grey Twilled Flannel for 37 worth 62c.
Delaines for 20c. worth 25.
Slightly Soiled Blankets $4,00 worth $6,00.
Waterproof for $1,25 worth $1,50.
Poplins for 37½c, worth 50.
Kid Gloves for $1,50 worth $2,00.
Paisley Shawls $13,00 worth $20,00.
Velveteens 2,00 worth $2,75.
Bleached Muslin 12½c. worth 16.
Unbleached Muslin 12½c. worth 17.

Cheapest and best stock in the city. No. 52 ST. CLAIR near Liberty street. de29

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,

(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,

No. 94 WOOD STREET,

Third door above Diamond alley,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

CEMENT, SOAP STONE, &c.

HARTMAN & LARE, No. 124 Smithfield street, Sole Manufacturers of Warren's Felt Cement and Gravel Roofing. Material for sale. ja5:30

HYDRAULIC CEMENT DRAIN PIPE.

Cheapest and best Pipe in the market. Also, ROSENDALE HYDRAULIC CEMENT for sale.

R. B. & C. A. BROCKETT & CO.

Office and Manufactory—240 REBECCA ST., Allegheny. ☞ Orders by mail promptly attended to. je22:r83

## PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, January 27, 1869.

The markets, in a general way, remain very much as they have been for sometime past, dull and devoid of anything that is really new or important. The demand for all of the leading commodities, is very much restricted being confined entirely to supplying immediate wants, while so far as prices are concerned, there are no important to changes.

APPLES—Quiet; sales at $3,50 to $5,50 per bbl. for inferior to choice.

APPLE BUTTER—75 to 85c.

BUTTER—Prime to choice Roll Butter is selling at 38 to 40 cts.

BEANS—$3,25 to $3,50 per bushel.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Dull at 4c.

CRANBERRIES—Quoted at $20 to $23 per barrel.

CORNMEAL—$1 to $1,10 per bushel.

CHEESE—Sales of prime Western Reserve and Hamburg at 17c to 18c, and Goshen at 19 to 21c.

CARBON OIL— Is firm and but little offering; may be quoted at 30c, for standard white, in a jobbing way.

DRIED FRUIT—Steady with a fair demand but unchanged. Sales of Peaches at 14c for quarters; 15c for quarters and halves mixed, and 17 to 18c for halves. Apples, 9 to 11c.

DRESSED HOGS—Dull at 12¼ to 13½.

EGGS—Dull and drooping; sale of 13 bbls fresh packed at 28; limed eggs don't seem to be wanted at all.

GROCERIES—The present week exhibits a large increase over the previous one for the leading articles in the grocery line, and our dealers generally are kept busy in receiving goods and filling orders. We would especially note the great activity in New Orleans Sugar and Molasses. The receipts for the past week have been quite liberal, and all prime goods of this class are eagerly looked for and bought on arrival. In Coffee the market continues firm, and there is more inquiry for the better grades, and prime and choice Coffees are held at an advance of ¼ to ½c over the prices current last week. New Orleans Sugar may be quoted ½c higher; Molasses, 3c; Coffee, ½c. Below we give the current quotations:

COFFEE—20½ to 25c for fair to prime; good, 23 to 23½c, and choice, 26½ to 27c.

RAW SUGARS—Fair New Orleans Sugar, 13c; prime, 14½; choice, 15c. Cuba—good grocery, 12½c to 13c; prime choice, 14¼c; Porto Rico, good, 13½c; prime, 14c; choice, 15c; clarified Cuba, 14¼ t4 14½c.

REFINED SUGARS—Crushed, 16½c; A, 16c; B, 15½c; Extra C, 15¼c; C Yellow, 15¼c.

MOLASSES—New Orleans Molasses continue to sell freely on arrival at from 81 to 83c. We quote Porto Rico at 68 to 73c, and Muscovado at 63 to 68c. Sorghum, 60 to 70c.

SYRUPS—Common, 50c to 60c; medium Syrups, 70 to 80c; Silver Drips, 95c to $1; White do, $1,15 to $1,20; Lovering, $1.

RICE—Carolina, 10 to 10½c; Rangoon, good, 10c; primo to choice, 10 to 10½c.

TEAS—Young Hyson, $1,10 to 1,85; G. P., $1,10 to 1,90. Imperial, $1,40 to 1,80. Oolong, 85 to $1,45. Sou Chong, 90c to $1,50.

STARCH—Pearl, 8c; Silver Gloss, 12½c, and Corn Starch, 14c.

CONCENTRATED LYE—$8,00 per case.

FRUITS—Layer Rasins, $4,25 per box; Matt do, $8,25; Prunes, 15c; Currants, 14c.

SPICES—Cassia, 90c; Cloves, 45c; grain Pepper, 36 to 38c; Allspice, 33c; Nutmegs, $1,50.

BAR LEAD—12½c; Shot, $3,50 per bag.

SOAPS—"Babbit's," 12c; "Oakely's," 11½c; Rosin, 4 to 5c; "Dobbin's," 15c; Wax, 10c; Chem. Olive, 10c.

CANDLES—Mould, 16c; Star, 23c.

BI CARB SODA—$8,50 per 100.

HAY—We can report sales of good to prime baled on wharf at $20 to $25.

HOMINY—$6,25 to $6,50.

HEMP—Sales at $210 per ton.

POTATOES—Small sales in store, at 80 to 85 per bushel. Sale of 1 car Peach Blows at 75c.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is firm, with jobbing sales at 15 to 15½c for Shoulders; Clear Sides at 18c, and Hams at 19 to 19½. Country Lard, 18¼c to 19, and 20c for prime kettle rendered in tierces, and 21c in kegs and pails. Mess Pork, $31 to $31,50.

LARD OIL—Firm at $1,40 for No. 2, and $1,70 for No. 1.

GRAIN—There is nothing doing in Wheat, and the market is dull and nominal at $1,75 to$1,80 for Red Winter. Oats still quoted at 63 to 64c on track and in elevator, and 66 to 68 in store. Corn is dull and unsettled, and cannot be quoted correctly. Rye may be qnoted at $1,45 to $1,48. Barley, $1,80 to $1,85 for Western, and $2 for choice Ohio and Penna.

SEEDS—Sales of Cloverseed at $9,50 to $10, the latter, fignre for English. Timothy Seed is unchanged at $3,25 to $3,50. Flaxseed is in steady demand at $2,35 to $2,40.

SALT—Steady but unchanged at $2 by the car load.

SORGHUM—60 to 65 cts.

ONIONS—$5 to $6 per bbl.

TALLOW—Rendered, 11 to 11½c.

FEATHERS—Live Geese Feathers quoted at 75 to 80 to the trade, and the usual advance in a retail way.

FLOUR—The market continues dull and neglected, but without essential change. We continue to quote at $7,00 to $8,00 for Spring, and Winter Wheat, $8,50 to $9,25. Rye Flour, $7,50 to $7,75. The Pearl Mill quote their brands, made of the best Wheat, as follows: Extra Family Flour, in barrels, at $9,30, and, in sacks, $9,00 per barrel; Double Extra Family, in barrels, $10,00, and, in sacks, $9,70 per barrel; Spring Wheat Flour, in barrels, $7,80, and, in sacks, $7,50 per barrel. The City Mills quote prices as follows: Extra Family, (Winter) in barrels, $9,30, and, in sacks, $9,00 per barrel; Double Extra Family, in barrels, $9,80, and, in sacks, $9,50 per barrel, and Spring, $8,00, in barrels, and $7,70, in sacks, per barrel.

WHISKY—Sales Highwines, in a jobbing way, at $1 to $1,05.

## Financial Matters in New York.

**Gold Closed at 136½@136⅝.**

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, January 26, 1869.

MONEY.

Money easy and settled; the demand promptly met at 6@7. Sterling steady at 109¾. Gold without decided change; closing firm and opened at 136½, fell to 136¼ and closed at 136½@136⅝. Export to-day $55,000.

BONDS AND STOCKS.

Governments low, but closed steady though quiet. Coupons of 1881, 112¼ @112⅜; do. '62, 113⅜@113½; '64, 109½ @109⅝; do. '65, 110½@110⅝; new do., 108⅜(@108¾; do. '67, 108¾@108⅝; do. '68, 109@109¼, Ten-Forties, 108½@108½. The demand for Registered Bonds continues, and large amounts of Coupon Bonds go daily to Washington for conversion.

State securities are less active and lower under large realizations, but no large amounts are offered at present prices. Mississippi 6s, 87; old Tennessees, 67¾@68⅝; new do., 67¼a67⅜; new North Carolinas, 61⅝@62; new Virginias, 60; Louisiana 6s, 75¾@76; Levee bonds, 70@71; do. 8s. 87@88; new South Carolinas, 70½a71; Alabama 8s, 93½; Georgia 6s, 84@87.

The railway market during the forenoon was generally weak, though exceptionally Rock Island, Wabash and Indiana Central were strong and hi her; old Southern, Erie, Harlem and Ohio and Mississippi were active. The firmness in Rock Island was occasioned by intimations that the company would make a distribution of the scrip representing the largest amount of land owned and estimated at ten or twelve millions. Hudson advanced 4 per cent. and Harlem was firm in the afternoon. The entire market was buoyant and active at higher rates. Business is well distributed throughout the list, and at the close the feeling was unsettled, but the advance was well maintained. Miscellaneous shares higher. Pacific Mail buoyant on the report that the company had earned 8 per cent. the last quarter and of stock dividend from shares now held by the company. Express shares higher.

*Five-thirty Prices:*—Cumberland, 38@38½; Wells Express, 27@28; American, 40; Adams, 60@60¼; United States, 50 @51; Merchants' Union, 17@17¼; Quicksilver, 24¼@25; Canton, 65½; Pacific Mail, 121⅞@122; Western Union Telegraph, 37¼@37¾; Hartford & Erie, 28; Mariposa, 7@8; do. preferred, 23⅜@ 23½; New York Central, 164½@164¼; Erie, 38⅞@38¾; do. preferred, 63@65; Hudson, 134¾@136; Harlem, 142; Reading 96¼@97¾; Terre Haute, 142@142; do preferred, 68¾; Wabash, 66⅛@ 64¼; pref, 75@77; St. Paul, 74⅜@74⅞; pref., 95¼@95½; Fort Wayne, 123¾@ 123¾; Ohio and Mississippi, 38¼@38¼; Michigan Central, 119½@120; Michigan Southern, 95@95⅛; Illinois Central, 139½ @139¾; Pittsburgh, 95¼@95¾; Toledo, 106¾@106½; Rock Island, 133⅞@134; Northwestern, 82⅞@83; C. C. & I. C., 53; Chicago & Alton, pref., 149¼.

Mining shares—Gregory, 255; Smith & Parmelee, 230; Grass Valley, 35.

Copper Stocks at Boston—Copper Falls; 16½; Franklin, 15¾; Minnesota, 2, Quincy, 25.

Clearances at Gold Exchange Bank, $73,000,000.

SUB-TREASURY.

Receipts at the Sub-Treasury, $1,185,579; payments, $69,101; balance, $87,465.

The exports for the week amounted to $3,080,983.

### Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, January 27.—Cotton is ¼a ¼c better and more active, with sales of 4,700 bales at 28¾a29c for middling uplands, the market closing quiet with no buyers over the inside price. Flour; receipts of 4,077 bbls; the market is drooping, with sales of 6,900 bbls at $5,30a6,35 for superfine State and western, $7,35 for extra State, $6,80a7,75 for extra western, $7,75a9,25 for white wheat extra, $6,80 for Round Hoop Ohio, $8,50 for extra St. Louis, and $9a9,50 for good to choice do, the market closing dull. Rye flour is quiet with sales of 2,550 bbls at $7,40. Corn Meal is in fair request, with sales of 1,000 bbls Brandywine at $5. Whisky is dull at 35 bbls western at $1 for free. Wheat: there were no receipts to-day; the market is without any decided change in price, with a moderate inquiry to fill old freight engagements; sales 37,500 bushels at $1,60a1,65 for No. 2 Spring in store and afloat, the latter price for very choice; $1,65 for mixed Spring and $2,10 for white Michigan. Rye quiet; sales 3400 bush choice at $1,62½ delivered. Barley more active and firm; sales 15,000 bush Canada western at $2,12½ in store and $2,15 afloat; 8,000 bush German to arrive on private terms. Barley Malt nominal. Receipts Corn 20,583 bush. Corn dull and drooping; sales 46,000 bush at 95 for mixed western, 90 for western yellow, 95 for white southern, $1,02 for kiln dried western, $1,06 for old mixed western in store and 90 for New Orleans white. Receipts Oats 3017 bush. Oats quiet; sales 14,000 bush at 75a75½ for western in store, 77 do. afloat. Rye sells at $1,09a1,10 for Carolina. Coffee is firm; sales are reported of 2,000 bags Rio on private terms. Sugar steady and 200 hhds Cuba sold at 11¼c. Molasses firm and sales are reported 150 bbls New Orleans at 74c; 160 hhds Cuba sold at 38c. Hops are quiet at 18c for American. Petroleum is firm at 26c for crude and 30¼c for refined bonded. Coal—domestic is quiet at $7,50 a8 per ton; foreign unchanged; there were sold to-day at auction 60,000 tons Scranton at $4,10a4,73½; lump, $4,50a 4,82½; steamboat, $4,75a4,85; grate, $4,70; egg, $6,25a6,32½; store, $4,52½a4,60 for Chestnut. Leather—hemlock is firm at previous prices. Wool is quiet and unchanged; sales were reported of 30,000 pounds at 42a48c for domestic fleece; 42a 51c for pulled. Linseed Oil is firm and sold at $1a1,02. Spirits Turpentine firm at 56a57c. Sheeting copper quiet at $53 for ingot. Cotton firmer at $26a26,50 for Baltimore, and 26¼a26⅝c for Lake. Pig iron quiet and steady at $40a42 for Scotch, and $35a40 for American. Bar rather more active at $90a92 for English. American sheet quiet at $11,50 for Russia. Nails quiet at 5¼a5¾c for cut; 6¾a 6¾c for clinched. Mess pork firmer; sales 650 bbls at $31,25a31,50 for new mess; $30a30,50 for old do.; $25,75a26,75 for prime; $28,50a30 for prime mess; also, 500 bbls new mess, sellers afloat, at $31,50; 500 bbls do. sellers for six months, at $31. Beef steady; sales 140 bbls. Tierce beef steady; sales 325 tierces at $29a32 for prime mess; $30a31 India mess. Beef hams steady, with sales of 225 bbls at $30a35. Cut Meats firmer, with sales of 300 pkgs at 13½a14½c for shoulders, 17a18c for hams. Dressed Hogs firm at $13,75a 14,37 for western, and $14,50a14,75 for city. Middles firmer, with sales of 220 bxs at 15¾a16c for Cumberland cut, 16¾c for short ribbed, and 17c for long clear. Lard firm; sales of 950 tcs at 20a20¼c for steam, and 21½a21¾c for kettle rendered; also, 500 tcs steam, seller, February, March and April, at 21a21½c. Butter dull at 28a36c for Ohio. Cheese firm at 16a20¼c. Freights to Liverpool without decided change, with engagements for 30,000 bus wheat per sail at 6d.

*Latest*—Flour closed dull and 5a10c lower. Wheat quiet and slightly in buyers' favor, with limited export demand for spring. Rye dull at $1,48a1,50 for western. Oats dull at 75c in store, 89c for western afloat. Corn quiet at 95½c for new mixed western, $1,05a1,08 for old mixed western in store and afloat. Pork heavy and lower at $30,75 regular for new mess. Beef quiet and unchanged. Cut Meats firm firm and in moderate inquiry. Bacon quiet and firm. Lard dull and drooping with no sale. Eggs steady at 28a30c.

CHICAGO, January 27.—Eastern Exchange steady at 1-10 per cent. off buying, and 1-10 per cent. premium selling. Flour steady and quiet at $5,25a6,50 for spring extras. Wheat ¼a½c lower; sales since change at $1,15. Corn firm and 1¼a1¾c higher; sales of new at 55a 56¾c, no grades at 51a51½c, No. 1 at 64c in store, yellow 58½c on the track, do at 70c, sellers for the last half of April, No. 2 at 63½c sellers for May, and new at 57½c buyers for February; nothing doing this afternaon. Oats quiet at 48¼a 48½c for No. 2, and 45½c for rejected. Rye in fair demand at 1a1¾c higher; sales No. 1 at $1,18a1,20. Barley quiet at $1,77a1,68c for No. 2 cash, and $1,79 sellers for February. Highwines dull at 92a93c. Provisions active and steady; Sales of Mess Pork at $30,50a31,00. closing weak at $30,75. Lard opened strong but closed less firm at 20½c. Bulk Meats steady and unchanged; dry salted shoulders 13¼c, buyer, February; short rib, middles 15¾c, buyer February; rough sides 15¼c, buyer February; sweet pickled hams 16c on spot and 17c, future. Dressed Hogs dull, closing at $13a13,50, dividing on two hundred lbs. Receipts for the past twenty-four hours —9,963 bbls flour, 34,456 bush wheat, 88,279 bush corn, 22,295 bush oats, 3,568 bush rye, 1,950 bush barley. Shipments —7,912 bbls flour, 8,260 bush wheat, 14,810 bush corn, 5,401 bush oats, 5,143 bush rye, 200 bush barley.

Hogs active and firm at $10,10a10,75 for shipping, and $11a11,62½c for packing; receipts 6,502 head; shipments 1,668 head. Beef Cattle active and 15a25c higher, at $4,25a5,50 for cows, $5,80a6,75 for fair to medium, $6,90a7,75 for good to choice, and $7,87½a8,00 for extra shipping steers.

ST. LOUIS, January 27.—Tobacco is in good demand, but very little doing. Cotton worth 27½c for middling. Hemp—undressed sold at 90ca$1,30. Flour quiet and unchanged; super at $5,10a6, extra at $6,25a6,75, and double extra at $7a8. Wheat—very little offering, with sales prime to choice fall at $1,90. Corn weak at 68a70c. Oats steady, but inactive, at 58a63c; latter price for choice. Barley unchanged at $1,85a2 for prime to choice common. Rye firm at $1,25a1 28. Whisky nominal at 95c. Pork active and higher at $31,50a32 on spot; included in the sales were large lots, at country towns and for future delivery, at $30,50. Bulk Meats—market very stiff for city packed shoulders; one order sold at 13¼a13½c; clear sides at 17c; loose shoulders and clear sides, in country and for February delivery, at 13a16½. Bacon buoyant and more doing, with shoulders at 14½c, and clear sides at 18a18¼c. Sugar Cured Hams at 18c. Lard active at 20c for tierce, and 21¼c for keg; also, sales 1,500 kegs, on Illinois river, March delivery, at 22c. Receipts—1,600 bbls flour, 3,600 bush wheat, 5,900 bush corn, 1,600 bush oats, 400 bush barley, 1,000 bush rye.

Hogs—very few arriving; sales light to choice at 10½a11½c; number packed to date, 226,000. Cattle—receipts light and the supply of better grades small; prices range from 3a4¼ for inferior to medium; 6c for good to prime, and 6a7½c for choice to extra.

MILWAUKEE, January 26.—Flour dull and weak and prices unchanged. Wheat dull and drooping at $1,18 for No. 1, and $1,14 for No. 2. Oats firmer at 48½c for No. 2. Corn firm at 58c for new. Rye scarce and higher at $1,13 for No. 2. Barley nominal; sales at $1,70a$1,75 for No. 2. Provisions quiet, firm, and unchanged. Dressed hogs firm at $14,00a $14,50. Receipts: 4,000 bbls flour; 27,000 bush wheat; 2,000 bush oats; 5,000 bush corn; 1,000 bush rye; 2,000 bush barley; 500 dressed hogs. Shipments: 4,000 bbls flour; 1,500 tierces pork; 150 tierces lard.

CLEVELAND, January 27.—Flour market quiet and demand light; city made at $11,00a$11,25 for double extra white; $9,50a$9,75 for double extra amber; $8,25 a$8,50 for double extra red winter; $7,75 a$8,00 for double extra red and amber; $9,00a$9,50 for double extra spring; $9,25 a$10,00 for double extra white. Wheat—No. 1 red winter held at $1,70, and No. 2 do. held at $1,50. Corn—sales of three cars at 70c; two cars do. at 71c; one car on track at 66c. Oats nominal, held at 60c. Petroleum market quiet but firm and unchanged; refined held at 34a35c.

TOLEDO, January 27.—Flour quiet and steady. Wheat moderately active; amber a shade lower; No. 1 white Michigan $1,90; amber $1,68a1,68¼, closing at the inside rate; No. 2 spring $1,25; No. 3 do. $1,10; rejected $1,00. Corn higher, active and very firm; sales of new 66a66¼c; rejected at 62c; white at 66c. Oats a shade lower and quiet; sales at 56½c57c for No. 1 Michigan. Rye quiet and unchanged. Barley; Canada $2,10; No. 1 State in demand at $1,75. Dressed Hogs quiet at 12¾a13c. Clover Seed $9,25.

LOUISVILLE, January 27.—Tobacco; sales 253 hhds lugs to cutting leaf at $5,00a25,00. Cotton, $28. Mess Pork, $31a31,50. Lard, 20¼a21c. Bacon; shoulders, 14¼a15c; clear rib sides, 17¼a18c; clear sides, 18¼a18½c. Bulk Meats; shoulders, 13½a14c; clear rib sides, 17c; clear sides, 17½c, all packed. Superfine Flour, $5,75a6,25. Wheat, $1,75a1,80. Corn, 65a67c. Oats, 60a62c. Rye, $1,42a 1,45. Whisky, raw free, $1.

PHILADELPHIA, January 27.—Flour is more active but prices are irregular. Wheat is inactive and prices favor buyers, with sales of red at $1,70a1,90, amber at $1,90a2, and white at $2,10a2,35. Rye is held at $1,60a1,62. Corn is quiet, with sales of new yellow at 88a89c, and new white at 88c. Oats inactive, with sales of western at 72a74c. Petroleum, Groceries and Provisions are unchanged. Whisky is offered at 98c.

NEW YORK, January 27.—The Dry Goods market was a little more animated at the close, but far from being active; prices, however, are quite firm, and on heavy brown sheetings of Atlantic Mills' make there is an advance of one-half cent per yard, established by agents and some jobbers, which is the only important alteration noticeable.

### IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, January 27.—8 cars iron ore, Shoenberger & Blair; 5 cars iron ore, McKnight, Porter & Co; 2 cars iron ore, Brady's Bend Iron Co; 1 do fire clay. 1 bbl do, Ecker & Caskey; 110 bbls oil. J Spear; 150 do do, Wm McCutcheon; 2 cars iron ore, Graff, Byers & Co; 1 car bones, Seward & Campbell; 20 bxs star candles, Means & Coffin; 4 bbls cement, Mitchell, Stevenson & Co; 2 do do, Graff, Hughes & Co; 2 do do, Bissell & Co; 5 do po, Bradley & Co; 30 half bbls beer, J Kessler; 13 bdls rags, C P Markle & Co; 21 bbls apples, 2 do tallow, 4 kegs apple butter, 2 tre pickles, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 1 crate rags, Frazier & Metzgar; 6 sks rags, 2 do wool, 4 do oats, 4 bbls apples, J J Pettit; 1 kg butter, E Heazleton; 3 bdls scrap iron, J R Jones; 9 kgs lard, Watt, Lang & Co; 30 sks rags, Dilinger & Stevenson; 20 bbls oil, A Kirkpatrick & Co; 22 buggy springs, Singer, Nimick & Co; 5 bbls oil, Dilworth, Porter & Co; 26 bdls green hides, 2 do dry hides, S Harbaugh & Co; lot bones, Robb & Herring; lot corn, Anna Querrier; 5 tables, 5 bdls leaves, 1 cask, 1 pkg glass, A Milliken & Co; 1 book case, 1 pkg glass doors, T B Young & Co; 4 tables, 4 bdls leaves, J Splane; 2 dozen cain seat chairs, 1 desk, Lemon & Weise; 5 dozen cain seat chairs, Hammer & Dauler; 6 bbls eggs, 4 do apples, 9 sks beans, W H Graff & Co; 4 sks orions, 2 bbls beans, W Wilson; 16 sks potatoes, 12 bbls apples, Vangorder Shepard; 7 bags feathers, Isaiah Dickey & Co; 4 bundles wheels, Thomos Hare & Bro.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD, January 27.—3 cars metal, Bryan & Caughey; 28 do do, Nimick & Co; 10 do do, Jas Woodson & Co; 2 do do, Brown & Co; 25 cases lard, Jas H Parker; 7 bbls oil, Jas Lippencott; 2 bbls crackers, Lewis & McClure; 5 bbls grease, B L Fahnestock & Co; 2 do do, Harris & Ewing; 2 bbls spirits, J McCullough & Co; 35 doz brooms, J Wilson & Son; 6 half bbls butter, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 200 bbls flour, owner; 249 pigs lead, McKee & Bro; 1 car rye, Thos Collens; 100 bbls flour, C B Leech; 100 bbls do Meanor & Harper; 150 doz shovel handles, Graff & McDevitt; 29 doz brooms, W M Gormly; 20 sks rags, Godfrey & Clark; 1 car wheat, Hitchcock, McCreery & Co; 1 car oats, Graham & Munhall; 2 tubs butter, W H Graff & Co; 1 car corn, J W Simpson; 1 car hay, O H Allerton; 8 rolls leather, 21 pkgs hides, M Delange; 23 sks rye, Dillinger & Stevenson, 20 bbls vinegar, Arbuckles & Co; 4 do do, H M Swiggen; 1 half bbl butter, H Rea Jr; 100 bbls flour, Shomaker & Langenheim; 1 bbl tallow, E Heazleton; 16 sks pearls, McKee & Bro; 1 car staves, M P Adams & Bro; 1 car spokes, Phelps, Park & Co; 6 pkgs tobacco, Wayman & Bro.

ALLEGHENY STATION, January 27.—1 car lumber, Smith, Criswell & Co; 100 bbls flour, Hippley & Beckert; 56 sacks cornmeal, 5 do feed, Rose & Ewing; 1 tc hams, S Dyer; 1 car staves, Raiya & Robertson; 100 bbls flour, 4 bags cornmeal, Mercer & Robertson; 69 sks oats, S C McMasters; 1 bbl eggs, F Beckert & Co; 1 car flaxseed, M B Suydam; 6 dozen brooms, C Yagle; 5 do do, Gay & A; 4 do do, J M Lusk; 14 do do, C Irwin; 100 bbls flour, A Martin; 60 sks buckwheat flour, Geo Stewart.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, January 27.—240 bbls oil, Fisher & Bro; 160 do do, Owston & Sowers; 160 do do, Fawcett, L & Co; 19 bgs oats, 9 do rye, Blaney & Moore; 3 cars metal, McKnight, Porter & Co; 50 sks ear corn, Marshall & Graham; 40 bgs flaxseed, Allen, Kirkpatrick & Co; 12 bgs rve, S B Floyd & Co; 3 cars limestone, Shoenberger & Blair; 71 bgs oats, Scott & Gisal.

## RIVER NEWS.

The river is falling slowly with but four feet in the channel. The weather moderated considerably yesterday, and at four P. M. the mercury was up to 40 and rising. The wind seemed to be changing around to the east, and the indications were favorable for either rain or snow.

We have no arrivals to report aside from the regular packets. The R. C. Gray from New Orleans, is among the first boats due.

The Champion, left for Cincinnati last evening, with a fair trip.

Capt. W. M. List, has temporarily assumed command of the R. R. Hudson, Capt. Russell having concluded to remain at home for a short time. The Hudson, as will be seen by card, will be the first boat out for Cincinnati, and passengers and shippers should bear this in mind.

Captain Darragh has been obliged to defer the departure of the Bellevernon for a day or two, but it should be borne in mind that she will be the first boat out for St. Louis.

The Camelia, Capt. Thos. Poe, will be the first boat out for Nashville.

The new steamer Mollie Ebbert, Capt. G. W. Ebbert, is announced to leave for New Orisans on Saturday.

The following boats were in port last evening: R. R. Hudson, Kate Putnam, Glendale, Camelia, Wild Duck, Mollie Ebbert and Bellevernon.

Captain Tom Rea's new mountain steamer, it is expected, will be ready to leave here about the 20th of next month.

—The Armadillo was to have left Cincinnati on Tuesday.

—Captain Paul paid $8,000 for the Pink Varble, and is now loading her at Louisville for Nashville.

—The Sallie arrived at Cincinnati on Monday, and the New York reached Nashville the same day.

—Capt. John L. Rhodes arrived at Cincinnati on Monday, and left for Louisville on the evening mail boat.

—The Wauanita, New Orleans to Pittsburgh, passed Memphis on Monday, and the Lorena passed Evansville the same day.

—The steamer Elk was sold Saturday at Parkersburg, by United States Deputy Marshal W. H. Irwin, for $450, to Capt. J. W. Muhlrine, of Wheeling, West Virginia.

—"One who knows" says distinctly that no arrangement, combination or compromise whatever has been or will be made between the Keokuk Packet Company, Northern Line and Northwestern Line, but that the "fight," as the *Democrat* terms it, will go bravely on, but that the "longest pole will get the persimmons."

—The Northwestern Transportation Company will limit their boats this year to 100 tuns of freight each, and will run a regular line of ten steamers between Sioux City and Fort Benton. Each boat will be required to make the up trip in twenty-five days. The Deer Lodge is to be lengthened fifty feet, and will run as a passenger packet exclusively. The *Post* says they are building four new boats for the trade.

—The Northern Line Packet Company have put the following steamers into commission for the next season's business: Minneapolis, Dubuque, Minnesota, Davenport, Muscatine, Sucker State, Hawkeye State, Canada, Savannah, City of Keysburg and New Boston. In addition to these, the Northern Line has a towboat and several passenger steamers in process of construction, for which no officers have yet been appointed.

—We clip the following from the Davenport *Gazette* in regard to the "White Collar Line:" But the most important new enterprise in which the White Collar Company is about to enter, is the running of barges between Pittsburg and St. Louis, and hence to Davenport and the Upper Mississippi ports. For this purpose the Ohio River Barge Company has been organized, with Captain W. F. Davidson as President. Five towboats and twenty barges will comprise the present stock of the Company. The Northern Line, for eight years, has had almost exclusive control of Pittsburgh freight which was destined for the Upper Mississippi country. Commodore Davidson proposes to smash into this arrangement, and feed his line with Pittsburgh freight, as well as freight from other Mississippi tributaries. Why not? says Captain Raney. Sure enough, why not? will be the ejaculatory answer of all merchants along the Mississippi who buy iron, glass, nails and other ware at Pittsburgh.

### River and Weather.

LOUISVILLE, January 27.—River falling, with seven feet water in the canal. Weather clear and pleasant.


## STEAMSHIPS.

TO LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN.

THE INMAN MAIL STEAMSHIPS

Numbering sixteen first-class vessels, among them the celebrated

CITY OF PARIS, CITY OF ANTWERP.
CITY OF BOSTON, CITY OF BALTIMORE,
CITY OF LONDON.

Sailing EVERY SATURDAY, from Pier 45, North River, New York. For passage or further information apply to

WILLIAM BINGHAM, Jr.

70 FIFTH STREET, (Chronicle Building. Nearly opposite Post Office, Pittsburgh

WANTED—ON COMMISSION,

*ONE HUNDRED TONS OF*

POULTRY,

The highest market prices and quick sales guaranteed. Mark packages distinctly and send invoices by mail.

H. P. BALLARD & CO.

Commission Merchants, 332 Washington street, New York. no17:a31

## STEAMBOATS.

FOR CINCINNATI and LOUISVILLE.—The steamer

E. R. HUDSON ..... CAPT. LIST,

Will leave for the above and intermediate ports on FRIDAY, 29th, at 3 P. M.

For freight or passage apply on board or to JAMES COLLINS,
J. D. COLLINGWOOD,
or JOHN FLACK, Agents.

ja23

PITTSBURGH, WHEELING,

Marietta and Parkersburg Line.

Leave Company's Wharf Boat, foot of Wood Street,

DAILY, AT 12 M.

TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS,

BAYARD.....A. S. SHEPHERD, Master.

WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS,

GREY EAGLE.....C. L. BRENNAN, Master.

Freight will be received at all hours by

se14 JAMES COLLINS, Agent.

FOR NASAVILLE, DIRECT.—The steamer

CAMELIA.....CAPT. THOS. POE,

Will leave THIS DAY, January 28th, for the above and intermediate ports.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to GHRIEST & HASLETT,
JNO. FLACK, or
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

de8

FOR CAIRO AND ST. LOUIS.—The new and splendid Passenger Packet

BELLE VERNON.....JOHN DARRAH, Master.

Will leave for the above ports on THIS DAY, the 28th inst., at 4 o'clock P. M.

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J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agent.

Ja22

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PITTSBURGH, PA.

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WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

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THE BEST WHEAT CLEANERS IN USE.

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au25 W. W. WALLACE.

GREEN OIL CLOTH FOR WINDOW SHADES—We are now manufacturing this article of a quality superior in finish, and at prices lower than can be had of any Eastern manufacturers. Dealers will find it to their interest to examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere. J. & H. PHILLIPS,
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| | Depart. | Arrives. |
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| McKeesport Accomd'n | 11:00 A. M. | 2:05 P. M. |
| Ex. to and from Uni'n. | 3:00 P. M. | 10:10 A. M. |
| West Newton Accom'd | 4:30 P. M. | 8:35 A. M. |
| Braddock's Accomd'n. | 6:15 P. M. | 7:50 P. M. |
| Night Ac. to McK'sport. | 10:30 P. M. | 6:45 A. M. |
| Sunday Church Train to and from West Newton | 1:00 P. M. | 10:00 A. M. |

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CHANGE OF TIME.

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On and after

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THURSDAY, JANUARY 28, 1869.


GLENWOOD, January 20, 1869.

☞ MEETING OF REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.—The Union Republican State Central Committee will meet at HARRISBURG on THURSDAY, THE FOURTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, at TWO o'clock P. M., for the purpose of fixing the time and place of holding the next State Convention, and other appropriate business.

A full attendance is earnestly desired.

GALUSHA A. GROW,
Chairman of Committee.

GEO. W. HAMERSLY, J. R. McAFEE, } Secretaries. ja21

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 58½@59½f.

U. S. BONDS at Frankfort, 78¼@79⅜.

GOLD closed yesterday in New York at 136¾.

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second page: Poetry, Ephemera. Third and Sixth pages: Financial, Commercial, Mercantile, Markets, Imports, River News. Seventh page: Miscellany of interesting reading matter, Amusement Directory.*

A CONVENTION of the Editors and Publishers of Pennsylvania has been called, to meet at Harrisburg on Tuesday, the second day of February.

WE LEARN from the Washington *Reporter* that the subscribers to the new stock of the Chartiers Valley Railway Company are promptly transferring their names and amounts to books prepared according to the suggestion of the President of the Pennsylvania Railway Company. If this transfer shall actually be accomplished, the road will certainly be completed inside of twelve months.

GOV. ARTHUR I. BOREMAN was yesterday unanimously nominated by the Republican legislative caucus for United States Senator for West Virginia, in place of Mr. VAN WINKLE. No other name was presented. This promotion, so made, is a powerful testimonial to the acceptance with which he has presided over the affairs of the State. In Mr. STEVENSON, he has a worthy successor to the Governorship.

THE COUNCILS of this city have before them a project for a law to be enacted by the Legislature for registering all lots of land situated within the corporate limits. If this bill shall be passed into a law it will entail considerable trouble and expense to the holders of real estate, and it is for them to determine whether the advantages resulting from it promise to be sufficient to compensate therefor. We urge them to give the bill a full consideration, and at as early a day as practicable.

WE REGRET to learn that Hon. M. B. LOWRY, the Senator from the Erie district, suffered a slight shock of paralysis, on Monday last, at Harrisburg. The *Telegraph* of yesterday stated that he was much better and likely to be able, in a few days, to resume his Senatorial duties. Mr. LOWRY is a public man of much distinction, fairly earned in the service of the Commonwealth, a faithful and vigilant guardian of the interests of his constituents, and we trust he may long live to enjoy their conspicuous confidence.

IF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES shall proceed on the assumption that it can increase the number of its officers at pleasure, and in contravention of the laws existing at the time of the increase, we feel confident that the State Treasurer will not pay the additional salaries. It is clearly his duty to be governed by the laws regulating the number of appointments and the wages to be paid. But, we trust the House, upon fuller consideration, will adhere to the wise system of retrenchment embodied in the law passed at the last session, and under which it organized.

THE BOARD of Trustees of Washington and Jefferson College have agreed to ask the Legislature to pass an act authorizing the close consolidation of the two branches of this institution, either at Washington, or Canonsburgh, or some other place to be determined upon. If the College shall be removed to Washington, the property at Canonsburgh will be conveyed to Trustees empowered to establish and conduct a Seminary of less grade. In the event of the College going to Canonsburgh, a like disposition will be made of the property at Washington. If it shall be taken to a place other than either of these, two lesser institutions will be maintained—one at Washington and the other at Canonsburgh.

Steubenville, Ohio, offers $100,000 to have the College taken thither; and a still more tempting offer is made for a union with the new University at Wooster, Ohio.

## CLOSE OF THE INDIAN WAR.

GENERAL SHERIDAN seems to have finished up the Indian business speedily and effectively. His own return from the field is hourly expected at St. Louis, his troops being also withdrawn from the plains, and distributed for the ordinary service of the government, at various points. These facts warrant us in believing that the chastisement of the savages has been ample to secure protection for the frontiers, and to enforce the peaceful submission of all the hostile tribes. SHERIDAN'S blows have accomplished a result which Indian Commissioners and Bureaux could never have attained. It is understood that he is soon to re-enter upon his former command in the Southwest, where, under the administration of President GRANT, the country will soon be indebted to PHIL. SHERIDAN for victories less expensive but yet more acceptable. His success is equal in dealing with savages, white or black.

## OUR FOREIGN POLICY.

The problem of the American future is a leading subject of study in the enlightened minds of all civilized peoples. The philanthrophist hopes, the philosopher speculates and the statesman approaches its consideration with mingled feelings of apprehension and pride. All of these agree in the recognition of the republican idea—the absolute and equal freedom of all the human race, subject only to the divinely-ordered conditions which are prescribed for the government of all His human creatures alike;—all of them accept the application of this idea in the theory of the Great American Republic, and all admire the mighty progress which, sometimes briefly checked, at other times impetuously accelerated, still, in the great march of events, illustrates the steadily increasing approximation of our national life to the loftiest standards ever upheld to the loyal devotion of man. Our mistakes are not seldom; our perils are frequently such as seem to menace a speedy and unhappy end to our participation in the national rivalships which divide the peoples of the earth,—a disastrous catastrophe for the highest hopes of Christendom. As in the experience of individuals, so the annals of this nation prove that the only dangers which are formidable, to the one or to the other, are self-originated, and domestic, attributable to no causes outside of an internal responsibilitiy. The weaknesses of personal or national constitution, the vicious, enervating, demoralizing after-growths which are the sure consequences of any successful temptation to disregard the warnings of the national or individual conscience—it is here that the historian and the moralist unerringly discover the fatal causes upon which the brightest promises, the most glowing hopes, the noblest aspirations and the most splendid careers of achievement have been ultimately wrecked.

But the Great Republic—let us be justly happy in the thought—presents the completest illustration of its greatness before the world, in this that, more than any nation in all the records of time, it has been conspicuously blessed in a Divine protection from all perils, fatal mischiefs, whether from within or without; that as the problem of Man's Destiny grows upon us it finds us stronger to endure, to avert and in due course to conquer, not only our dangers or our misfortunes, but, most of all, ourselves; that the Republic, fast anchored to the everlasting and immutable moorings of a divinely ordered principle, rides out every gale and evermore proudly floats its flag of mastery, while the great sea of life is everywhere else dotted with hopeless and indistinguishable wrecks.

What has saved us? Why is it that this nation alone, upon this continent and in this era of the world, may gratefully confess that matchless fortune which thus presents her career as splendidly the exception to all recorded experience, as the constitutional order, the principles upon which the theory of her government is builded up, are of novel application in the regulation of human society? How much of this triumphant fortune do we owe to our peculiar principles alone, or how much of it to our large share in the possession of a power of brute force common to the race? Is the Republic to-day so magnificent an example of national promise, before all the nations of Christendom, merely because it has armies, navies and wealth to cope with any people on the globe, in the ultimate resort of war, or is it rather because the moral force of the republican idea, illustrated, before every eye on earth, by the internal blessings of every material nature which attend our faithful obedience to it, commands, all over the world, the homage of the human mind and enforces respect from other nations of Christendom? The Great Republic is strong because it is republican in fact; it is feared because, alone among Christian peoples, the forty millions of its citizens, behind none in science, in art, in the most skillful exemplifications in every department of practical knowledge, are, more than all, homogeneous, sharing, united as one man, in all personal and political privileges, each individual being himself the State. Divided by no social castes, distracted by no arbitrary and unequal distinctions, this nation is the only one on the surface of the globe whose government stands for the absolutely unanimous expression of every citizen. The Republic is great because its justice begins at home. Its power is matchless because pivoted upon the same unconquerable principle of justice to all the world. Our moral power is the secret of our greatness. More than one rival nation has larger armies, vaster fleets, richer acquisitions of material wealth, but not one of them courts a conflict with that peaceful flag which is ever to conquer in the sign of Liberty and of Right.

There are journals, some of them of traditional claims to the public regard—there are still more politicians preferring doubtful titles to an enlightened respect, who will have it that, in the solution of that great problem of human destiny which Providence seems to have especially charged upon this people—a problem which, concerning first ourselves, must then march on until it comprehends all the nations and races of the earth—that the republican idea which it involves must depend, not upon its own irresistible merits, but upon the measure of brute force with which zealous propagandists shall seek its expansion. These speculations see nothing American to fear, or to be feared, except the numbers of our armies, and our resources for war. Would they say that England or France, fearing our warlike power, would abandon the least claim of right, or forego any tempting ambition? They forget that either of those, like still other nations of Europe, are prepared at a day's notice, to set as large armies in the field, or to send as great fleets swarming over the sea, in any just quarrel. Should France fear us, when a million of her soldiers this moment wait eagerly for the signal which shall precipitate them upon a million of enemies beyond the Rhine? Does England stand in awe of our military or naval strength, when she has ruled the great oceans for centuries of victory? When she dares, for a quarrel more another's than her own, to beard the countless hordes of the Czar, upon their own soil? When, to vindicate the personal freedom of a handful of her imprisoned sons, she sends forty thousand men to bear the red cross of St. George into the heart of Ethiopia?

This talk, about the salutary fear with which American arms have inspired the other great powers of the world, is simply fustian. When the old wager of battle closed by invoking God to defend the right, it expressed rudely that idea which now, in this nineteenth century of Christian knowledge, is still the most potent of mortal arms. For a just quarrel, there lives not a people in Europe which would hesitate an hour, with that invocation, to throw down its gage against this boasted Republic of ours. And in that sign, thrice armed against an American aggression, our antagonist would win the same inexorable justice which has not once swerved since the world began.

We read frequently in our exchanges, as unhappily we have often been condemned to hear it from the numberless ELIJAH POGRAMS who afflict a land with its "home in the bright settin' sun," that it is the "manifest destiny" of the Republic to overshadow, absorb and assimulate all the contiguous territories in this Hemisphere. Such talk is very absurd; it never was and never will be profitable, except to promote personal ends through popular ignorance and prejudice. Our only destiny—unhappily not known to the mere demagogue, but manifest to all enlightened comprehensions—is to be guided always faithfully by the republican idea in our internal administration, remitting foreign propagandism of all sorts to the just influence of a consistent republican example.

Recently, a journal of eminent prudence and thoughtful breadth of views, the Philadelphia *North American*, was betrayed into the advocacy of a direct propagandism among neighboring peoples. It would "interfere quietly" but nevertheless effectively. It would diplomatise the more efficiently, because the Republic has great belligerent power, a fact to enforce its recommendations and yet ample to preclude any need for the exertion of that power directly at our own risk or cost. We ventured to remark upon this, that our cotemporary was inconsistent and illogical, not to say really guilty of giving practically bad advice. We thought then, and think still, that the *North American* risked a paradox for the sake of a paragraph, and really counselled a policy not wise if possible but in fact an impossibility. That journal objects to our criticism, insisting that a "quiet interference" is our wise and proper policy.

Such, it claims, was the American diplomacy which "negotiated the French out of Mexico," because "France had no desire to try her arms against us under such circumstances." Unfortunate illustration of a "quiet interference without risk," when thus "our amazing display of naval and military strength and material resources" is expressly relied upon!

Again, the same sort of American diplomacy is credited by that journal with bringing about the recent league of South American Republics against Spain. We take issue on the fact. Chili and Peru, both at war with Spain, repelled her assaults and maintained themselves without aid from our diplomacy, which came halting along, if at all, after the conflict was over. Chili and Peru, united, saved themselves by their own hard knocks, and Spain, single-handed, was more than matched.

The world learns for the first time, from the *North American*, that we are helping Paraguay by our "quiet interference" against the allied forces now driving her to the last wall. If there be such an interference in this case, it is certainly very quiet, and its results not the most flattering to our diplomacy.

When our cotemporary affects to undervalue our knowledge of the transmarine interests of the Republic, and especially to disparage our intelligent and sincere desire for a paramount influence in the West Indian archipelago, that journal simply forgets its habitual courtesy, and ignores its usually thorough acquaintance with the American press. No journal has taken more advanced ground than has the GAZETTE, upon all questions in our foreign policy, and no American journal has already so clearly indicated the inevitable triumphs of the republican principle in the West Indian islands. We trust to be favored by the *North American* hereafter with its more attentive perusal of our columns.

## WOMAN'S RIGHTS PRACTICALLY ILLUSTRATED.

To all who desire the intellectual progress of the human race, particularly of the physically weaker sex, a most important and interesting exhibition is being held this week—the fourth annual exhibition of "the Pittsburgh School of Design for Women." It is interesting, if considered merely as an elevating sight, to study the progress of a strict education in art; to see how, from apparently simple beginnings, the eye and hand are educated to a close and fine delineation of difficult forms, in all varieties, in the combination of nature in landscape, and in copies of some of the world-renowned statuary. We may rejoice in having such an Institution and such models in our city, the position of which, among the cities of the United States, makes us earnest in desiring that she should add, to her attained commercial importance, the possession of and love for intellectual pursuits.

Fortune has given us the means, and, therefore, our people should be diligent and proud to encourage the arts and sciences, without which a people would be very unsymmetrical; like trees with air and light only on one side, the branches would grow in that direction where all the right influences were thus attracted, and on the other side a deformed appearance would be presented to the spectator. Thus man requires to have all his faculties drawn out and educated, at least in some sort of symmetry. Nations, or their parts, should foster any kind of knowledge which careful parents would be ready to supply for the instruction of their children.

This Institution of ours is mainly designed for women, the evening classes for the other sex being rather supplementary. We confine our observations now to the importance of this school to the sex especially interested. The fundamental, leading idea—what those concerned are working for, giving their untiring zeal and energy to accomplish, what some of our most influential citizens are giving of their wealth to support and spread—is the education of women, to be industrial, if they require it; to impart a knowledge, and the power, based on that knowledge, to step into broader, more healthful and better paid fields of labor. Every woman, of whatever condition in life, even if now the possessor of wealth, should have some of her faculties so thoroughly cultivated that, should fortune prove unkind, she may own the power that nothing but sickness could take from her—of self-support. Were this the case, women would only be more elevated thereby. The power is easily preserved. Their homes and paths of duty are more elevated, the more brain they bring into play. The painter Opie's answer to the inquiry, "Pray, what do you mix your colors with?" will apply to every duty of life. "With brains, sir." Then, if, as is so frequently the case in this country, "riches take to themselves wings and fly away," instead of being dependent on father or brother, already, perhaps, overtaxed, how much nobler they would feel in the ability to help themselves. Certainly parents must feel more confidence in their daughters' future when they know this.

To the young women themselves, we desire to quote the words of one of their own sex, one who toiled, not for fame, but for a duty; for an independent living, and not to depend on an old father, and also that she might cultivate a God-given talent, and achieve the fame which followed. CHARLOTTE BRONTE said: "Men begin to regard the position of woman in another light than they used to do; and a few men, whose sympathies are fine, and whose sense of justice is strong, think and speak of it with a candor that commands my admiration. They say, however,—and, to an extent, truly,—'that the amelioration of our condition depends on ourselves.' Certainly there are evils which our own efforts will best reach."

To the public, we would give the words of J. S. MILL: "If there be a natural unfitness in woman for man's employments, there is no need to make laws on the subject; leave all careers open; let them try. Those who ought to succeed will succeed, or, at least, will have a fair chance—the incapable will fall back into their right place." Every lover of his race should encourage and support this school, that future years may show, as the past has done, that woman elevated raises man's own estate.

## DEATH OF GOV. PICKENS.

Ex-Gov. F. W. PICKENS, of South Carolina, died on Monday last, at Edgefield, in that State, in the 62d year of his age.

His grandfather, Andrew by name, was born in Bucks county, Penn., but removed to South Carolina in his boyhood. In the colonial struggle with the mother country he was an ardent patriot, kept the field at the head of a partisan corps after the State was overrun by British troops, and finally rose to the rank of a Brigadier General. Congress voted him a sword for gallant conduct at the battle of Cowpens. Soon after he invested two British forts at Augusta, Ga., and took them. After participating in the unsuccessful siege of Ninety-six under General GREEN, he followed the retreating enemy to the seaboard, and at the battle of Eutaw led one of the brigades of South Carolina militia, MARION commanding the other. He was afterwards sent to the Legislature and to Congress, and then went back to the Legislature.

His Son, also named ANDREW, was a lawyer of wealth and ability, and was Governor of South Carolina in 1816-18.

FRANCIS W. was born in Toogadoo, and educated at the South Carolina College, at Columbia, and commenced practice as a lawyer at Edgefield. In 1832 he was elected to the Legislature by the Nullifiers, with whom he heartily sympathized, and soon distinguished himself as a debater; and as Chairman of the Committee to consider the relations of sovereignty and allegiance, made a report that sovereignty was a thing indivisible, and that consequently, allegiance was indivisible also. Congress, as the agent and creature of the States severally, had no claim to allegiance, and could exercise no sovereignty, the latter doctrine resulting directly from the former. In 1834 he was elected to Congress, and served for ten consecutive years. In 1836 he made an elaborate report denying the right of Congress to abolish Slavery in the District of Columbia, without the consent of Maryland and Virginia. In 1844 he declined a re-election to Congress, and was elected to the South Carolina Senate. The "Bluffton Movement," a demonstration on the part of certain citizens of the State to secede from the Union, was then in progress, and was advocated by Governor HAMMOND. Mr. PICKENS voted with the majority against the measure. After remaining several years in private life, he was elected to the Nashville Southern Convention, which met in 1850-1 to consider the proper course to be pursued by the South under alleged aggressions from the North. In 1856 he was a delegate to the Democratic National Convention which met at Cincinnati. In 1857 he was appointed by President BUCHANAN Minister to Russia. In 1860 he was elected Governor of South Carolina, as one of the preliminary arrangements to the Great Rebellion, into which he entered heartily. The remaining events of his public career will be readily recalled.

## CABINET RUMORS.

Time was when a company of elderly women, seated around a table and imbibing tea, were supposed to be the most loquacious and gossipy of the human family. They had their period of fame, such as it was, and have been surpassed and superceded. The writers of Washington specials to the various daily newspapers beat the old women out of sight.

Up to the period of the late Presidential election Gen. GRANT'S silence, as admitted by common consent, was unmatched by that of any man who ever held high public position in this or any other country. It was one of the strong traits of his character—inherent, constant and unconquerable. As soon as the election was over, the newspaper correspondents took him in hand, and according to their reports he has done nothing but gabble ever since—saying one day a hundred things he was certain to contradict the next. Some of these reports have been so gross and scandalous that the General has felt constrained to deny their accuracy. But this, which would have restrained most people, has produced no change in the conduct of the Bohemians. They manufacture conversations, opinions and preferences for the General, faster than any twenty men could manage specifically to repudiate them.

Just now, the larger share of reports about the General relate to pretended utterances of his in relation to the selection of members of his Cabinet. It is safe to conclude there is no more truth in these accounts than in those that went before and have finally been disposed of.

### The New Cabinet.

The statement attributed to General Grant, and which has caused considerable stir, to wit, that immediately after he is declared President, he will communicate with the men whom he has fixed on for his Cabinet, probably has no further foundation than this—that a leading officer of his staff, a few days ago, on being asked about the Cabinet, expressed the belief that General Grant was pursuing closely the policy that he indicated immediately after his election, viz: that he should keep his own counsel entirely till he received the official certificate; but that he, the staff official, had reason to believe that as soon as that transpired, General Grant would take steps to indicate the men of his choice; and that, in the nature of things, it would not be possible, even if desirable, to observe the same degree of reticence as has existed heretofore. It is not impossible, therefore, that the anxious and curious public may know something more or less reliable by the middle of the coming month.

THE Philadelphia *Buletin* says:

After listening for two hours and a half to the eloquent arguments and appeals of Messrs. Porter, Bergh, Hutter and Brooks, in favor of the merciful treatment of animals, the large audience poured out of the Academy of Music on Friday night and packed into the street cars to the cruelest extent. Fifty or sixty tender hearted philanthropists piled into each car, and were dragged miles and to their peaceful homes. Whether there were any dead horses reported on Saturday or not, we are not informed; but if there were, we trust that the worthy citizens and citizenesses who did them to death will ponder over the suggestive carcases. It was "flat Berghlary."

—S. Calstock, a merchant of Minneopolis, Minnesota, has failed. Liabilities $80,000. Other failures are reported.

## BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—General Sheridan is daily expected to return from the plains.

—Ex-Governor Pickens died in Edgefield, South Carolina, on Monday.

—The Legislature of Nevada has enenacted a law remanding the business of the State back to a coin basis.

—Frank Swift was the successful competitor in a skating match for $2,000 at the Jersey City Rink, on Tuesday.

—The Carroll distillery and A. F. Lincoln's warehouse, in Peoria, Ill., were destroyed by fire Tuesday night. Loss $30,000.

—A bill was reported by the Committee on Education in the Illinois Legislature, yesterday, striking out the word "white" in the general school act.

—An underground railroad bill for New York city was introduced in the New York Senate yesterday. A bill for the abolition of the death penalty was introduced in the Assembly.

—The New York State Workingmen's Association met at Albany yesterday. The annual report showed the Association to be in a healthy condition. The eight hour law is one of the subjects for discussion.

—Ten thousand dollars in checks and four hundred and forty-six shares of Pacific Mail Steamship stock, in a tin box, were stolen from the counter of the company's office, in Wall street, New York, on Tuesday.

—In his speech before before the Wisconsin Legislature yesterday, Matt. H. Carpenter, United States Senator elect, said he would retain his position no longer than his course was approved by those who elected him.

—On Monday morning, just before daylight, two horse thieves named John Fox and Sam. W. Taylor, were taken from the custody of 'Squire Lawrence, near Poplar Corner, Arkansas, taken to the woods and shot to death by a party of masked men.

—The case of Wm. Kriel, for the murder of his wife on the 7th of March last, came up yesterday morning at Louisville, Ky. After the examination of a large number of parties, a jury was finally impannelled. The case will occupy several days.

—A lieutenant and six men of the Arkansas Militia, heavily armed, arrived in Memphis yesterday. They were arrested by the police on the charge of intending to arrest certain persons, but were subsequently placed on a ferry boat and sent over the river.

—The Annual Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic of the Pacific coast was in session at San Francisco on Tuesday. Reports of various Commanders indicate the order in a prosperous condition. Col. James Cory was elected Grand Commander for the ensuing year.

In the Illinois Legislature, on Tuesday, a bill was introduced to compel railroads in that State to charge uniform rates for transportation of freight, in proportion to the distance carried, and providing that any railroad charging more than a *pro rata* proportion shall pay the owner five times the amount wrongfully collected, besides attorney's fees.


## DR. SARGENT'S BACKACHE PILLS.

The most efficient DIURETIC, for treatment of all complaints resulting from weakness and derangement of the Kidneys, such as pains and weakness in the Back or Loins; Gravel, Dropsy, Incontinance of Urine, Stranguary, Inflammation of the Kidneys, &c., &c. DR. SARGENT'S BACKACHE PILLS can be used with perfect safety in all cases in children as well as adults. Upwards of thirty-seven years' experience has proven this medicine to be the most uniform and efficient Diuretic ever discovered, besides being in the form of sugar coated Pills, making them easy to take, and not being a purgative, never interferes with the regular discharge of duties. These Pills can be had at wholesale and retail from the Proprietor

GEORGE A. KELLEY,
Wholesale Druggist,
CORNER OF WOOD STREET AND SECOND AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.

and from all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine.

50 cents per box. ja16

## WHAT ARE YOU TAKING?

Probably two-thirds of the adult population of the United States indulge, more or less, in barroom stimulants. Hot alcoholic beverages are habitually imbibed by thousands of people in the winter months to "keep out the cold." The alcoholic material of all these drinks is more or less *poisonous*, and is rendered all the more deleterious in consequence of being taken *warm*.

Avoid these dangerous excitements. Shun, as you would shun the deadliest drug, all *tavern stimulants*. They paralyze the digestion, congest the liver, disturb the natural action of the kidneys, irritate the bowels, shatter the nerves, and impair the reason.

The operation of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS is diametrically opposite to this. They spur no organ into unnatural activity; but they tone and regulate all. If the digestion is feeble, they awaken the dormant energies of the stomach, and promote the work of assimilation. If the liver is sluggish and torpid, they regenerate it. If the kidneys fail to perform their functions properly, they are regulated without being irritated. If the bowels are constipated, the peristaltic action is moderately increased, and the discharges become natural and regular. If the nerves are tremulous, they are strengthened. If the mind is clouded, the BITTERS tend to disperse the gloom.

These are the effects of the great VEGETABLE TONIC AND CORRECTIVE, which for twenty years has been a staple medicine in this country, and the demand for which steadily increases in all parts of the Western Hemisphere.

It is not offered as a *beverage*, but as a *medicine*; nor will it ever be used to satisfy a craving for alcoholic stimulants, because its effect is to *check*, not to *create*, a false appetite for excitants. The champions of temperance will do well to mark this peculiarity, and to recommend it as the only safe preparation containing alcohol, that can be used for medicinal purposes

## THE SOUND OF THE LUNGS.

One of the most accurate ways of determining whether the lungs are in a healthy or diseased condition, is by means of listening to the respiration. To those experienced in this practice it becomes as plain an index to the state of the lungs, and is as well known to the operator as are the voices of his most intimate acquaintances. The belief that long standing coughs, and diseases of the lungs upon which they are dependent, are incurable, are fast becoming obsolete. One great advantage to be gained from this advance in medical knowledge is the earlier application of those who become afflicted with those diseases to some one competent to afford relief. The error which had taken hold of the public mind in regard to the curability of consumption, or rather non-curability, is fast becoming obliterated, and it is well that it should be so, not that persons should lose that salutary fear which would make them apply for a timely remedy, but that all might be induced to use remedies while there is any hope. It is the delay in these cases that fills us with apprehension and alarm, for if every one would make timely application of DR. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE in the beginning of a cold or cough, few cases would go so far as to become irremediable.

Sold at the Doctor's great Medicine Store, No. 140 Wood street. WILL SHORTLY REMOVE TO HIS NEW STORE, NO. 16 LIBERTY STREET, SECOND DOOR FROM ST. CLAIR.

DR. KEYSER'S RESIDENT OFFICE FOR LUNG EXAMINATIONS AND THE TREATMENT OF OBSTINATE CHRONIC DISEASES, No. 120 PENN STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA. Office Hours from 9 A. M. until 4 P. M., and from 7 to 8 at night.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞**ORNAMENTAL AND USEFUL.** BUY ONLY SILVER TIPPED SHOES. For children. Will outwear three pairs without tips. ja28:d65

☞**EWALT STREET BRIDGE COMPANY.**—Notice is hereby given to the subscribers for the stock of the "Ewalt Street Bridge," that in compliance with an Act of Assembly incorporating said Company, an Instalment of FIVE DOLLARS on each share of stock is required to be paid immediately to the Treasurer, C. Siebert, at his office, No. **406** PENN STREET. By order of the Committee. C. SIEBERT. ja28:d65

**J. B. YOUNGSON & CO.,**

FANCY CAKE BAKERY, CONFECTIONARY, ICE CREAM and DINING SALOON,

**83** Smithfield street, corner of Diamond alley, Pittsburgh.

☞Parties and families supplied with Ice Cream and Cakes on short notice.

**FOR SALE AT A LOW PRICE.**—The lease for **8** years, with privilege of renewal or purchase of a TWO STORY FRAME DWELLING, situate at the corner of Union Avenue (East Common) and Water street, containing seven rooms, bath room and wide halls, range in kitchen, hot and cold water in each story, gas throughout, good cellar, and all in good repair; lyd ant and grape arbor in yard. Possession April 1st. Apply soon to B. McLAIN & CO., ja28 Cor. 4th avenue and Smithfield street.

**VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.** **400** acres of good land, a brick house, hewed log house, outhouses, **1,000** young grafted apple trees, just beginning to bear; many of the apples will weigh **1½** pounds each; an orchard of **200** acres in cultivation. Situate in Coffee county, Tennessee, one mile from a railroad station. The farm is well watered and is well adapted for grain or stock and cannot be excelled in middle Tennessee for beauty and location. The improvements would cost more than half the price asked. For further information apply to S. CUTHBERT & SONS, ja28 **85** Smithfield street.

**ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.**—In the District Court of the United States, for the Western District of Pennsylvania. In the matter of William Gibson, Bankrupt. No. **1,107** in Bankruptcy

WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, ss: At Pittsburgh, this **27**th day of January, A. D. **1869**.

To Whom it May Concern:—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of WILLIAM GIBSON, of Allegheny city, in the county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said District.

J. W. KIRKER, Ass'gnee, ja28:d69TH Attorney-at Law **87** Fifth avenue.

BY A. LEGGATE.

**BAKERY FOR SALE.**

Bakery For Sale.

Bakery For Sale.

The property, No. **40** PALO ALTO STREET, Second ward, Allegheny, is offered at private sale. It consists of ground **40** feet by **110** feet, on which are erected a brick building, comprising store and dwelling house of seven rooms, and in the rear a Baking House capable of baking fifty barrels per week. There is a first rate business established, which can be further increased by a man of energy and business tact. For full particulars visit the premises or enquire of

**A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer,**

ja28 **159** FEDERAL STREET.

**DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.**—Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between H. S. LUTZ and A. J. RANKIN, under the name and style of LUTZ & RANKIN, was dissolved by mutual consent on the **22**d day of Jaunary, **1869**. All debts due the said prrtnership are to be paid, and all liabilities discharged by H. S. Lutz, No. **287** Western avenue, Allegheny.

H. S. LUTR,
A. J. RANKIN.

I cordially recommend my successor, Mr. H. S. LUTZ, to a continuance of the patronage bestowed upon our firm. A. J. RANKIN.

PITTSBURGH, January **25**, **1869**. ja26:d57

**HOUSE ESTABLISHED 1824.**—Choice American and French Confectionary of all kinds, and large stock on hand. Also foreign fruits and other delicacies of the trade.

Weddings, parties, festivals, fairs and dinners for special occasions, furnished on short notice to any accessible point by rail, river, or conveyance, gotten up in the most approved style.

Meals prepared to order, with the best of everything in season. Ladies and families furnished with a quiet retired place to dine. Persons doing business in the city, or transient visitors, will find the place convenient and pleasant to enjoy a comfortable meal. J. B. HUBLEY,

ja26 **27** and **29** Fourth Avenue.

**REMOVAL.**

**The Offices and Warehouses of**

**PARK, BROTHER & CO.**

HAVE BEEN

REMOVED TO THEIR WORKS,

**Cor. Thirtieth and Railroad Streets.**

Orders left with PARK, McCURDY & CO., No. **122** Second Avenue, will receive prompt attention. ja26

**FURS! FURS! FURS!**

AT

**McCORD & CO's,**

131 WOOD STREET.

**LUMBER!**

**ALEXANDER PATTERSON,**

Wholesale and retail dealer in LUMBER of all description, keeps constantly on hand and for sale BOARDS, PLANK, SCANTLING, JOISTS, SHINGLES, LOCUST AND CEDAR POSTS, WEATHER BOARDING, FLOORING, FANCY SIDING, PATENT SPOUTING, &c. Also a large stock of OAK, POPLAR, ASH and YELLOW PINE LUMBER. Attention of dealers is invited to my large stock of dry lumber in yards.

NO. **157** REBECCA ST., opp. Gas Works.

And corner of Preble and Juniata Sts., ja20:d46 Sixth Ward, Allegheny.

**WALL PAPER,**

**At 107 Market Street.**

Near Fifth avenue. To make room for new goods we will sell

FOR THIRTY DAYS

The stock now in store, at prices that will pay buyers to invest. Call and see.

**JOS. R. RUGHES & BRO.**

ja16

**LESSONS IN**

**ENGLISH, FRENCH AND ITALIAN.**

ALFRED H. BROWNING, Professor of the above Languages, and Translator of Letters and Documents, will be glad to receive pupils either at his residence or will visit them in their own homes. Terms moderate. Address office of the PITTSBURGH GAZETTE. ja25:d12

**SEED.**

**200** BU. CHOICE CLOVER SEED.
**250** bushels choice Timothy Seed,
In store and for sale by

**MEANOR & BARPER,**

**329** Liberty street.
ja21 Pittsburgh.

**CORN.—198 sacks Shelled, 424** sacks ear, now landing from steamer Gray Eagle, for sale by

ja28 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**WESTERN LAND AGENCY.**

**70,000 Acres of Land for Sale,**

In Iowa and Minnesota; price from **$3.00** to **$5.00** per acre. Land bought and sold on commission. Taxes paid; Titles examined; abstracts furnished; Surveying and Plotting done.

Information furnished in reference to locality, quality and valuation of lands. General collecting business done. Address

**C. C. WAY,**

ja28:d68 ELLINGTON, IOWA.

**PROCLAMATION.**

MAYOR'S OFFICE,
PITTSBURGH, January **27**, **1869**.

In accordance with a resolution passed by the Select and Common Councils of the city of Pittsburgh, on the **22**d day of January, **1869**, I hereby Issue this my Proclamation, for the election of One Member of Select Council, for the Sixteenth ward of the City of Pittsburgh to fill the vacancy caused by the death of A. Hoeveler, Esq., member elect from said ward. The electors of the Sixteenth ward of the City of Pittsburgh, qualified to vote for members of the House of Representatives of the CommonWealth, will, therefore, meet at the WIGWAM, corner of Main and Pearl streets, in said ward, on TUESDAY, the **9**th day of February, **1869**, and elect One Member of Select Council to fill the vacancy aforesaid.

Given under my hand and the seal of said City of Pittsburgh, this **27**th day of January, A. D. **1869**.

ja28: JAMES BLACKMORE, Mayor. (L.S.)

**STATEMENT OF THE**

**NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY**

**Of the City of Allegheny,**

FROM JANUARY 1, 1868, TO DEC. 31, 1868.

Published in accordance with the Act of Assembly.

| | |
|---|---|
| Capital authorized | $200,000 |
| Capital subscribed | 100,000 |
| Capital paid in | 50,000 |

ASSETS:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Stock Notes | | $50,000 00 |
| Mortgages, city property | | 41,495 00 |
| U. S. 5-20 Bonds | | 27,300 00 |
| Cash on hand | | 4,064 96 |
| Accrued interest | | 1,277 79 |
| Office furniture | | 741 70 |
| Total assets | | $124,879 47 |

RECEIPTS:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Am'nt of premium | $22,078 75 | |
| Amount of interest | 5,275 76 | |
| Total receipts | | $ 27,354 51 |

DISBURSEMENTS:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Dividends | $10,000 00 | |
| Fire losses | 6,258 43 | |
| Office expenses | 3,380 20 | |
| Commissions | 1,050 53 | |
| Premiums returned | 958 40 | |
| U. S. Tax & Stamps | 651 89 | |
| Re-insurance | 340 08 | |
| Total | | $ 22,639 33 |

Ratio of losses and expenses to receipts, **47** per cent.

LIABILITIES:

| | |
|---|---|
| Amount of outstanding risks | $1,729,262 67 |
| Unsettled losses and sundry bills | 3,151 60 |

**JAMES E. STEVENSON,**

ja28-d66-T:TH:S SECRETARY.

**STATEMENT OF THE**

**ARTISANS' INSURANCE CO.**

From January **1**, **1868** to December **31**, **1868**, Published in accordance with Law.

| | |
|---|---|
| Authorized Capital | $200,000 00 |
| Subscribed Capital | 100,000 00 |
| Paid up Capital | 64,000 00 |

ASSETS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Cash on Hand | | 7,656 07 |
| Book Accounts for Premiums | | 154 94 |
| Loans on Bonds and Mortgages | | 71,040 00 |
| Loans on Other Securities | | 12,033 33 |
| Stock Notes | | 36,000 00 |
| Office Furniture and Safe | | 673 00 |
| Interest Accrued, but not Due | | 1,220 00 |
| | | $128,777 34 |
| Balance, January **1**, **1868** | | $47,258 17 |
| Received Fire Premiums in '68 | | 20,058 76 |
| Received Interest in **1868** | | 6,935 79 |
| Received from other Sources in **1868** | | 1,501 58 |
| | | $56 754 30 |
| Fire losses, paid | $ 7,199 00 | |
| Return Premiums | 506 58 | |
| Commissions | 503 42 | |
| Salaries, Rent and other Expenses | 4,646 33 | |
| Taxes and Stamps | 1,141 63 | |
| Dividends | 14,000 00 | |
| | | 28,976 96 |
| Balance | | $28,777 34 |
| Outstand'g risks, Dec. **31**, '68 | | $1,133,576 47 |

LIABILITIES.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Fire losses | $ 832 20 | |
| Cargo losses—estimated | 2,200 00 | |
| Taxes to State | 1,093 12 | $4,125 32 |

**J. G. COFFIN.**

ja21-d36-T.S.T Secretary.

**51 51 1**

Fifth Avenue,

**CARPETS,**

**CARPETS,**

**CARPETS.**

**M'CALLUM BROTHERS,**

**M'CALLUM BROTHERS,**

**M'CALLUM BROTHERS,**

51 Fifth Avenue,

ja23 ABOVE WOOD STREET.

**REDUCTION!!**

**CARPETS,**

**OIL CLOTHS,**

**&c., &c.**

**We offer our stock at reduced prices for a SHORT TIME before commencing to take stock. Now is the time to buy.**

BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,

**21 FIFTH AVENUE.**

ja21:d&wF

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**HOUSEKEEPING DRY GOODS**

AT

**Very Low Prices.**

BLEACHED TABLE LINENS;
HALF BLEACHED TABLE LINENS;
UNBLEACHED TABLE LINENS;
TABLE NAPKINS;
TOWELINGS;
LINEN TOWELS;
BLEACHED SHEETING MUSLINS;
UNBLEACHED SHEETING MUSLINS;
PILLOW CASE MUSLINS;
HONEY COMB QUILTS;
MARSEILLES QUILTS;
LINEN SHEETINGS—an extra bargain;
PILLOW CASE LINENS;
TICKINGS, &c., &c.,

*WHOLESALE AND RETAIL*

AT

**WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,**

**180 AND 182**

FEDERAL STREET,

**ALLEGHENY.**

ja28

**JANUARY, 1869.**

**CARPETS.**

M'FARLAND & COLLINS,

**Will Continue their**

**ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALE**

**TWO WEEKS LONGER**

Greater Bargains than Ever will be offered to close out Special Lines of Goods, at

71 AND 73 FIFTH AVENUE,

**SECOND FLOOR.**

ja6

SCHMIDT & FRIDAY

**IMPORTERS OF**

**WINES, BRANDIES, GIN, &C.**

**WHOLESALE DEALERS IN**

**PURE RYE WHISKIES,**

**409 PENN STREET,**

**Will Remove on the 1st of April to**

**NOS. 384 AND 386 PENN,**

Cor. Eleventh St., (formerly Canal.)

**47. HEADQUARTERS 47.**

FOR

**BOYS' CLOTHING.**

**Gray & Logan,**

**NO. 47 ST. CLAIR STREET,**

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**FOR**

**TUESDAY, JANUARY 26.**

AT 10 CENTS,

**Good Fast Colored Dark Calicos.**

AT 12½ CENTS, YARD WIDE SOFT FINISHED BLEACHED MUSLINS.

AT 12½ CENTS, HEAVY YARD WIDE UNBLEACHED MUSLINS.

AT 20 CENTS, COTTON TABLE CLOTH GOODS.

AT 12½ CENTS, CHOICE NEW STYLE CALICOS.

AT 6¼ CENTS, LADIES' LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS.

AT 12½ CENTS, LADIES' HEMSTITCHED HANDKERCHIEFS.

AT 20 CENTS, BARRED SHIRTING FLANNELS.

AT 25 CENTS, DOUBLE WIDTH SHIRTING FLANNELS.

*Full and Complete Stock of*

**DOMESTIC COTTON GOODS,**

Bought before the advance in prices, now offered at the LOWEST CASH PRICES,

**WHOLESALE AND RETAIL**

AT

**WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,**

**NO. 180 AND 182**

FEDERAL STREET,

**ALLEGHENY.**

ja26

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

I **HAVE THIS DAY ASSOCIATED** with me in co-partnership,

**WILLIAM BRUFF, JOHN M. THORP, and JEROME S. BONNET.**

The business will be conducted at the old stand under the name and style of WM. MILLER & CO.

**WILLIAM MILLER.**

PITTSBURGH, January **1**, **1869**

**WILLIAM MILLER & CO.,**

Nos. 221 and 223 Liberty Street.

Corner of Irwin, now offer to the trade at low figures, strictly

**Prime New Crop New Orleans Sugar and Molasses.**

Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Sugars.
New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore Refined do.
Golden Drips, Loverings, Brunjis, Stuart's, Adams' and Long Island syrups.
Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Molasses.
Young Hyson, Japan, Imperial, Gunpowder and Oolong Teas.
Carolina and Bangoin Rice.
Java, Laguayra and Rio Coffees.
Tobacco, Lard Oil, Fish, Nails, Glass, Soaps, Cotton Yarns, &c., constantly on hand.

**ALSO,**

IMPORTERS OF

**Fine Brandies, Wines and Segars.**

Rhenish, Moselle, and Sparkling Hock Wines of Hinkel & Co., in bottles.
Sparkling Moselle, Scharsberg and Johannisburg, Hockheimer, Burgundy, &c.
Brandenburg & Freres' Fine Olive Oil.
do do Clarets, imported in bottles.
do do White Wines, in bottles.
M. Work & Sons' Sparkling Catawba.
Fine old Sherry, Madeira and Port Wines.
Free Old Monongahela Rye Whiskies, pure.
do Very Superior Old Scotch do do.

**ALSO,**

Sole Agents for Moet & Chandon's Grand Vin. Imperial.
Verzenay and Sellery Champagne.
Brandies of our own selection and warranted.
ja2 d48

**SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.**

TO MEET THE GENERAL DESIRE OF THOSE who have been deferred from purchasing until after the first of the year, we have concluded to continue our

**GREAT REDUCTION SALE**

FOR A FEW WEEKS LONGER. This is positively the last opportunity to secure bargains in

**CARPETS,**

**Oil Cloths, Mattings, &c.**

**Good Carpets for 25 cents a Yard.**

OLIVER M'CLINTOCK AND COMPANY

**No. 23 Fifth Street.**

ja18

ROCK THE BABY

IN

**EARNEST'S PATENT CRIB.**

SOLD ONLY BY

LEMON & WEISE.

**Practical Furniture Manufacturers, &c.,**

**118 FOURTH AVENUE.**

Where may be found a full assortment of Parlor, Chamber and Kitchen Furniture. de25

**SKATES, SKATES, SKATES.**

American Rink,
New York Club,
Empire, Starr, &c.

All other styles and sizes at the very lowest rates at

**WHITESIDES & DRUM,**

de14 **79** FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

**FLOOR OIL CLOTHS—We have** in stock a large assortment of styles and various widths of thoroughly seasoned Floor Oil Cloths, which we are offering to the wholesale and retail trade at prices lower, taking quality into consideration, than can be had in this city.

J. & H. PHILLIPS,
no30 **26** and **28** Sixth street.

## NOTICES.

☞**ANNUAL MEETING.**—The annual meeting of the PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM ASSOCIATION, will be held at the Room of the Association, on THURSDAY, January **28**, at **10** o'clock A.M., for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year.

ja26:d57 A. F. BROOKS, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE ALLEGHENY VALLEY R.R. Pittsburgh, January **25**, **1869**.

☞**STOCKHOLDERS ANNUAL MEETING.**—The regular annual meeting of the Allegheny Valley Railroad Company will be held at the office of the company, No. **26** Pike street, on TUESDAY, **23**d day of February, **1869**, for the purpose of electing a Board of Managers for the coming year and the transaction of such other business as may be presented.

ja27:d69 JOHN GALLANTINE, Secretary.

OFFICE PACIFIC & ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH CO. OF THE UNITED STATES. PITTSBURGH, January **25**, **1868**.

☞**FIFTEENTH DIVIDEND.**—The Directors of the Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph Company of the United States having this day declared the regular quarterly dividend at the rate of TEN PER CENT. per annum for the quarter ending December **31**, **1868**, I will pay the same at the office of the Treasurer on call.

ja27:d64 ED. JAY ALLEN, Treasurer.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI & ST. LOUIS RY. CO. Steubenville, O., January **18**, **1869**.

☞**NOTICE IS HEREBY Given** to the Stockholders of the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati & St. Louis Railway Company to meet at its office in Steubenville, O., on MONDAY, February **1st**, **1869**, between the hours of **1** and **4** o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing THIRTEEN DIRECTORS to serve for the ensuing year; and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before them.

J. G. MORRIS,
ja19:d29 Secretary.

☞**PERRY STREET.**—The undersigned, appointed viewers to assess damages and benefits for OPENING PERRY STREET, from its eastern terminus to meet the Troy Hill Road, will meet on the premises on MONDAY, **15**th day of February, at **4½** o'clock P.M., to attend to the duties of their appointment.

J. J. HERMAN,
THOMAS SMITH,
ja27:d61 L. WALTER, } Viewers.

☞**WEBSTER STREET.**—We, the undersigned, appointed viewers to assess damages and benefits in the matter of widening WEBSTER STREET, Second ward, Allegheny, from Benton alley to North Common, will meet on the premises on MONDAY, the **15**th day of February, at **3** o'clock P.M., to attend to the duties of our appointment.

S. BULFORD,
J. J. HERMAN,
ja27:d63 LEONARD WALTER.

OFFICE PITTSBGH & CONNELLSVILLE R. Co. Pittsburgh, January **14**, **186** .

☞**NOTICE TO Bondholders.**—Notice is hereby given that COUPON No. **19** TURTLE CREEK DIVISION CONSTRUCTION BONDS, due on the first day of February next, will be paid on and after that date upon presentation and delivery at the First National Bank of Pittsburgh.

JOHN H. PAGE, JR.,
ja15:d20 Treasurer.

DRUGGISTS

**W. MACKEOWN & BRO.,**

**WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,**

AND MANUFACTURERS OF

**Carbon Oil.**

**MOVED TO NO. 195 LIBERTY STREET,**

PITTSBURGH, PENNA.

White Window Lead, Glass and Glassware at Manufacturers prices. de9

ELECTIC SUMMER CORDIAL,

An infallible remedy for Summer Complaint, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Vomiting, Sour Stomach and Cholera Morbus.

**DR. HARRIS' CRAMP CURE,**

A specific for Cholera, Cramps and Pain and Stomach, for sale by

**HARRIS & EWIN**

**Corner Liberty and Wayne Streets,**

**AGENTS FOR**

**J. SCHOONMAKER & SON'S**

PURE WHITE LEAD

AND

**McCOY'S VERDITER GREEN,**

The only green paint that will not deteriorate by exposure. It will look better, last longer and give more perfect satisfaction than any paint in the market

**WALL PAPER—REMOVAL.**

THE OLD PAPER STORE IN A NEW PLACE,

**W. P. MARSHALL**

Has removed from **87** WOOD STREET to

*NO. 191 LIBERTY STREET,*

a few doors above ST. CLAIR. de18

J. E. SWINT..... J. M. BRATT.

**SWINT & BRATT,**

ARCHITECTURAL AND

**ORNAMENTAL CARVERS**

No. 63 Sandusky St., Allegheny, Pa.

A large assortment of NEWEL POSTS and BALUSTERS constantly on hand. TURNING, of all descriptions, done. oc9:v86

**KEYSTONE POTTERY.**

**S. M. KIER & CO.,**

Manufacturers of

**QUEENSWARE, BRISTOL WARE &c.**

office and Warehouse, **363** LIBERTY STREET.

☞All orders promptly attended to.

**ECONOMIZE YOUR FUEL,** by using the

**SHIVE CENTRIFUGAL GOVERNOR,** the only true and easily regulated Governor made; perfect in its operations and truly reliable. A large size Governor can be seen at the office of PERCE VAL BECKETT, Mechanical Engineer and Solicitor of Patents, No. **79** Federal street, Allegheny City, the only agent for this Governor in the West. se22:x96

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR. Pittsburgh, January **25**th, **1869**.

**NOTICE.—The assessment for** Grading and Paving SPRING ALLEY, from Twenty eighth to Twenty-ninth street, is now ready for examination and can be seen at this office until THURSDAY, February 4th, **1869**, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.

ja25:d54 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

**FRESH FISH.—Benjamin Pul-** PRESS still continues to fill all city and country orders for

FRESH WHITE LAKE FISH, SALMON AND BASS.

Send to No. **45** DIAMOND MARKET, Pittsburgh, or his old well known TWIN CITY STAND, Allegheny market. oc30

**FRENCH PEAS AND MUSHROOMS,**

Just received; also, Fresh Asparagus, Green Corn, Tomatoes, Lima Beans and Okra, put up in tin cans, for sale by the dozen or case, by

JNO. A. RENSHAW,
ja13 Corner Liberty and Hand streets.

**40 BARRELS OF SORGHUM** MOLASSES.

ja15 DILLINGER & STEVENSON.

**2,000 BUSHELS OF PEACH** BLOWS.

ja15 DILLINGER & STEVENSON.

☞*NOTICES—"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES each, will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.*

## WANTED---SITUATION.

**WANTED.—SITUATION.—A** BUSINESS MAN, with good qualifications, who can adapt himself to circumstances, desires a situation. Address G., GAZETTE office.

## WANTED---AGENTS.

**WANTED.—AGENTS.—DR.** ASHBAUGH'S WONDER OF THE WORLD" is warranted to cure Rheumatism, Neuralgia—sold on the Package system. No one is required to pay until fully tested. I pay **$60** per month, a large commission, to good men to distribute these packages. Call at No. **10½** st. Clair Street. D. C. TILTON.

## WANTED---HELP.

**WANTED.—COOK.—A good** GIRL will find a pleasant home in a small family, by applying early at No. **65** BEAVER STREET, Allegheny City. Must be a good cook, washer and ironer. References required.

**WANTED—HELP.—AT EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.** No. **3** St. Clair Street, BOYS GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

## WANTS.

**WANTED.—SUITE OF ROOMS** and BOARD in private family for Gentleman and Lady in central part of the city; rooms fronting on the street. Address Box A, GAZETTE OFFICE.

## LOST.

**LOST—On Tuesday last, a large** CLUSTER GARNET BROOCH, probably on Market street or Fifth avenue, or in an Ohio avenue car. A liberal reward for its return to the GAZETTE OFFICE.

## TO LET.

**TO-LET.—ROOMS.—Two fine** ROOMS in GAZETTE BUILDING. Apply at Counting Rooms, **84** and **86** Fifth avenue.

**TO-LET.—A House With Many** rooms and well lighted and dry basement, suitable for offices or store, on corner of Penn and Eighth streets, will be let in separate apartments or altogether. Also a dwelling with eleven rooms; also one with seven, near the same corner. Apply at **277** PENN STREET.

**TO-LET.—DWELLING HOUSE** and OFFICE, **176** FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny. The office is very desirable for a physician. Apply at WM. SEMPLE'S, **180** Federal street, two doors above.

**TO-LET.—ONE STORE ROOM,** FOUR BASEMENTS, well lighted and finished.

OFFICES in the second story.

SLEEPING ROOMS in the third story, and ONE LARGE HALL, with two ante-rooms, in the fourth story of A. H. English & Co's new building, Fourth avenue. Apply to A. H. ENGLISH & CO., No. **39** Fifth avenue.

**TO-LET.—THE SECOND AND** THIRD STORIES of a Business House on Federal street, Allegheny city. Each room is **20** by **80**. Splendid location for a PHOTOGRAPHER, SAMPLE ROOM or light Manufacturing. Spacious front entrance, and in the best business portion of the street. For particulars apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents and Brokers, No. **139** Fourth Avenue.

**TO LET—HOUSE—A First Class** 3 story brick house with **11** rooms, a good range of modern kind in kitchen, hot and cold water up stairs and down, a good wash house and bath room, a good coal house on alley back; also a good dry cellar under the whole house. Everything in complete repair. For further particulars inquire of RAMSEY & HALL, Real Estate Agents, No. **91** Beaver street.

**TO-LET.—The Office Rooms** now occupied by D. COOPER, on Ohio street, Allegheny city, with good stable.

S. CUTHBERT & SONS,
ja23 **85** Smithfield street.

**TO LET.—TWO Handsomely** furnished rooms, with gas and fire, one on first floor, and one front up stairs. Inquire at **199** Third avenue.

## FOR SALE

**FOR SALE.—House and Lot on** Fayette street, Fifth Ward Allegheny. House new, containing Five Rooms, Cellar and Hall, well furnished. Lot—feet front by—feet in depth.

Two Lots on Chartiers street, each **20** feet front by **130** feet in depth, corner of Bayard Alley.

One Lot on Nixon street **20** feet front by **132** feet in depth, Sixth Ward, Allegheny.

Also, for lease **1¼** acres of ground with a good House of Three Rooms with necessary out buildings, at Woods Run, for a term of from one to ten years.

House and Lot No. **220** Lacock street, Allegheny city. Apply to

ALEXANDER PATTERSON.

Corner Juniata and Preble street, Sixth ward, Allegheny. ja22

**FOR SALE.—A DESIRABLE** FARM, containing **150** acres, located on the A. V. R. R., **23** miles from the city and within five minutes walk of a Station; **125** acres cleared, balance in good timber; **90** acres in grass, **30** acres underlaid with a **3** foot vein of coal; soil first class and the improvements No. **1**, consisting of a new Double Two Story Frame House of **7** rooms, four halls and good cellar, built and finished in splendid style; large new Bank Barn, **40** by **72**, planed an painted. Also, all necessary outbuildings conveniently arranged, including a Tenement House of **4** rooms; whole farm well watered and can all be worked by machinery; six acres of orchard, select variety of fruits; also small fruits. This farm is without doubt the best in the neighborhood, and needs only to be seen to be appreciated. From the house is had a delightful view of the towns of Freeport and Natrona, up and down the Allegheny rivers and surrounding country. For particulars apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. **139** Fourth Avenue.

**FOR SALE.—"MAYFIELD"** COTTAGE and GROUNDS, about **8** acres, beautifully planted and distributed in vineyard, fruit and ornamental evergreen and deciduous trees and shrubbery, a complete assortment of the fruits of the climate; commodious carriage house, stable and tenant house under one roof; cottage of eight rooms, pantries, &c., summer kitchen, rain water cistern and spring of purest water at door. Situate one mile north of Allegheny, on Perrysville road, and a quarter of a mile from Pleasant Valley Passenger Car Station. For terms and particulars enquire at north end of Hand Street Bridge.

**FOR SALE.—A THREE STORY** BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, containing **16** rooms, situated No. **46** STOCKTON AVENUE, Allegheny City. The lot is **30** by **240** feet, and has a good brick stable at rear end fronting on Water street. For further information inquire of H. CHILDS, No. **133** Wood street, Pittsburgh. ja9

**FOR SALE.—WAREHOUSE.—** That fine TWO STORY BRICK BUILDING, **95** Ohio street, Allegheny, now occupied as a Flour and Grain Warehouse. For terms, &c., apply to M. STEELE & SON, on the premises.

**FOR SALE.—REFINERY.—A** First Class Refinery, in complete running order, nearly new. Has been in operation but a few months, situated on the A. V. R. R., beyond the present city limits. Capacity five hundred bbls per week. Can be doubled with no extra expense excepting an additional still. Apply at **22** and **24** MARKET STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.

**FOR SALE—BUSINESS.—THE** STOCK AND GOOD WILL of wholesale and retail Dry Goods and Notion house, now doing a good business, located on Federal street, Allegheny city. Also the store room with fixtures and cellar "TO-LET." This is an opening seldom offered, as the stand is second to none on the street. For particulars apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents and Brokers, No. **139** Fourth avenue.

**FOR SALE—DESIRABLE WESTERN AVENUE RESIDENCE,** located on Western avenue, Allegheny city, between Bidwell street and Irwin avenue. Residence—brick of **11** rooms, hall and good cellar, gas throughout and all finish din first class style. Lot **48** by **120** to a **20** foot alley, will be sold on easy terms. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. **139** Fourth avenue. ja16

**FOR SALE—BUSINESS STAND** —A well known and prosperous wholesale business stand, with stock and fixtures, is offered for sale. Satisfactory reasons are given for the disposal. Apply at **77** WOOD STREET.

**FOR SALE.—A New House of** Seven Rooms and Hall, corner of Pride and Forbes streets. Water and Gas in the house; also Range in kitchen.

**FOR SALE.—A SPLENDID 7** OCTAVE ROSEWOOD PIANO. Very cheap. Is nearly new Address, box 1345 Pittsburgh Postoffice.

**FOR SALE—SHOW CASE.—Enquire** of J. R. KENNEDY, **85** Smithfield street.

**SODA ASH—100 tons choice** brands in store and for sale by

no17 J. B. CANFIELD & SON.

IRON WORKS.

DUQUESNE WORKS,

COLEMAN, RAHM & CO.,

Manufacturers of

IRON, NAILS, STEEL,

AXLES AND SPRINGS,

Duquesne Iron, Sheet and Tank Iron, Juniata Iron, Wagon Box Iron, Charcoal Iron, Cylinder Iron, XL Iron, Flanged Cutter Bars, Guard Iron, Drag and Dropper Bars, T Rail for Coal Roads, Iron Wedges, Flat Rail for Coal Roads, Boiler Iron, Crow Bars, Chain Links, Boiler Heads, Steel and Iron Harrow Teeth, Carriage, Wagon, Seat and Coach Springs, and Axles, all styles; Slab Steel for Plows, Cultivator Steel, Steel Wings and Moulds cut to pattern. Spring Steel all sizes, A. B. Steel and Steel Tire, Steel Crow Bars, Steel Shafting, &c.

ALL GOODS FIRST CLASS AND WARRANTED.

☞Offices and Works 16th street and Allegheny river and 77 WATER STREET, Pittsburgh. ja14:c22

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PITTSBURGH FORGE AND IRON CO.,

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Railroad Car Axles Rolled;
Railroad Car Axles Hammered;
Locomotive Frames;
Locomotive Frame Shapes;
Side Rods;
Yokes, Straps;
Piston Heads;
Steamboat Shafts;
Steamboat Cranks;
Piston Rods, Wrists;
Pitman Jaws, Collars, &c.

Office, No. 177 PENN STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

EVERSON, PRESTON & CO.,

Pennsylvania Iron Works.

Warehouse, Nos. 166 and 167 FIRST STREET, opposite Monongahela House. ap24:d6 PITTSBURGH.

STEEL WORKS.

DUQUESNE IRON AND STEEL WORKS,

COLEMAN, RAHM & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Iron, Nails and Steel, Carriage and Wagon Springs and Axles.

Duquesne, XL and Juniata Merchant Bar, Round and Square Iron; Band, Hoop, Sheet and Plate Iron; Oval, Half Oval and Half Round Iron; Cylinder and Wagon Box Iron; Drag and Dropper Bars; T and Flat Rail for Coal Roads; Cut Nails and Spikes; Plow, Spring and A B Steel; Laminated Steel; Cutter Bars, Crow Bars, &c.

Office and Warehouse—77 WATER STREET, Pittsburgh.

SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS.

SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Manufacturers of every description of

CAST AND GERMAN STEEL,

RAILWAY SPRINGS, ELLIPTIC AND PLATFORM SPRINGS, AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c

Warehouse, 83 Water and 100 First Sts.

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN.

GENERAL PARTNERS:

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SPECIAL PARTNER—S. M. KIER.

CRESCENT STEEL WORKS,

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN,

Office, No. 339 Liberty St,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

fe14:d48

BLACK DIAMOND STEEL WORKS.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

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Office and Warehouse, 120, 122, 124 SECOND and 119 and 121 FIRST STREETS,

PITTSBURGH.

NOVELTY WORKS.

PITTSBURGH NOVELTY WORKS.

Founded A. D. 1833.

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SCALES.

Janus Faced Patent Door Locks and Latches, Paint and Coffee Mills, &c.

CORNER OF FIRST AVENUE & GRANT STS.,

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LAKE SUPERIOR COPPER MILL AND SMELTING WORKS

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PARK, McCURDY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Sheathing, Braziers' and Bolt Copper, Pressed Copper Bottoms, Raised Still Bottoms, Spelter Solder. Also, Importers and Dealers in Metal, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Wire, &c. Constantly on hand Tinners' Machines and Tools. Warehouse, No. 140 FIRST STREET and 139 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. mv14:c34:d wT

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WEST COMMON

*Machine Stone Works,*

Northwest corner of West Common, Allegheny.

FRED'K ATWATER & CO.

Have on hand or prepare on short notice Hearth and Step Stones, Flags for Sidewalks, Brewers' Vaults, &c. Head and Tomb Stones, &c.

Orders promptly executed. Prices reasonable

MONEY! MONEY!!—$4,000 to invest in a Mortgage on City or County Property, for a term of three years.

$2,000 to loan on Bond and Mortgage for 2 years.

WANTED—Business or Accommodation Paper to the amount of $20,000; time from 60 days to 4 months.

WANTED—To exchange a Farm of 160 Acres of Land in Missouri for a Family Horse and Spring Wagon.

Apply to B. McLAIN & CO., de4 Corner Fourth av. and Smithfield st.

NOTICE.—Persons owning property fronting or abutting on Aikens avenue, in the city of Pittsburgh, will please take notice the report of viewers, in the matter of the opening of Aikens avenue, has been placed in my hands.

The assessments, if not paid on or before February 11th, 1869, will be entered in Court as liens.

J. F. SLAGLE, City Attorney.

ja12:d6 106 Fifth Avenue.

FOUNDERS, MACHINISTS.

KNAP FORT PITT FOUNDRY COMPANY.

OFFICE AND WORKS,

TWELFTH STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞Engines, Rolling Mill Machinery, Nail Machines, Retorts, and Castings generally.

NATIONAL FOUNDRY AND PIPE WORKS.

Corner Carroll and Smallman Streets,

(NINTH WARD,)

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WILLIAM SMITH,

Manufacturer of

CAST IRON BOWL PIPE

FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.

My Pipes are all cast invariably in Pits, in dry sand, and 12 feet lengths. Also, full assortment of general

Castings for Gas and Water Works.

I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

ATLAS WORKS,

MORTON STREET, Ninth Ward,

PITTSBURGH.

THOMAS N. MILLER, President.

These Works are among the largest and most complete establishments in the West, and are now prepared to furnish

Engines, of every description.
Boilers, Oil Tanks.
Sheet Iron Work.
Railroad Castings.
Rolling Mill Castings.
Engine Castings.
Machine Castings.
General Castings.

ORDERS SOLICITED.

no9:n89

L. O. LIVINGSTON.....W. H. BURT.
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LIVINGSTON & CO.,

IRON FOUNDERS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

*FINE LIGHT CASTINGS,*

All descriptions, for Plumbers and Gas Fitters; Agricultural Implements, Cotton and Woolen Mill Machinery, &c.

All Job Work promptly attended to.

Office and Works—WASHINGTON AVENUE, near Outer Depot, Allegheny City, Pa.

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLERS,

WASHINGTON WORKS,

FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS, PITTSBURGH,

Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions: Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.

Office, No. 12, corner First and Smithfield Streets.

Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding Boilers. ja11:r52

MONT BLANC FOUNDRY.

*Butler Street, Ninth Ward,*

(Opposite Union Iron Mills,)

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Rolling Mill and Bridge Castings,

THIMBLE SKEINS AND PIPE BOXES,

MACHINERY AND CASTINGS GENERALLY.

Orders promptly and carefully executed. Charges reasonable.

EBBERT & MACKLIND.

oc15:128

THOMAS CARLIN & CO.,

Fourth Ward Foundry and Machine Works,

SANDUSKY ST., ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.,

Manufacturers of Steam Engines, Oil Presses, Pulleys, Shafting, Grist and Saw Mill Work, Rolling Mill and Machine Castings, Grate Bars, Weights, Wagon Boxes, &c. Build to order and have on hand Engines of all sizes. mv14:q5

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880 Penn Street.

BOLLMAN, BOYD & BAGALEY.

Chill Rolls, Mill Castings, Roll Lathes, &c.

LUMBER.

LUMBER! LUMBER!!

ALEXANDER PATTERSON.

Dealer in all Kinds of Lumber.

ON HAND AND FOR SALE:
1,000,000 feet Dry Pine Boards;
150,000 feet 1½ and 2 inch Clear Plank;
30,000 feet Dry 1½ inch Common Plank;
30,000 feet Dry 1 and 2 inch Oak;
25,000 feet Dry 2, 2½ and 3 inch Ash,
5,000 ft. Dry 2, 2½, 3 in. Cherry & Maple,
30,000 ft. Dry 1, 1½, 2 and 3 inch Poplar;
10,000 feet Dry Poplar Scantling;
250,000 feet Hemlock Joists and Scanting;
750,000 No. 1 18-inch Shingles, sawed;
250,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, sawed;
40,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, shaved;
20,000 Fire Brick;
1,000 Fire Tile.
100 Tons Fire Clay;

YARDS—No. 86 PREBLE STREET, formerly Manchester, and 157 REBECCA STREET, opposite the Gas Works, Allegheny City. no12

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SAMUEL M. WICKERSHAM,

IRON BROKER,

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Agent for the sale of Cornwall, Doughamore, Josephine, Isabella, Duncannon, Stanhope, Glendon, and other brands of Anthracite, Youghiogheny Coke and C. B. Charcoal.

PIG IRONS.

Consignments are most respectfully solicited.

ENGINES, BOILERS, &c.

HUGH M. BOLE & CO.,

Cor. Point Alley and Duquesne St.,

(NEAR THE POINT,)

*Engine Builders, Founders and Machinists.*

Manufacture STEAMBOAT ENGINES and STATIONARY ENGINES, of all sizes.

Special attention invited to our new STATIONARY OIL WELL ENGINE AND PORTABLE BOILER, of 15-horse power.

CASTINGS, of every kind, made to order at our Foundry, on THIRD STREET, below Market.

RIGS for Oil Wells, SHAFTING, PULLEYS, HANGERS, HOUSE and TOBACCO SCREWS and IRON TOBACCO PRESSES, on hand and made to order, at the

INDUSTRIAL WORKS,

Fronting on the Allegheny River, near the Point,

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☞All orders promptly filled. TRY US.

FORT PITT BOILER, STILL AND TANK WORKS.

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TUBULAR, DOUBLE-FLUED TUBULAR, FIRE-BOX AND CYLINDER STEAM BOILERS.

OIL STILLS AND OIL TANKS,

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STEAM PIPES, GASOMETERS AND IRON BRIDGES;

PRISON DOORS AND COAL SHUTES

Office and Warehouse, corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty Streets,

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☞Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to. mh7:l89

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BOILER MAKERS AND SHEET IRON WORKERS,

NOS. 20, 22, 24 AND 26 PENN ST.

Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of Barnhill's Patent Boilers.

Repairing done on shortest notice. ja5:c21

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MANUFACTURER OF

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SETTLING PANS, COPPER STEAM PIPE,

BOILING MILL STACKS,

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For Steamboats.

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JARED M. BRUSH & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF

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SHEET IRON WORK, &C.

*61 Penn Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.*

STOVES, CASTINGS, &c

THE BEST STOVES.

A. BRADLEY & CO.

Manufacturers of the greatest variety of

Cook, Parlor and Heating Stoves,

TO BE FOUND IN THE STATE.

Sole Agents for the celebrated Base Burning Oriental Stoves and Furnaces for Hard Coal or Coke. Best in the World for Parlor, Office, Store or Church. Fire needs no rekindling—burns all winter. Do not buy until you see or send for Circular.

No. 30 WOOD STREET.

Our Agents for Orientals—DEMMLER BROS., Smithfield St.; GEO. HUBLEY, Allegheny City.

GRAFF, HUGUS & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF EVERY VARIETY OF

STOVES,

*BOSTON COOKING RANGE,*

"THE FIERY FURNACE,"

FOR WARMING BUILDINGS.

THE NEW ANTI-DUST COOKING STOVE, "REGULATOR," COLUMBIA COOK STOVE, VANS (Cincinnati Pattern) PORTABLE RANGE CAST IRON MANTLES, WELLMAN'S REFLECTOR, GRATES, free from dirt and dust; GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, &c.

206 and 208 Liberty Street,

se25:y17 PITTSBURGH, PA.

COOK STOVES.

GET THE BEST.

BISSELL & CO.'S

TRIUMPH,

*FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.*

Warranted to Cook, Bake or Roast as well as any other Stove in the Union.

BISSELL & CO.,

No. 235 Liberty Street.

Also on hand and for sale,
PARLOR STOVES,
HEATING STOVES,
GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS,
COOKING RANGES, &c.

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PITTSBURGH PAPER MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Manufacturers of

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JNO. B. LIVINGSTON, Treasurer.
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Copper Distilled Pure Rye Whiskey.

Also, dealers in FOREIGN WINES and LIQUORS, HOPS, &c. mh28.n53

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FORT PITT BANKING COMPANY,

No. 169 Wood Street.

CAPITAL, : : : : $200,000.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

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GOVERNMENT SECURITIES AND GOLD.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.

Collections made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas.

DIRECTORS:

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SAM'L. McCLURKAN, Pres't.

D. LEET WILSON, Cashier.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE,

Cor. of Wood and Sixth Sts.

A. PATTERSON.....President.
JOS. H. HILL.....Cashier.

*CAPITAL, : : : $500,000.*

DIRECTORS:

A. Patterson, Wm. H. Brown, Chas. Lockhart, Dan. R. Davidson, W. S. Haven, George W. Cass, R. H. Palmer, Wm. Douglas, Wm. Reed.

DISCOUNTS DAILY, AT 11 A. M.

ap9:o62

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

*Corner Third and Wood Streets,*

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.,)

DEALERS IN

Exchange, Coin, Coupons,

And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

COVERNMENT BONDS.

Sight Drafts on London.

my1:s52

N. HOLMES & SONS,

BANKERS,

57 Market Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

Stocks, Bonds and other Securities

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Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

United States Securities.

ja30:a1

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Formerly the DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION.

No. 67 Fourth Street,

NEARLY OPPOSITE THE BANK OF PITTSBURGH.

CHARTERED IN 1852.

OPEN DAILY from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock.

Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.

This institution especially offers to those whose earnings are limited, the opportunity to accumulate, by small deposits, easily saved, a sum which will be a resource when needed, and bearing interest instead of remaining unproductive.

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SECRETARY AND TREASURER,
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SOLICITORS—D. W. & A. S. BELL. mh14:v33r

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ECLIPSE PETROLEUM REFINERY.

HERBERT W. C. TWEDDLE,

MANUFACTURER OF

Lubricating & High Test Burning Oils.

Eclipse Railroad Axle Oil.

Stands great heat without change; remains limpid at lowest temperatures. Special Oil for tropical climates or hot weather.

Locomotive, Engine, Machine Shop, Wool cut Screws.

Saw Mill and Planing Mill Oils, Adapted for high speed.

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ARMOR VARNISH, to preserve Bright Iron Work and Machinery from Rust.

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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

## FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, January 27, 1869.

The bear party made an attempt today on gold, bonds and stocks, and partially succeeded in making money scarcer and put up the rates on call loans, but it is doubtful whether they possess more power than temporary checking the advance. The bull element is too rich to be backen at a single stroke, and other events have to bear on the market before stocks or bonds will yield; as for gold, opinions are very much divided, it is considered high at present, but in any event can not go much below 135, whilst the chances are in favor of a slow but steady unprofitable investment for the speculators, and merely giving simple interest to the full owners of the gold. The steady increase of our imports and falling off of of exports in a ratio from three to one per cent. will prevent any material decline, whilst peace in Europe would lead to an advance in the rate of interest in the commercial centres, and a consequent withdrawal of funds now held temporarily at New York. War in Europe would, on the other hand, increase the demand for American bonds, cotton, flour, wheat, shipping material, tobacco, &c., to an extent that would fully offset our large imports. The question is daily raised, who is it that says business is so dull, and yet our importations of luxuries, but more the necessaries, as iron, steel and glass are on the increase. We have but one answer to give, and believe it to be correct: So long as the tendency of gold is upward, importers and traders in foreign goods will always find a profit to sell their goods; a single season with a downward tendency for gold, and the warehouses of importers will be so filled up that importation will dwindle down to a mere nothing.

Bonds are less firm at noon, but closed strong and higher, with a large speculative demand.

Stocks are very feverish, but at the close the tendency was still tending upward.

Money much in demand in smaller amounts, and on property at high rates, if to be at all. It is easier to raise money on good business paper than on smaller mortgages and less troublesome. Business seems to improve.

Closing quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz: Gold, 136½; Eighty-one's, 112¾; Five Twenties, 1862, 113½; do, 1864, 109½; do, 1865, 110¼; do, 1865, new, 108⅝; do, 1867, 108⅝; do, 1868, 109; Ten Forties, 108⅜; Railroads — Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 94¼; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago, 123⅜; Chicago & Rock Island, 133⅝; Chicago & North Western, 82⅜; do Preferred, 88½; Erie, 138½; New York Central, 164½; Michigan Southern, 94¼; Reading, 96⅞; Ohio & Mississippi Certificates, 37½; Western Union Telegraph Company, 37; Merchants Union Express Company, 16⅞; Pacific Mail, 121⅜; Adams, 58¼; Mining shares—Gregory, 2,55; Quartz Hill, 69; Smith & Parmele, 2,15; Corydon, 5.

—Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co.: Gold, 136¼; United States Sixes, 1881's, 112¾; 5-20's, 1862, 113½; 5-20's, 1864, 109½; 5-20's, 1865, 110½; Five Twenties, new, 1865, 108⅝; Five Twenties, new, 1867, 108¾; Five Twenties, 1868, 109; Ten Forties, 108¼; Seven Thirties, par less ¼; Due Compounds, 119; Union Pacific Railroad, par; Central, 103; Cy. Pacifics, 101½.

## PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, January 27, 1869.

With the exception that the market continues getting stronger, there are no new or important characteristics in the trade worthy of special notice. There is comparatively but little doing, and there seems to be a general apathy among operators, as the market is in such a peculiar condition, that there is but little disposition manifested to either buy or sell. Speculators are timid about taking hold at present prices, while refiners allege, that there is no margin, taking the present price of Crude, as a basis. As has been the case nearly all winter, there is not enough difference between crude and refined to afford a margin for the manufacturer, and as a consequence, quite a number of refineries, have been stopped for this and other causes. We are cognizant of some of our refiners having sold their crude, for the cause above alluded, and besides, by so doing they were enabled to realize a very handsome profit. As already intimated, however, the market continues very strong, and private telegrams from the east report a decidedly bullish feeling with strong efforts being made to spring a still further advance.

CRUDE.

The Crude market is quiet but firm, and while the demand does not seem to be urgent, the offerings continue light. We can report sales 2,000 bbls (40 to 45) next six months, seller's option, at 17c, and 2,000 bbls, all the year, buyer's option, at 20c. There may have been other sales, but these were all that we could hear of, and with the exception of a little stronger feeling, there is no material change to note, compared with yesterday.

REFINED.

The Refined market was also decidedly stronger, but as has been the case all week, the volume of business continues light. We can report 500 bbls for January at 35¼c, which is an advance of half a cent compared with yesterday. There was also a sale of 500 bbls for the last half of July, seller's option, at 37½c. February was quoted at 35½c for first, and 32c for last. We can report cable telegrams asking "refusals" for September and October, buyer's option, at 40c.

LUBRICATING OILS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Eclipse Winter Lubricating oil | 40c |
| Eclipse Railroad Axle | 35c |
| Eclipse Machinery | 75c |
| Eclipse Spindle | 80c |
| Eclipse Tanner's Stuffing | 40c |
| Eclipse Tanner's Finishing oil | 65c |

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Braun & Wagner, 100 do do to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

McKelvy Bros. & Co., 279 do to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Lockhart, Frew & Co., 654 do do to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Citizens Ref. Co., 250 do do to Tack Bro., Philadelphia.

B. W. Morgan & Co., 400 do do to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Nat. Ref. & St. Co., 100 do tar to New York, Paraffine Co.

| | |
|---|---|
| Total shipments Refined | 1683 |
| " Tar | 100 |

## CENTRAL LIVE-STOCK MARKET.

PENN'A CENTRAL STOCK YARDS, WEDNESDAY Jan. 27, 1869.

CATTLE.

The market for Cattle is decidedly stronger than it was at the close of last week, which is occasioned by an improvement East and comparatively light receipts. The sales thus far have been small, but with an increased demand, and a diminished supply, prices, especially for prime shipping Cattle, are higher, and even at the advance, there appeared to be more buyers than sellers. The sales since the date of our last report on Saturday foot up 228 head, and as will be seen by reference to the report of sales, prices ranged from 5,25 to 7¾. Today, however, there was a sale of an extra bunch of Steers consumated at 9,50, averaging about 1,800 lbs, bought for New York by Peter Klemen.

SATURDAY.

Mattes to Gillespie 18 head, weighing 21,775, at $7,00; Holmes, Lafferty & Co. to Spotts 19, weighing 19,575, at 5,75; Jackson & Co. to Longacre 17, weighing 15 950, at 5,25; Ross to same 4, weighing 3,625.

MONDAY.

Holmes, Lafferty & Co. to Leonard 18 head, weighing 20,650, at $6,75.

TUESDAY.

Greenwald & Kahm to Hineman 14 head, weighing 16,275, at $7,12; Smith & Blue to Kelly 5, weigeing 5,200 at 5,20; Greenwald & Kahm to Young 15, weighing 17,778, at 7,62.

WEDNESDAY.

Ross to Smith 40 head, weighing 44,050, at $7,00; McFadden to Moses 18, weighing 17,800, at 7,00; same to same 17 weighing 15,775, at 6,25; R. O. Campbell to Moses 17, weighing 18,300, at 6,50; Patridge to Kelly 4, weighing 4,375, at 5,50; same to same 11, weighing 12,250, at 7,00; Hineman to Young 3, weighing 3,650.

HOGS.

The Hog market, under the influence of continued light arrivals and a steady demand, is exceedingly firm, and, if anything, prices are even higher than at the date of our last report. New York Hogs, of which there are but few in market, may be quoted at 10¾ to 11c, and prime to extra Philadelphia Hogs at 11¼ to 12c. It is but proper to remark, however, that there were but very few sold at the outside quotation, and notwithstanding shippers have come up to the scratch thus far all winter at the big prices, they are now commencing to growl. They allege that the top has been touched, and that if there is any change, it must, of necessity, be a decline. It is admitted the Hog crop is a light one, but there is a limit in the price of Hogs as well as in everything else; that limit has been reached, (so it is said) and lower prices are predicted within the next sixty days.

SHEEP.

The supply of Sheep was larger today than at this time last week, but with a full attendance of buyers, the market has ruled steady, and prices, especially for prime fat ones, are fully sustained. We give 4½ to 6½ as the extremes of the market, for common to prime mutton Sheep—there was one small drove of extra sold at 6¾. Pidcock & Erisman bought some 15 car loads for New York at 4½ to 5½, and this firm would have paid 6 to 6¼ for some two or three droves of extra, but they were held higher. Common Sheep, however, were dull and dragged considerably, though almost anything in the shape of a Sheep would have brought 4 to 4½c. The New York market was a little hard this week, but this did not have very much effect here.

CINCINNATI, January 27.—Flour in speculative demand and prices 20 cents higher; family, $7,75a8,00. Corn dull at 64a65c. Wheat dull, but prices are unchanged. Rye and Barley quiet, but steady. Oats in fair demand at 61a62c. Cotton in demand at 28c for middling. Whisky dull at 96a97c. Linseed Oil firm at $1,07. Lard Oil, $1,64a1,69. Butter 2ac lower and dull; fresh, 30a33c. Mess Pork held at $31; no sales at better than $30,50, but not much offering at any price. Lard sold at 20c, but it is offered sparingly. Bulk Meats in demand at 13a15¼c, 16¼c and 17c for shoulders, sides, clear rib and clear sides; 3,900 lbs. sold at 13½c for shoulders, and 15½c for sides, to be delivered March 1st. Bacon firmer; not much out of smoke; shoulders, 14¼c; clear rib sides, 17¼c, and clear 18c; holders now ask ¼c higher all round. Gold, 130 buying. Exchange firm at par buying, and 1-10 premium selling.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 27.—Wheat firmer; sales prime red red at $2,25a2,30. Corn firm; white 87a88c; yellow 83c. Oats firm at 70a75c. Rye firm at $1,55a1,59. Mess pork firm at $34. Bacon active; rib sides 17¼c; clear sides 18¼a18½c; shoulders 15¼a15½c; hams 20c. Lard firm at 20½a21c.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

### Tenure of Office.

The substitute for the House bill repealing the Tenure-of-Office act, reported by Mr. Edmunds in the Senate, from the Committee on Retrenchment, provides for amending said act so as to allow the President to remove members of his Cabinet during a recess of the Senate, and to suspend any other civil officer, except judges of the United States Courts, whenever, during a recess of the Senate, in his opinion the public good shall require it, and to designate some suitable person to perform temporarily the duties of such office until the next meeting of the Senate, and until the matter shall be acted upon by the Senate; and in case of such suspension it shall be the duty of the President, within twenty days after the first day of such meeting of the Senate to report to the Senate such suspension, with the names of the persons so designated to perform the duties of such office; and if the Senate shall concur in such suspension and endorse and consent to the removal of such officers, they shall so certify it to the President, who may thereupon remove such officers, and by and with the advice and consent of the Senate appoint another person to such office. In case of non-concurrence the suspended officer is to be reinstated, but the *ad interim* appointee shall receive the emoluments of the office for the time during which he performed its duties. The President is at liberty to revoke any suspension before reporting it to the Senate, and reinstate the suspended officer.

Section 3 of the substitute embodies the bill recent y introduced by Mr. Edmunds to prohibit the holding of more than one civil or military office by one person at the same time, which is modified by the proviso of a fourth section declaring "that nothing in the foregoing section shall be construed to prevent such designations or appointments of officers to perform temporarily the duties of other officers, as are or may be authorized by law, nor to prevent such appointments, &c., as are designed by law to be made from the army or navy."

Section 5 provides that the penalties provided in the act to which this is an amendment shall apply to violations of this act.

### The St. Domingo Protectorate.

The late effort at the recognition of a protectorate over Dominica and Hayti was very amusing behind the scenes, Baez, President of Dominica, finding himself "hard up" and likely to be kicked out if he could not "raise the wind," makes a little bargain with the Samana Bay Company, offering to take $200,000 gold and $1,000,000 of their bonds at eighty per cent. on the dollar for the fee simple of the great bay. The company were to have the right to sell the whole or a part of their purchase to the United States for a naval station. After making this offer another happy idea struck Senor Baez to the effect that if Dominica could be brought under the protection of the Stars and Stripes he might hold his position and save Samana Bay also. He wrote to our Secretary of State, stating his desire for a protectorate, and tickled the Samana Bay Company with the idea that it was also for their interest to have Uncle Sam's "moral power" on hand. The company fell into the trap and urged the measure. Another little trouble arose. If Dominica alone reached a protectorate, the Dominicans opposing his government would make it a cause for upsetting Baez immediately. To avoid this Baez said to Mr. Seward, "Please include Hayti in the recognition. Then when my subjects accuse me of seeking a protectorate I can say that it's all the work of those niggers over the way. So Hayti was included.

Mr. Seward passed the matter over to Mr. Banks, who, unfortunately, was placed in such a position that he could not tell about it. The Samana Bay Company urged the measure to the Representatives as something for their particular benefit. The House could not see in the dark, for no one understood the question, and the protectorate scheme failed. It could have passed easily had it been well managed. The little game of Baez was an amusing piece of Spanish diplomacy, but failing, it throws him entirely into the hands of the company through whose stupidity he tried to carry it to a success.

### The New Zealand Massacres.

The circumstances of this horrible calamity are described as follows: A party of natives of the Hau-Hau tribe who had escaped from the Chatham Islands, a penal settlement, landed on the east coast of New Zealand, and on November 10th, 1868, suddenly attacked the settlement at Matawhero, near Turanganui, in Poverty Bay, the place where the great navigator, Captain Cook, first landed in that island. Some few of the settlers managed to escape from the ensuing massacre to Turanganui, from whence they went in two small coasting craft, which happened to pass the bay at the time, to Napier and Auckland. Fifty-three persons in all were butchered and mangled in cold blood. Every house in the settlement was destroyed, the crops, stock, and everything were burned up, and one of the most prosperous settlements on the east coast of New Zealand has been blotted out of the map. The unfortunate white persons, men, women and children, were murdered with the most aggravated barbarity, their heads being beaten to pieces and their bodies stabbed repeatedly with bayonets. The escaped Chatham Island prisoners were joined by other disaffected natives till their force amounted to 700 men, under the leadership of a young Maori named Te Kooti. They are still in the same district, and with the exception of having been twice attacked and defeated by friendly natives with a small loss, are unmolested, there being no European force in the vicinity to contend with them. The most excited feeling on the subject prevails among the settlers, and serious charges of incapacity are made against the government officers for not putting an end to this state of affairs.

'ARM-ONIOUS.—We have heard of people "out of luck" and "out at elbows"—of shopkeepers "out of" the very identicle article one particularly wants to purchase—of crack shots "out of practice" when they fail to hit a haystack; but we never heard of human beings being "out of" any of the members of their body until the other day, when the following advertisement caught our eye: "Wanted, a situation as nurse, where the children are *out of arms*." We fancy it must be a mistake, and that nurse means she wants a place where the little dears are perfectly *armless.—Sydney Punch.*

## CLIPPINGS.

A FUSE for exploding nitro-glycerine, recently invented, consists of a small tube containing some priming; subsulphide of copper or subhosphide of copper is recommended. From this tube wires pass to an electric machine. The cartridge or fuse is dropped into the nitro-glycerine, which is carefully tamped. A spark then sent from the electrine machine explodes the charge immediately. Great care has to be taken in preparing the fuse to have the priming composition preserved from dampness. The electric machine used to discharge this fuse may be either a magneto-electric battery or a static electric machine. An apparatus of the latter kind recently used in experimenting consists of an India rubber disk, a vulcanite condenser, and a cushion. The principal advantage it is claimed to possess over other machines is the practicability of using it in extremely damp places, such as tunnels, where the water is streaming down in showers.

ONE efficient cause of carefulness in English railway management is the very general prosecution of companies by passengers suffering from accident. In the year 1867 the railway companies of the United Kingdom paid $1,736,995 in gold as compensation for personal injury, amounting to more than $4,750 a day. This was the largest sum ever paid in any one year in this way. And yet the average of casualties was really less that year than in any foregoing statistics for 1867, showing one passenger in eight and a half millions killed, while those of the five years immediately preceding, show an average of one killed in every seven millions. This increase of compensation and decrease of casualty do not occur in the same year without reason; and if our people were as prompt and energetic in reclamation for damages after railway accidents as their British cousins, we should see a corresponding diminution of railroad murders.

THE sickening atmosphere of the street cars in New York is the subject of bitter complaint in that city. It is contended that no car should be allowed with cushioned seats. Wooden seats can be washed off, but cushions retaining the effluvium of dirty passengers must be used till they are worn out. In addition to this, the more important element of fresh air is neglected. The companies, it is asserted, should have the cars built with air holes at either end, which could not be closed at all. Oftentimes sixty or seventy passengers ride miles together, packed like sardines in a box, breathing over and over again the foul mixtures of impurities until their internal organs are in a state of mutiny, their heads ache and their tempers are soured to the discomfort of themselves and those they go to meet. Some stringent regulations should be adopted in relation to cleanliness and fresh air.

A TORPEDO was recently placed on the track of a street railway, in San Francisco, and was exploded by the passage of a car. The vehicle was lifted up into the air and thrown several feet from the track. On examination, the exploded torpedo was discovered firmly fastened to the rail of the track. It is described as resembling in general appearance an old-fashioned "pinchbeck" watch, being about two inches in diameter, and five-eighths of an inch in thickness. It was made of Russian sheet iron, with two strong clasps of lead, by which it was firmly fastened to the rail of the track. Fixed in the interior of the torpedo, and nearly reaching its upper surface, were three gun nipples, securely soldered to the lower plate, and armed with the ordinary percussion caps, which were exploded by the car wheels passing over them. The machine was filled with some powerful explosive mixture.

THE tunnel under the English Channel, at Dover, it is asserted, will have to be bored through a chalk formation, and though the actual perforation will be easy, yet the pressure of the sea upon the yielding rock will be immense. In building the Thames tunnel, the water burst through the roof several times, and Brunel, the engineer, nearly lost his life during one of these irruptions of the river. In the event of a violent storm the danger of a break would be imminent, and the workmen, having to run several miles to obtain a refuge, would have but poor opportunity to escape. The difficulty of ventilating such a tunnel must prove to be very great. But, notwithstanding these serious objections, three eminent English engineers have pronounced the plan to be feasible, and the estimated cost, $45,000,000, to be reasonable.

CHROME STEEL, just introduced into use, is an alloy of iron and chromium. No carbon (heretofore considered indispensable in the manufacture of this metal) enters into its composition. Ingot chrome steel is made by melting together the best bar iron and a little chrome ore, the grade of the steel being fixed, it is asserted, with unvarying uniformity by the proportions of the two substances used. The melted mixture is poured into the moulds and hardens into ingots; the ingots are reheated and hammered or rolled into bars, plates and sheets. The new steel, it is asserted, possesses in a superior degree all the excellences of carbon steel and some others peculiar to itself, and is coming into general favor and use. The process of manufacture is covered by nearly thirty patents.

ARSENE HOUSSAYE, the celebrated French critic, in his recent work on Female Beauty, speaks in very complimentary terms of the prepossessing appearance of American ladies: "We have beautiful women in France, and so has every other nation, but of one thing I am quite sure, that no people can boast of more beauties among its women than the North Americans. Go to one of their evening parties, and unless every corner of your heart is already occupied, you are certain to fall in love. You will hardly meet there a young girl but that is attractive in the highest degree. The charms o. the women of all other countries are to be blended in the *Americaine*. She stands peerless among her sisters."

LIBRARIES IN GERMANY.—The largest public collection of books in Germany is to be found at Munich, the library of which city contains 900,000 volumes, an increase of 100,000 in the last fifteen years. The Berlin library contains 700,000 and others follow in this order: Dresden, 500,000; Stuttgart, 450,000: Vienna, 400,000; Darmstadt, 300,000. The University libraries are also very large. That of Gottingen numbers 400,000 volumes; Sena, 300,000; Breslau, 350,000; Heidelberg, 220,000; and there are thirteen other University libraries having upwards of 100,000 volumes. In addition to these there are numerous city, school, and private libraries, containing from 50,000 to 200,000 volumes each.

### New York Harbor.

It is stated that Fort Lafayette will not be rebuilt, since the fortifications built within the entrance of New York harbor are conceded to be of little use in defending that city. The Sandy Hook forts, it is asserted, should be made as nearly impregnable as possible, and plans should be adopted on the emergency to sink torpedoes and obstructions in the channel. Again, the removal of the Hell Gate obstructions will render necessary the strengthening of the fortifications that defend the approach to the city from the Sound. At present the danger and intricacy of the channel is, in itself, a sufficient defence, but with the removal of the Pot, the Frying-Pan, the Gridiron, and the other natural defences of the Sound entrance to the harbor, the necessity will immediately follow of substituting for them twenty-inch guns and two hundred pound torpedoes.

MRS. HANNAH PETTINGILL, of Belchertown, Mass., celebrated her one hundredth birth-day last week. She had ten brothers and sisters, one of whom reached the age of ninety-nine years. One brother, Francis, was killed at the battle of Saratoga, in October 1877. At the age of twenty-four she married Paul Pettingill, and has had ten children, only four of whom now live. There was a large gathering of her descendants, and among the gifts were money, an easy chair, an enormous cake to please her excessive fondness for sweets, and a new style of pipe, to take the place of one which has lasted her a generation. The old lady possesses all her faculties in a remarkable degree—reads five or six chapters daily in her old family Bible, that has seen constant service for an age, its leaves being soiled, and worn, and yellow. She says she prays daily for her "four living girls" and her children to the fourth generation by name, so far as she can remember them.

DEMOCRATIC MASSACRES IN LOUISIANA.—The Joint Committee of the Louisiana Legislature appointed to investigate the massacres and outrages committed upon colored voters for Grant and Colfax by white voters of the Seymour persuasion, have published a report of facts and figures and of the evidence by which they are proven, with recommendations, and have forwarded it to Congress. The document fills 296 pages, includes reports of 580 murders, in addition to 204 previously reported, and states that the total number committed in the State during the past twelve months exceeds 1,000, while the entire number killed, wounded, robbed and outraged during the past year, of which reports have been received, is 1,887.

THEOLOGICAL.—At a recent examination of Theological students in England, the following dialogue is said to have occurred: Question. What animal in Scripture is recorded to have spoken? Answer. The whale. Q. To whom dtd the whale speak? A. To Moses in the bulrushes. Q. What did the whale say? A. Thou art the man. Q. What did Moses say? A. Almost thou persuadest me to be a Christian. Q. What was the effect on the whale. A. He rushed violently down a steep place into the sea and perished in the waters.—*Journal.*

THE Richmond (Kentucky) *Register* says: In Estill county there lives one of the most remarkable families probably in the State. It is that of Rev. William Rogers, aged seventy-three years. They now have fifty-two living children, all of whom are married, and are the grandparents of two hundred and seven, as far as heard from. Mr. Rogers, we are informed, fills his appointments at five different churches, and is as active and "jubilant" on the deer hunt as "any young man of any place."

PROF. LIEBIG assures us that 1,400 quarts of the best Bavarian beer contain exactly the nourishment of a two and a half pound loaf of bread. This beer is similar to the famous English Allsop's, and our more popular American beer.

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This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world: the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful. *black or brown.* Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. an28:p28

**MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY.**—An Essay for young men on the crime of Solitude, and the DISEASES and ABUSES which create impediments to MARRIAGE, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. ja19

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2 Acres on Greensburg Pike.
5 Acres on Four Mile Run Road 1¾ miles from P. C. R. R.
70 Acres near P. F. W. & C. R. R.
118 Acres near Pa. R. R., Westmoreland county.
90 Acres at Hill Side Station, Pa. R. R.
4 Farms in Preston county, West Virginia.
185 Acres in Armstrong county, underlaid with coal.
108 Acres and good improvements, in Trumbull county, Ohio.
900 Acres of Timber land, with Saw Mill and dwellings.
House and Lot on Center Avenue, near Kirkpatrick.
House and Lot on Vicroy street.
House and Lot in East Liberty.
House and Lot in Mansfield.
House and Lot on Carroll street, Allegheny.
House and Lot on Beaver Avenue.
2 Houses and 4 Lots, very cheap, on Vine street.
2 Lots, very cheap, on Vine street.
2 Houses and Lot on Franklin street.
1 House of 9 Rooms and 2 Lots on Roberts St.
Farms in Illinois, Missouri and West Virginia.
Coal Lands in Allegheny, Westmoreland, Fayette and Beaver counties in Penna.

**TO-LET.**

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2 | Houses of 9 | Rooms | in the | 17th | ward; rent | $300 |
| 3 | do. of 3 | do. | do: | 17th | do. do. | 144 |
| 2 | do. of 3 | do. | do. | 12th | do. do. | 156 |
| 2 | do. of 6 | do. | do. | 8th | do. do. | 360 |
| 1 | do. of 6 | do. | do. | 8th | do. do. | 300 |
| 1 | do. of 9 | do. | do. | 2d | do. do. | 600 |
| 1 | do. of 3 | do. | do. | 6th | do. do. | 192 |
| 1 | do. of 5 | do. | do. | 6th | do. do. | 240 |
| 1 | do. of 4 | do. | do. | 17th | do. do. | 168 |
| 1 | do. of 7 | do. | do. | 2d | do. | |
| 1 | do. of 6 | do. | Grant street. | | | |

The Houses that I have for rent will be rented very low to good tenants for the balance of the rental year

**APPLY AT**

D. P. Hatch's Real Estate Office
**No. 91 Grant St., Pittsburgh.**
no7:p18

**2,000,000 ACRES OF**
**CHOICE LANDS FOR SALE.**
BY THE
**Union Pacific Railroad Company,**
EASTERN DIVISION,
Lying along the line of their road, at
**$1,00 TO $5,00 PER ACRE,**
And on a CREDIT OF FIVE YEARS.
For further particulars, maps, &c., address
**JOHN P. DEVEREUX,**
Land Commissioner, Topeka, Kansas,
**Or CHAS. B. LAMBORN, Sec'y,**
au14: St. Louis, Missouri.

**FOR SALE—A LEASE OF A** PLANING MILL.—The machinery in the
Monongahela Planing Mill
IS OFFERED FOR SALE,
WITH A LEASE OF THE MILL AND LOT.

The machinery is of the most approved kind, and in good order.

The mill is well located, has all the facilities for doing a large and profitable business, and has a good trade. This is a favorable opportunity to engage in an old established business with a small investment.

Apply to Millinga & Bidwell, corner of Carson and First streets, South Pittsburgh.
ja23 JAMES MILLINGAR.

**FOR SALE & TO LET.--Houses** and Lots for sale in all parts of the city and suburbs. Also, several FARMS in good locations. Also, a small WOOLEN FACTORY, with 20 acres of land, and good improvements, which I will sell cheap and on reasonable terms. Business Houses to let on good streets. Private Dwelling Houses for rent in both cities. For further particulars inquire of WILLIAM WARD,
ja22 110 Grant street, opposite Cathedral

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Collection of Rents solicited and promptly attended to. my3:y80

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**No. 87 Fifth Street,**
SECOND FLOOR, FRONT ROOM. ap4:w73

**JOHN W. RIDDELL,**
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
**Office, 116 Diamond Street,**
(Opposite the Court House,)
fe15:t44 PITTSBURGH, PA.

**H. C. MACKRELL,**
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,
**No. 89 Grant Street,**
my24:b25 PITTSBURGH, PA.

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
**No. 98 FIFTH STREET,**
ap6:n90:d&F PITTSBURGH, PA

**GOOD NEWS.**
CHEAP BREAD IN DEAR TIMES.
**Enquire for WARD'S Bread.**
The largest and best. The initials "H. W." on every loaf. Take none else. au4:t78

## INSURANCE.

**BEN FRANKLIN**
**INSURANCE COMPANY,**
**OF ALLEGHENY, PA.**
OFFICE IN FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK BUILDINGS,
**No. 41 Ohio St., Allegheny.**

A HOME COMPANY, managed by Directors well known to the community, who trust by fair dealing to merit a share of your patronage.

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ap10:o85

**ENTERPRISE INSURANCE CO,**
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oct7:n34

**ALLEGHENY INSURANCE** COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.
OFFICE, No. 37 FIFTH STREET, BANK BLOCK.
Insures against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.

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Office, 94 Water street, Spang & Co.'s Warehouse, up stairs, Pittsburgh.

Will insure against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks. A home Institution, managed by Directors who are well known to the community, and who are determined by promptness and liberality to maintain the character which they have assumed, as offering the best protection to those who desire to be insured.

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| D. Ihmsen. | |

no27

**IMPERIAL**
**FIRE INSURANCE CO.,**
**OF LONDON.**
ESTABLISHED 1803. CASH CAPITAL PAID UP AND INVESTED FUNDS EXCEEDING $8,000,000 IN GOLD.

Insurance against Fire effected on Houses and Buildings, Goods, Wares and Merchandise, Steamboats, &c. Policies issued payable in gold or currency. ☞ United States Branch Office, 40 PINE STREET, New York.

All losses of the United States Branch will be adjusted in New York.

**J. Y. McLAUGHLIN, Agent,**
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**Office, 67 FOURTH STREET.**
MR. McLAUGHLIN is also Agent for the Manhattan Life Insurance Company. se5:v72

**PENNSYLVANIA**
INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH
OFFICE, No. 167½ WOOD STREET, BANK OF COMMERCE BUILDING.

This is a Home Company, and insures against loss by Fire exclusively.

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**INDEMNITY**
AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE.
FRANKLIN INSURANCE CO. OF PHILADELPHIA
OFFICE, 435 & 437 CHESTNUT ST., near 4TH.

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North West corner Third and Wood Streets.
mn29:w15

**PEOPLES' INSURANCE COMPANY.**
OFFICE, N. E. CORNER WOOD & FIFTH STS.
A Home Company, taking Fire and Marine Risks

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WM. PHILLIPS, President.
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W. F. GARDNER, Secretary.
CAPT. JAS. GORDON, General Agent.

## LEGAL.

**ALLEGHENY COUNTY, SS,**
In the Court of Common Pleas, No. 377, March Term, 1867. In Divorce. HILARY HEMLER vs. ANN JANE HEMLER.

And now, January 9th, 1869, on motion of George R. Cochran, Esq., WILLIAM M. BLACKBURN, Esq., was appointed Commissioner to take testimony, &c.

BY THE COURT.
[From the Record.]
JACOB H. WALTER, Prothonotary.

To ANN JANE HEMLER, the above named respondent:

The undersigned Commissioner, appointed by the Court, will attend to the duties of his appointment on SATURDAY, February 6th, 1869, at 1 o'clock P. M., at his office, No. 60 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa., at which time and place you can attend.

W. M. BLACKBURN,
ja26:d35 Commissioner.

**ORPHANS' COURT SALE.**—By virtue of an order of sale issued out of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny County, the undersigned, executor of the last will of Dr. JESSE PENNEY, dec'd, will expose at PUBLIC SALE on the premises, on THURSDAY, the 11th day of FEBRUARY, A. D. 1869, at 2 o'clock P. M., all that certain piece of parcel of land situated in the borough of McKeesport, County of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning on the southern side of Penn street in James Penney's plan of lots in said borough, at the corner of lot No. 13, thence south along the line of said lot 70 feet to an alley; thence east along said alley 80 feet to the line of Henderson's lot; thence by said line 70 feet to Penn street, and thence by said street 80 feet to the place of beginning: being a part of lot No. 12 in said plan.

For further particulars inquire of
ROBERT CRAIGHEAD, Executor,
Elizabeth.
Or JOHN P. PENNEY,
Attorney, Pittsburgh. ja19:d28

## AMUSEMENTS.

**NEW OPERA HOUSE.**

Lessee.....WM. HENDERSON.
Manager.....M. W. CANNING.

THURSDAY EVENING, January 28th, 1869,
**THE LEFFINGWELL.**
In his inimitable caricature of
THE GUSHING CLORINDA and ROMEO JAFFIER JENKINS,
Pronounced by the press and public the Funniest Combination of Humor, Wit and Absurdity on the stage.

Friday—Leffingwell's Farewell Benefit.
Saturday—Farewell Leffingwell Matinee.

**PITTSBURGH THEATRE.**

H. W. WILLIAMS.....Sole Lessee and Manager.
GEORGE R. EDESON.....Stage Manager.
New Faces and Old Favorites! The European artistes, MLLE COUTELLIER and BROTHER upon the Flying Trapeze. Samuel S. Sanford, H. W. Eagan, Viola Clifton, Ada Richmond, Miss Julia Sanford, Sam De Vere, George R. Edeson, Emma Marsh, Clara Burton, Jennie Eagan, Lucy Clifton, Josie Forward &c. The great drama, entitled THE MARCH OF TIME.
Matinee on Saturday afternoon.

**SMYTHE'S AMERICAN**
THEATRE.
(Late TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES.)

Did you see AUGUSTA dance?
Did you hear the JAPANESE FIDDLE?
Did you see the that TAMBORINE?
Or, do you want to "BUY A DOG?"
Then be sure to go to the
AMERICAN TO-NIGHT!
Doors open at 7 o'clock; commence at 8.

**BURNELL'S MUSEUM**
**AND PARLOR MENAGERIE,**
**The Great Family Resorte.**
FIFTH AVENUE, between Smithfield and Wood streets, opposite Old Theatre.
☞ Open Day and Evening, all the year round. Admission, 25 cents: Children, 15 cents.

**THE GRAND**
***CHARITY FAIR***
**For the Benefit of the Sick and Poor,**
WILL OPEN IN THE
**BASEMENT OF THE CATHEDRAL,**
On Monday Evening, Jan. 25th, 1869.
A fine band of music will be in attendance each evening, and rare attractions will be introduced. Admission, 25 cents.

**TRINITY CHURCH**
**MISSIONARY FESTIVAL.**
**Annual Sale of Needle and Fancy Work**
AND REFRESHMENTS,
In the SCHOOL ROOM, on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, 25th and 26th inst.
Noon-day Luncheon and Supper each day.
Entrance at the Church gate, on Sixth avenue.
ja26:d56

**FREE**
**ART EXHIBITION.**

**The Annual Exhibition of the School of Design will Commence on**
**Tuesday, January 26, at 10 A. M.,**
**AND CONTINUE FOUR DAYS.**
From 10 A. M. to 10 P. M., corner of Wood and Sixth avenue. ja25:

**FAIR IN MANSFIELD.—A** Fair for the benefit of the
**New Catholic Church**
in the village of Mansfield, will open on the 18th of JANUARY, and will continue for two weeks. Trains on the Panhandle road leave the Union Depot for Mansfield daily at 3:25 and 4:55 P. M., returning at 11 P. M ja12

## GLASS, CHINA, CUTLERY.

**100 WOOD STREET.**

R. E. BREED & CO.

**HOLIDAY GIFTS.**
FINE VASES,
**BOHEMIAN AND CHINA.**
NEW STYLES,
DINNER SETS,
TEA SETS,
SMOKING SETS, GIFT CUPS.
A large stock of
**SILVER PLATED GOODS**
of all descriptions.

Call and examine our goods, and we feel satisfied no one need fail to be suited.

**R. E. BREED & CO.**
**100 WOOD STREET.**

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## SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

**HOLMES, BELL & CO.,**
**ANCHOR COTTON MILLS.**
**PITTSBURGH.**
Manufacturers of HEAVY MEDIUM and LIGHT
**ANCHOR AND MAGNOLIA**
SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

## FLOUR.

**PEARL MILL FAMILY FLOUR.**
PEARL MILL Three Star Green Brand, equal to
**FRENCH FAMILY FLOUR.**
This Flour will only oe sent out when especially ordered.
**PEARL MILL BLUE BRAND,**
Equal to best St. Louis.
**PEARL MILL RED BRAND,**
Equal to best Ohio Flour.
WHITE CORN FLOUR AND CORN MEAL.
R. T. KENNEDY & BRO.,
Allegheny, Sept. 9, 1868. PEARL MILL.

## GAS AND STEAM FITTING.

JOHN M. COOPER.....JOS. KAYE.....HENRY RIEB.
**JOHN M. COOPER & CO.,**
**BRASS FOUNDERS,**
GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
Manufacturers of PUMPS AND BRASS WORK, of every description; dealers in GAS FIXTURES AND TUBING, of all kinds.
**Cor. of Pike and Walnut Streets,**
PITTSBURGH
m7:15:y9

## LITHOGRAPHERS.

BENJAMIN SINGERLY.....PHILIP CLEIS.
**SINGERLY & CLEIS, Successors** to GEO. F. SCHUCHMAN & CO.,
**PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHERS.**
The only Steam Lithographic Establishment West of the Mountains. Business Cards, Letter Heads, Bonds, Labels, Circulars, Show Cards, Diplomas, Portraits, Views, Certificates of Deposits, Invitation Cards, &c., Nos. 73 and 74 Third street, Pittsburgh.

**CEMENT**—50 barrels Hydraulic Cement in store and for sale by
no17 J. B. CANFIELD & SON.

(Continued from First Page.)

$36,000; pages, $8,000; total, $335,000. Referring to other items for Capital police, Mr. Washburne said there had been a howl got up last season that Andrew Johnson was to take possession of the Capitol.

The appropriation was voted on, and subsequently an amendment to increase the compensation of reading clerks was agreed to.

Mr. FARNSWORTH moved to strike out the item for two reporters to the Committee.

Mr. WASHBURNE, of Illinois, moved to strike out the item of $10,000 for furniture and repairs, remarking that Mr. McPherson, clerk, had informed him that the item was not necessary. He added that the clerk of the House had managed the funds for repairs very economically and very honestly.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. PHELPS moved to strike out the item of $29,150 for newspapers and stationary for members at $125 each.

Without acting on the amendment, the Committee arose and the House at five o'clock took recess till half past seven o'clock.

EVENING SESSION.

Mr. INGERSOLL made an argument in favor of paper currency, regarding the resumption of specie payment at present an impossibility. He also assailed the National Bank system as unfair for the West and South, saying if it is to be continued it should be equalized and the West and South have their fair share of circulation, which he claimed could be attained under his bill providing for a free banking system.

Mr. CULLOM defended the position of the Republican party in connection with reconstruction, and supported the Constitutional amendment reported by Mr. Boutwell.

Mr. KERR spoke against Mr. Boutwell's amendment, which he contended was unworthy of this age and would be an eternal disgrace to the country.

Mr. NIBLACK spoke on the subject of the revenue of the Government.

Adjourned.

## NEW YORK CITY.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, January 27, 1869.

Rev. Dr. Littlejohn was to-day consecrated Episcopal Bishop of Long Island.

H. O. Walbridge, a wealthy citizen of Ithaca, was killed at Bergen tunnel by the outward bound Erie express train, while endeavoring to take a train bound in another direction.

The examination of Tom McGibney today showed he knew nothing of the Rogers murder, and he is to be returned to Sing Sing prison immediately.

The sailors' strike is ended, the shipping masters having acquiesced in the new and higher scale of prices. As regards that of the job printers, the employers have resolved to give an advance of three cents per thousand ems.

Col. A. A. Treadwell, charged with concern in the sale of fraudulent naturalization papers in Hudson county, N. J., was before the grand jury of the United States Court at Trenton yesterday.

At a meeting of the Fire Commissioners to-day a list of one hundred and fifty-eight persons, upon whose premises had been found kerosene oil of a quality below the fire test, was reported by the Committee on Combustibles, who offered a resolution that they be instructed to prosecute each person for a violation of the law. No action was taken. The same committee reported that the sloop Southport, from Connecticut, brought a few days ago to the foot of Brown street, twenty-one cases of nitro-glycerine, it being impossible, on account of the ice in the river, to remove it to the magazine.

A coal train on the Camden and Amboy Railroad ran into an empty way train on a siding at Trenton to-day, doing a good deal of damage to the road but injuring nobody.

### Swindling Scheme Unearthed.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, January 27.—A big swindling operation is being unearthed. Two brothers named Knowles in November complained to the police that they had lost a draft for nine thousand dollars on the Third National Bank, and that the money had been drawn before they could stop payment. The order was given in payment for cattle bought by them in the interior of the State and sold in Chicago. Recently it was discovered that one of the brothers had deposited the nine thousand dollars in a bank in Jacksonville, Illinois, and at the instance of J. Bell, of that city, the brothers were arrested a few days ago, charged with attempting to swindle. To-day they were examined before a Chicago justice and held in three thousand dollars bail each to appear for trial.

### New Jersey U. S. Senator.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TRENTON, January 27.—The Legislature in joint session, on Wednesday, elected Mr. Stockton United States Senator.

### Markets by Telegraph.

NEW ORLEANS, January 27.—Cotton advanced one-fourth cent: middlings 27¼a27½c; sales 3,000 bales; receipts 6,371 bales. Gold 137. Exchange; Sterling 149¼; Commercial 148¼a148¾; New York Sight one-fourth discount. Flour quiet; superfine $6,75; double extra $7,25a7,50; treble extra $7,50a8,50. Corn active and scarce at 78a80c. Oats firm at 70c. Bran $1,10a1,15. Hay $24. Pork $32,50. Bacon; shoulders 15½c; clear rib 18½c; clear sides 19c. Lard in tierces 20½c; in kegs 21¾c. Sugar quiet; common 10¼a10½c; prime 12¾a13c; yellow clarified 14½a15c. Molasses declined; prime 67a68c; choice 70c. Whisky dull and unchanged. Coffee; fair 14¼a15¼c; prime 16¼a17¼c.

BUFFALO, January 27.—Flour dull. Wheat nominal. Corn strong; new in fair demand; sales 7 car lots at 77c on track, and 11 car lots at 78c on track. Oats nominal at 64a65c. Barley active; sales 2500 bus Canada at $2,05, delivered at malt house; 2,000 bus do. at $2,08 in store, and 2,000 bus do. at $2,10 in store, closing firm at outside figures. Rye nominal at about $1,35. Seeds strong and quiet. Pork advanced to $32 for heavy mess. Lard firm at 22c. Highwines $1 at retail. Dressed Hogs nominal at $13,50 a14,00.

CHICAGO, January 27.—*Evening*—The Wheat market this afternoon was active and prices are higher; sales No. 2 at $1,15a1,16; No. 2 sold at evening board at $1,15¾, closing weak at $1,15¾a1,15¾ on spot. Pork dull and nominally unchanged; 100,000 pounds dry salted shoulders sold at Delphi, Ind., at 12¾c; buyer, 15c Feb'y; and 30,000 pounds do, at Peoria, buyer, 15th Feb'y, at 13c. 100 tierces Lard sold at 21c, spot.

MEMPHIS, January 27.—Cotton quiet and firm at 28c; receipts, 1,514 bales; exports, 960 bales. Flour unchanged at $8,50a10,00. Corn firm at 75a80c. Oats scarce and firm at 75c. Hay steady at $25. Bran, 24a26c. Corn Meal dull and nominal. Pork, $32. Lard firm at 21a22c. Bulk Meats active; shoulders, 13½a14c.

NASHVILLE, January 27.—Cotton active, low middling 22¼c; good ordinary 26¾c; stock 3,500 bales.

## CITY AND SUBURBAN.

### The Gazette at Sharpsburg.

Our worthy and energetic carrier, Mr. Martin, agent for the GAZETTE at Sharpsburg, has sold his agency to R. Schingan Grocer, in that borough, who will deliver the GAZETTE as heretofore. Mr. S. is a worthy and honorable man, and we have no doubt will give satisfaction to all his patrons.

**The School of Design** exhibition is drawing many visitors, all of whom leave delighted with what they have seen.

A horse attached to a light barouche ran away on Grant street yesterday, succeeding in demolishing the vehicle in an elegant manner.

**Regular Meeting.**—The first regular meeting of the new Allegheny Councils will be held this evening at seven o'clock, in the usual place.

**Councils.**—There will be held a special meeting of City Councils on Friday afternoon, to take action on the subject of appropriations for the current year.

**Annual Meeting.**—The Pittsburgh Petroleum Association will hold their annual meeting this morning at ten o'clock, at their rooms, Dalzell building, corner of Duquesne Way and Eighth street.

**Proclamation.**—Mayor Blackmore this morning issues his proclamation for the election of a member to Select Council, *vice* A. Hoeveler, deceased. The election will be held Tuesday, the 9th prox.

**Meet for Organization.**—The new Allegheny Board of Controllers will meet for organization and the transaction of other business on Tuesday evening next, at seven o'clock, in the Common Council Chamber, City Buildings.

**Repairing.**—One of the water mains leading into the county jail bursted a few days ago, and workmen were engaged yesterday in repairing it. The pipe was imbedded beneath about fifteen feet of dirt, and the job was one of considerable labor.

**Finance Committee.**—A meeting of the Finance Committee of City Councils was held yesterday at the office of the Controller. The appropriation bill was completed, and will be presented to Councils at the special meeting on Friday at two o'clock.

**A Rich Case.**—Barbara Rich alleges that Kaspar Kartztorzer committed an assault and battery upon her by rudely kicking and shoving her out of a certain house in the Third ward, Allegheny. A warrant was issued by Alderman Mullen for the arrest of the ungallant Kaspar.

**Parents** will do well to keep in mind that the new Silver Tips will make shoes wear twice as long as shoes without tips, consequently saving half the cost of keeping children supplied with shoes. No one can afford to buy children's shoes not protected with metal tips.—*Journal.*

**Bruised his Head.**—Wm. Veight alleged before Alderman Mullen yesterday that William Benedict had struck him on the head several times with his fist, making that part of his body bruised and sore. Benedict was arrested, and after a hearing compromised the affair by paying the costs of prosecution.

**A Knock Down.**—Phineas Baker made information before Alderman Mullen yesterday against William Fink and John Barnes, for aggravated assault and battery. Phineas alleges that the accused knocked him down, and as he lay in the gutter kicked him several times. Warrants were issued.

**Disorderly Female.**—Ralph Gollmer alleges that Mary A. Wolff came to his mother's residence and acted in a very disorderly manner by applying several very opprobrious epithets to his parent, and threatening to set fire to the house. A warrant was issued for the arrest of Mary, by Alderman Mullen.

**Police Parade.**—A grand parade or review of the present police force will take place Saturday, the 30th instant, the day preceding the retirement of Mayor Blackmore from office. The parade will form at two o'clock at Wilkins Hall, and after marching through the principal streets of the city will return to the Hall, when it will be dismissed.

**Brakeman Injured.**—A brakemen on a gravel train on the Panhandle railroad, jumped off his train at McDonald station, Tuesday morning, and striking the ground with his head, sustained very severe injuries. He is now lying at Mercy Hospital in this city, and the physician in attendance has but slight hopes of his recovery. We could not ascertain his name.

The *Spirit of the Fair*, a neat and handsomely printed little journal, published by the managers of the Charity Fair, has been laid on our table. It is full of choice reading matter, original and selected, and reflects much credit to its editor, Mr. E. F. Houston, who displays good judgment in the management and arrangement of the various departments.

**Sale of Real Estate.**—Yesterday Capt. Henry Smithson, auctioneer, sold, on order of the Orphans' Court sale, the residence of Mr. Robert Lafferty, deceased, No. 90 Wylie street, for $10,700; also, lot and three tenement houses on Bedford avenue for $7,030. Mr. David Stein was the purchaser of the Wylie street house, and Mrs. Lafferty the Bedford avenue property.

**Alleged Incendiary.**—The Fire Marshal, Mr. Murphy, concluded his investigation yesterday, in the case of the fire at John Zeller's hat and cap store, which occurred Friday morning last, an account of which we published on Saturday. Mr. Zeller, whose arrest was also noticed, was held to bail in the sum of $1,500 for his appearance at Court, to answer the charge of arson.

**At Work.**—The ice dealers have commenced to lay in their store of the article for the ensuing season. Thus far it has been of a rather poor quality, but, from present indications, none better will be had this winter and acting, perhaps, on the principle that "half a loaf is better than none," the dealers have concluded to take the best they can get. The season, however, may yet terminate more favorably for them.

### Monongahela Valley Railroad.

A meeting of the Directors of the Monongahela Valley Railroad Company was held at the office of T. W. Briggs, on Water street, this city, yesterday. The Board organized by the election of the following officers:

*President*—T. W. Briggs.
*Treasurer*—H. Voight.
*Secretary*—J. R. Jaques.

The election of a Civil Engineer was postponed until the next meeting, which will be held on the first Wednesday in March, at the office of August Ammon, Esq., East Birmingham.

## THE COURTS.

### United States District Court—Judge McCandless.

WEDNESDAY, January 27.—The jury, in the case of Hood, Bonbright & Co. vs. Jno. F. Martin, reported yesterday, found a verdict for the respondent. The petition was therefore dismissed.

The next case taken up was that of the United States vs. Uri C. Walton, et. al. This was an action to recover on an old transportation bond. As there was no defense made, the jury found for the United States, for the sum of $1,000, the penalty of the bond, to be released upon the payment of $407 49, the amount of tax due, and interest.

The case of the United States vs. Sam'l Dillinger, indicted for removing liquor from a bonded warehouse contrary to law, was next taken up. The case is still on trial. District Attorney Carnahan appeared for the United States, and Hon. H. D. Foster, Hon. E. Cowan, and E. Keenan, Esq., for the defendant.

The case of McElroy, Dickson & Co. vs. J. D. & G. O. Vogel, of Butler county, a case of involuntary bankruptcy, the jury found that the allegations set forth in the creditor's petition were not true. The petition was therefore dismissed.

### District Court—Judge Hampton.

WEDNESDAY, January 27.—The case of Smith vs. Youghiogheny Iron and Coal Company, reported yesterday, is still on trial.

The following is the trial list for today:

150. Thompson vs. Boreland.
61. Rischer & Wilson vs. Bigley.
83. Boberts vs. M'Graw & Son,
87. Rees vs. Morrow.
99. Johnson's executors vs. Hennup.
102. Napier et. al. vs Darlington.
120. Owner towboat "Neville" vs. Ederton.
122. Traders and Mechanics National Bank of Pittsburgh vs. Marshall.

### Common Pleas—Judge Sterrett.

WEDNESDAY, January 27.—McGlade vs. Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad Company. Action for damages. Jury withdrawn and non-suit entered.

Josephine Leibach vs. George Henry Leibach. Petition in divorce. Subpœna awarded.

Graham vs. Moffett's Administrators. Action in debt. Jury out.

In the case of Henry Williams vs. Mordica Johns and Sarah Johns, the record was amended by striking out the name of Sarah Johns.

The case of Dithridge & Sons vs. John and Joseph Ross was submitted to the jury.

TRIAL LIST FOR TO-DAY.

*September List.*

128. Fleming vs. Bushnell.
119. Chestnut Hill Iron Co. vs. Painter.

*October List.*

7. Haid vs. Fisher.
8. Reible vs. Snyder.
9. Stultz vs. Scale.
10. Dorabel vs. Kleggle.
12. Malin & Co. vs. Malin & Hammett.
13. McKinley vs. McCombs.
14. Murdock vs. Johns.
17. Beymer, Banman & Co. vs. Taylor.
18. Freind vs. Schmidt.
19. Daniel vs. Phillips.

### Quarter Sessions—Judge Mellon.

WEDNESDAY, January 27.—The jury in the case of the Commonwealth vs. Wm. Carson, indictment perjury, reported yesterday, returned a verdict of not guilty, and directed the defendant to pay the costs.

PLEAD GUILTY.

Ellen Williams, colored, indicted for larceny, was arraigned and plead guilty. The Court sentenced her to four months imprisonment in the county jail.

SENTENCED.

David Lyle, convicted of larceny, was sentenced to undergo an imprisonment in the county jail for two months.

PERJURY.

John Hildebrand, indicted for perjury, Rosanna McHugh prosecutrix, was placed on trial. Rosanna McHugh it appears was some time since arrested on a charge of keeping a disorderly house in Allegheny, and taken before Mayor Drum for a hearing. At this hearing it was alleged that the defendant in this case, John Hildebrand, swore falsely, to a matter material to the issue. Jury out.

### A Question of Veracity.

How small a circumstance it requires to cause some people to engage precipitately in a law suit. A case in point occurred yesterday. A man entered one of our Fifth avenue stores and made a trifling purchase, in payment for which he alleges he presented a two dollar bill expecting to receive one dollar and thirty cents change, seventy cents being the price of the article bought. Instead of receiving that amount the clerk handed him thirty cents, causing an argument to ensue in regard to the denomination of the bill presented, the customer claiming it as two dollars, and the clerk as stoutly maintaining that it was but one. Of course as it had been thrown into the drawer along with others, the question could not be positively decided either way. The customer, thoroughly heated by the discussioln, finally left the store in high dudgeon, marched straight to an up town Alderman's office, and made information against the clerk for larceny as bailee, upon which a warrant was issued. The costs in the case which will have to be paid by somebody will amount to more than the original sum in question, not taking into consideration the lost time and annoyance attending the case. So that in the end one of the parties will be the loser in a much greater degree than if the affair had been settled at first as it might have been, and the question of veracity between the two will remain unsettled just as it was at the commencement. When will people learn the foolishness of rushing into law-suits for every trivial offence?

### Violent Threatening.

John Fisher made information before Alderman Taylor, yesterday, against Isaac Frost and John Brown, for surety of the peace. Fisher states that he is employed at a livery stable in the Ninth ward, Frost and Brown being also employed at the same establishment. Yesterday they had some little misunderstanding, when Frost, according to the allegations, become wonderfully excited and was exceedingly profane in his threats against Fisher, who had incurred his displeasure. Fisher also, by some unfortunate act, had aroused the ire of Brown, who seized upon an iron bolt and threatened to demolish his opponent, a threat which might have been carried into execution had not the intended victim, with remarkable presence of mind, bolted from the vicinity. It is supposed by a number of people of the present day that "John Brown's body lies mouldering in the tomb," but the energetic action said to have been performed by Mr. Brown, in the present case, is rather damaging to this popular theory. This question, however, was not considered by the practical magistrate, who issued warrants for the arrest of the accused parties.

### Thrilling Runaway and Smashup—Several Persons Seriously Injured.

A runaway accident, thrilling in its nature and very serious in its consequences, occurred in Allegheny about nine o'clock Tuesday evening, the victims being Mr. John Davidson, who resides on Washington street, Third ward, Allegheny, and several inmates of his household. It seems that Mr. Davidson had been making a visit to his father-in-law, Mr. John Burgess, residing just outside the city limits, on the Perrysville plank road, and started homeward in a barouche, shortly after eight o'clock, accompanied by his wife, child and two sisters.

In order to shorten the distance the old Franklin road was taken and while the party were slowly descending the hill the "backing strap" of the harness gave way, thus allowing the vehicle to strike the horse. The animal immediately became unmanageable and started off on a gallop down the hill. As soon as the horse started Miss Jane Davidson, who was seated in the front part of the barouche beside her brother, jumped out, but in doing so her head came in contact with a pile of stones at the road side, rendering her insensible and inflicting injuries which, it is feared, will prove fatal. The affrighted animal continued on his course until the toll gate at the foot of the declivity was reached, when the vehicle struck the gate post and was literally shivered to pieces, the remaining occupants being pitched out with violence to the ground. Miraculously as it seemed, Mrs. Davidson, the babe and Miss Bessie Davidson escaped with a few very slight bruises, but Mr. Davidson was quite severely injured, having one arm broken in two places and being painfully bruised about the head and on different parts of the body. The noise created by the vehicle in striking the gate post attracted the attention of persons living in the vicinity, who turned out and rendered every possible assistance to the sufferers. Mr. Davidson was taken into the house of Mr. Richard McCaffrey, near by, to which, in a short time after, Miss Jane Davidson was brought, in an insensible condition and bleeding profusely. By this time Drs. Hamilton and Trevor, who had been summoned, arrived, and upon examination discovered that Miss Davidson's jaw-bone had been broken in three places and the bridge of her nose crushed in. There were also several severe gashes in her head. The wounds of the injured parties received the proper medical attention, after which they were conveyed to their residences, on Washington street. The physicians in attendance have but slight hopes of the recovery of Miss Davidson. We learned last night that she had been getting worse during the day, was unable to speak, and seemed to be suffering intense pain. Mr. Davidson's condition exhibited favorable symptoms, and with care he will recover, there being nothing of his injuries but the broken arm, which is serious.

The escape of the party from a terrible death seems like a miracle.

### Real Estate Transfers.

The following deeds were filed of record before H. Snively, Esq., Recorder, January 27, 1869:

Conrad Freund to Andreas Freund, January 25, 1869; lot on Caroline street, East Birmingham, 20 by 50 feet.....$1,700

Geo. Long to John Goehring, Jan. 15 1869; lot on Jane street, East Birmingham, 24 by 120 feet.....$1,100

Adam Reineman to Peter Roth, Jan. 5, 1869; lot on Troy Hill, Allegheny, No. 82 Reineman's plan, 23 by 100 feet.....$250

Mary O. Phillips to Conrad Freund, July 8, 1868; lot on Caroline street, East Birmingham 20 by 55 feet.....$650

Charles Buckley to A. Bailie, September 7, 1868; lot on Craig street, Allegheny, 20 by 55 feet.....$500

D. Lutz to Jacob Hauer, December 11, 1868; lot No. 15 in Robinson's plan, Reserve township, 25 by 120 feet.....$1,000

Thos. Cocaine to Mary Cocaine, July 22, 1867; lots No. 50 and 52, Irwin's plan, Seventh ward, Pittsburgh, on Duncan street, 40 by 78 feet.....$600

Simon Hoffman to Peter Flaus, December 19, 1868; lot on Pennsylvania avenue, Lower St. Clair township, 91 by 214 feet.....$650

James C. Hull to John Owings, January 26, '69; lot at corner of Ringold and St. Clair streets, McKeesport, 61 by 162 feet.....$2,000

Thomas Mellon to W. H. Green, January 22, '69; lot on Ridge street, Twenty-first ward, Pittsburgh, 80 by 100 feet.....$125

James Newell to Jacob Sire, January 23, 1869; lot on Polo Alley street, Second ward, Allegheny, 25 by 110 feet, with buildings.....$6,000

Wm. H. Good to Sarah J. McEwen, July 8, 1868; lot No. 13, Baum's plan, Shady lane, Twenty-first ward, 56 by 190 feet.....$225

Mary Howe, admin'x, to D. Lutz, December 1, 1868; lot No. 15 in Robinson's plan, Reserve township.....$1,000

C. H. Lorenz to Anna Gesner, January 25, 1869; lots Nos. 67 and 68 in Love's plan, Chartiers township, on Elizabeth avenue, 50 by 100 feet.....$250

John Voegtly to Joseph Thomas, December 14, 1868; lot No. 2 in Voegtly's plan, Reserve township, 25 by 100 feet.....$325

MORTGAGES.

Same day twenty mortgages were filed.

### Larceny by Bailee.

Annie Robinson made information before the Mayor yesterday charging Henry Goldstein with larceny by bailee. It appears that the prosecutrix, in company with another woman, in order to set up housekeeping, purchased furniture amounting to over two hundred dollars, for which the defendant either paid for or became responsible, agreeing with the "girls" to receive his pay in installments in the way of accommodation. The women recently, after having paid for the goods, concluded to close the house, and left the goods in charge of the defendant for safe keeping, and the prosecutrix now alleges that the defendant has disposed of the goods and appropriated the proceeds to his own use. He was arrested and after a hearing was held in the sum of $1,500 bail for his appearance at Court.

### Arrested and Discharged.

The two boys who robbed the money drawer of a grocery store on Jackson street, Allegheny, were arrested yesterday morning and brought to the Mayor's office. They were each about twelve years of age, and gave their names as Minehart and Graham. When arrested a small single barreled pistol, loaded and capped, was taken from Minehart, who endeavored to conceal the weapon from the officer. They made a confession of their guilt in stealing the money, and said they had spent it all, which was undoubtedly the truth, as none was found in their possession. After remaining in the lockup until evening, the parents of each came round and refunded the stolen money, and as the grocery keeper declined to prosecute they were accordingly discharged.

### A Needed Improvement.

Mr. Thomas Megraw, Street Commissioner of Allegheny, has set a number of men at work to construct a board walk for pedestrians from the Troy Hill road to Bridge street, in the Eighth ward. The thoroughfare in this locality has been almost impassable for some time, and the property holders along the line being unwilling to make the improvement, the Street Commissioner has taken the matter in hand and will, we are informed, assess the expense upon the property abutting on the line of the work. When finished it will be quite a convenience to travelers that way, and we should think no owner of real estate in the neighborhood would object to paying the assessment when the benefits of the improvement are seen.

### Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—The Opera House was last evening filled with an unusually large audience. The Leffingwells, whose burlesque entertainments, since their engagement in this city, have created such a sensation, appeared in "Frau Diavoli" and "Medea." The Leffingwell as "Beppo the Ferocious," is unapproachable. To-night, we will have a repetition of "Cinderella" with Leffingwell as the "Gushing Clorinda."

Monday night the Worrell Sisters, whose wonderful versatility of talent, in connection with the rarest and most attractive manner have placed them at the head of their profession, will appear, when the public may expect a rich feast of burlesque.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE—In addition to the excellent varieties company now occupying the boards at the Pittsburgh Theatre, M'lle Cotellier and her brother, the most wonderful and fearless performers on the flying trapeze in this country, nightly appear in their exhibitions of strength and daring. Their feats are really wonderful, and elicit the greatest admiration from the audience. A new bill will be presented to-night.

AMERICAN THEATRE.—The amusement loving portion of our community, we are pleased to see, are evincing their appreciation of Mr. W. C. Smythe's management of the American Theatre, formerly Trimble's Varieties, by liberally patronizing the establishment. Mr. S. has been eminently successful in the selection of his company, and his entertainments are spicy in the extreme, and are composed of something new and attractive throughout, so that those in search of fun cannot fail to find it if they go to Smythe's Theatre.

TRINITY CHURCH FESTIVAL.—The annual Missionary Festival now being held in the Sunday School room connected with Trinity Church, Sixth avenue, is an attractive place to spend an hour or two, and at the same time aid in the advancement of a charitable object. Some of the articles of fancy needle work for sale are curiosities, in their way, while all are more or less useful as well as ornamental. Refreshments can be obtained at any time, and noon luncheon and supper is served each day. As this is the last day of its continuance we hope to see the entertainment well attended.

CHARITY FAIR.—The attendance at the fair last night was much larger than that of the previous evening. The voting for the Alderman's chair at the Charity Club table was quite spirited, Alderman Butler leading slightly. The departments are all full and complete, and the work of ornamentation has been finished. The fair room in itself is worthy a visit, as it is a perfect Garden of Eden.

MUSEUM.—The educated pig continues to entertain visitors to Burnell's Museum by exhibitions of his wonderful attainments, and astonishes all who witness him by the amount of knowledge he appears to possess. There are numerous other attractions at the Museum, all of which will prove interesting to the visitor.

THE MANSFIELD FAIR is being well patronized. Trains on the Panhandle route run to suit visitors. The attractions are many and the object good.

### The Proposed New Offices.

A correspondent of the *Chronicle* makes a few suggestions relative to the location of the new county offices for the Recorder, Register, &c, which we think worthy of attention. He says:

My opinion is that the improvement is necessary, and the only question is to decide how to do it. I would suggest that the building be a three story, running parallel with Fifth avenue, and the ground floor offices on a level with the pavement of the street. The second story would then be on a level with the different courts of law, and would be easy of access for the lawyers practising therein, and would be very suitable for a Law Library. The third story would be then well adapted for the Supreme Court Room, and would be only one flight of stairs from the Court House floor. The offices would be easy of access to the public, and could be connected with the present fire proof offices by stairs from the rear, and a bridge from the Supreme Court room, to connect with the rotunda. This plan would improve the appearance of Fifth avenue. Dispensing with that blank wall, it would obstruct the view of the cell windows, and be a great convenience to the aged who have business with county offices, and would complete the business chain of buildings between Grant street and the extension.

### Marvin's Crackers.

The extensive and well managed steam cracker bakery of Mr. S. S. Marvin, No. 91 Liberty street, has succeeded in monopolizing a vast share of trade which daily grows larger. The utmost care has ever been taken to sustain, in the quality of crackers supplied dealers and consumers, the high reputation which the baker enjoys, and it is conceded on all sides that no better articles in the line are manufactured in the country than those of this Pittsburgh house. The very purest and best of materials are used, and much regard is paid to cleanliness, the various departments of the bakery being models of neatness. The house manufactures all kinds of crackers, spices, jumbles, snaps, &c., and sells either wholesale or retail at very reasonable prices. Those of our readers who have not yet tried Marvin's Crackers should favor the establishment with a visit, and satisfy themselves of its superior claims for patronage.

**Calisaya Bark.**—It is said that Messrs. Drake & Co., (proprietors of the PLANTATION BITTERS,) are the largest importers of Calisaya Bark in the country, and that, with the exception of an occasional sale, all they import is used in the compounding of their celebrated PLANTATION BITTERS—to which they undoubtedly are indebted for their wonderful health-restoring properties. As a Tonic and Appetizer they are not surpassed, and we cheerfully recommend them. All first-class Druggists keep them for sale.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price. TH.S.T.F.

**If you want to buy a Home** get the *Pittsburgh Real Estate Register*. It is given away *gratis*, or sent *free* to any address. Croft & Phillips, Publishers, Real Estate Agents and Brokers, No. 139 Fourth avenue. 2w

**Valentines** in great variety, wholesale and retail, at Eastern prices, at Col. J. D. Egan's, 41 Sixth avenue, near Smithfield street.

**Good Cooking** and Dessert Raisins, at the lowest market prices, at 112 Federal street, Allegheny. 28:4t.

**Superior Spiced Jumbles**, manufactured by MARVIN, No. 91 Liberty street. For sale by all grocers. 27:2w.

**Good Canned Tomatoes**, at the lowest price, at 112 Federal street, Allegheny. 28:4t.

**Burke's Gallery**, 69 Fifth avenue.

**Burke's Gallery**, 69 Fifth Avenue.

**Rare and valuable** second-hand Books at half price. Call and see them at Col. J. D. Egan's, 41 Sixth avenue, near Smithfield street.

**Superior Spiced Jumbles**, manufactured by MARVIN, No. 91 Liberty street. For sale by all grocers. 27:2w.

**Good Prunes and Currants**, at the very lowest prices, at 112 Federal street, Allegheny. 28:4t.

**Stationery** of all kinds, Toy Books in great variety, wholesale and retail, at Col. J. D. Egan's, 41 Sixth avenue, near Smithfield street.

**Superior Spiced Jumbles**, manufactured by MARVIN, No. 91 Liberty street. For sale by all grocers. 27:2w.

**Good Canned Peaches**, at the lowest market price, at 112 Federal street, Allegheny. 28:4t.

**The place to get** White Lime, Calcined Plaster, Hydraulic Cement, is at Ecker & Caskey's, 13 Smithfield street.

**Superior Spiced Jumbles**, manufactured by MARVIN, No 91 Liberty street. For sale by all grocers. 27:2w.

**Second-hand Books**, Novels, Magazines, &c., bought for cash, at Col. J. D. Egan's, 41 Sixth avenue, near Smithfield street.

**Good Dates**, Figs, Citron and Prunellos, at the lowest market prices, at 112 Federal street, Allegheny. 28:4t.

**Go to Burke's Gallery**, Dispatch building, doors from Postoffice.

**Get your Pictures** at Burke's.

### DIED:

IRWIN.—In Nashville, Tennessee, on December 29th, Mrs. ORZILLA IRWIN, wife of Geo. W. Irwin, formerly of this city.

McILWAIN.—On January 15th, 1869, at his residence, Evansburg, Butler county, Pa., Mr. JOSEPH McILWAIN, aged 56 years, 6 months and 10 days.

ATTERBURY.—Wednesday morning, January 27th, THOMAS BAKEWELL, son of J. S. and Eliza B. Atterbury, aged 7 years and 3 months.

Funeral THIS AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock, from the residence of his parents, No. 23 Ross street. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

GANTZ—At New Brighton, Pa., on Sunday, January 24th, CELICIA, wife of Martin Gantz, aged 44 years.

IRWIN.—On Tuesday, January 26th, at Philadelphia, ANNA EWALT, wife of George W. Irwin.

Funeral will take place from the residence of Richard Hays, Esq., 148 Penn street, at 2½ o'clock, THIS AFTERNOON, 28th inst. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

RAPP.—Wednesday morning, at 2 o'clock, WILLIAM RAPP, in the 67th year of his age.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, in West Elizabeth, TO-DAY, at 2 o'clock P. M. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.


### UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriages furnished.

REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D.D., Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob H. Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEEBLES, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $4 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

ROBT. T. RODNEY, UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER, No. 45 OHIO STREET, Allegheny, keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of ready-made Coffins of the following kinds: First, the celebrated American Burial Cases, Metallic Self-sealing Air-tight Cases and Caskets, and Rosewood, Walnut and Rosewood Imitation Coffins. Walnut Coffins from $25 upwards. Rosewood Imitation Coffins from $15 upwards, and no pains will be spared to give entire satisfaction. Crape and Gloves furnished free of charge. Best Hearses and Carriages furnished on short notice. Carriages furnished to funerals at $4.

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FOR A STYLISH WALKING COAT,
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For all the latest styles cut clothes, made of the best material, and by first-class workmen, and at prices surprisingly low, go to the well known Merchant Tailor,
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NO. 50 ST. CLAIR STREET, now Sixth.
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THOS. F. DALE, M. D.....B. S. SUTTON, M. D.
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Office, No. 19 STOCKTON AVENUE, Allegheny City. THOS. F. DALE, M. D., R. S. SUTTON, M. D.
no13:a13